**Bombay Gazette,**
ELECTRIC PRINTING WORKS,
No. 2, Green Street, Fort, Bombay.

Newspaper, Book, Job and Fancy Printing of every description executed in the best style. Estimates forwarded on application.

# THE Bombay Gazette.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

NESTLÉ'S CONDENSED MILK
RICHEST IN CREAM
UNTOUCHED BY HAND.

No. 55,053—New Series. BOMBAY:—TUESDAY, JUNE 7, 1910. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

## SHIPPING.

### PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

| Date of Sailing. 8-30 P.M. | Steamer. | Tons. | Connecting at Aden with | Tons. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 11th June | SALSETTE | 6000 | CHINA | 7912 |
| 18th ,, | HIMALAYA | 6898 | ... | ... |
| 25th ,, | DEVANHA | 8092 | PERSIA | 7951 |
| 2nd July | OCEANA | 6610 | ... | ... |
| 9th ,, | SALSETTE | 6000 | MALWA | 10883 |
| 16th ,, | ARABIA | 7903 | ... | ... |
| 23rd ,, | SALSETTE | 6000 | MACEDONIA. | 10512 |
| 30th ,, | CALEDONIA | 7558 | ... | ... |
| 6th August | SALSETTE | 6000 | MOLDAVIA | 9500 |
| 13th ,, | EGYPT | 7912 | ... | ... |
| 20th ,, | SALSETTE | 6000 | MONGOLIA | 9505 |
| 27th ,, | HIMALAYA | 6898 | ... | — |

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the CARNAC BUNDER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, the day previous to sailing and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 a.m., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with port of destination.

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place at 1 P. M., for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's Tenders. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

### TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay, fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Co.

### THE ELLERMAN LINES OF STEAMERS.

(CITY AND HALL LINES).

Approximate Sailings from Bombay and Karachi, for Marseilles, Liverpool, etc.

| Steamers. | Tons. | Leave Bombay, 1910. | Leave Karachi, 1910. |
|---|---|---|---|
| C. City of Benares | [illegible] | ... | June 18 |
| B. Merton Hall | 6700 | ... | June 25 |
| B. Newby Hall | 7500 | June 22 | ... |
| C. City of Glasgow | 9500 | ... | July 20 |
| C. City of Calcutta | 11000 | ... | July 30 |
| C. City of Manchester | 8900 | ... | August 11 |

A. 1st Class Passenger Steamers fitted throughout with Electric Light and Fans, and carrying both Surgeon and Stewardess.

B. Cargo Boats carrying neither Surgeon nor Stewardess having accommodation for 2—12 passengers.

C. Steamers which have both First and Second Class accommodation.

No extra charge for Express Service or two Berthed Cabins.

Electric Fans free.

Concession granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of Steamer provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

### OUTWARD AUTUMN SAILINGS, 1910.

In conjunction with the Homeward 1910 sailings for those desirous of returning in 6, 8, and 9 months, etc.

| Steamers. | Tons. | Leave Liverpool. | Due Bombay. |
|---|---|---|---|
| *C. City of Calcutta | 11000 | June 18th | July 11 |
| *C. City of Manchester. | 8900 | ,, 29 | ,, 23 |
| *B. City of Lucknow | 5900 | July 30 | Aug. 26 |
| *C. City of York | 11000 | Aug. 22 | Sept. 13 |
| ‡C. City of Glasgow | 9500 | Sept. 17 | Octr. 10 |
| *C. City of Calcutta | 11000 | ,, 22 | ,, 15 |
| ‡C. City of London | 11000 | Octr. 17 | Nov. 6 |
| *A. Trafford Hall | 8000 | ,, 26 | ,, 19 |

* Calling at Naples. ‡ Calling at Marseilles.

### JOINT SERVICE.

In connection with NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN TO MARSEILLES, NAPLES, GENOA, ANTWERP, HAMBURG & BREMEN.

Through rates of passage money may be obtained. For passages and full particulars apply to—

Bombay:—Messrs. Ed. Bates & Sons Agency.

Messrs. KILLICK NIXON & Co., Agents.

Karachi.—Messrs. Forbes, Forbes Campbell & Co., Ltd.

### DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE.

(GERMAN EAST AFRIKA LINE)

Regular Fortnightly service from BOMBAY to DURBAN via ZANZIBAR.

THE following steamers will SAIL:—

| Steamer. | Tons. | Capt. | To Sail about 1910. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Kanzler | 3,000 | Ulrich | 7th June |
| a Somali | 2,700 | Greiwe | 21st ,, |
| b Markgraf | 3,680 | Timm | 9th July. |
| a Paesident | 3,310 | Jacobsen | 19th ,, |

Taking passengers and cargo for LAMOO, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN and PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS and DURBAN.

a Will carry also cargo and passengers for Cape Ports.

b Will call at Seychelles.

For Rates and Particulars apply to—

A. STRANDES & Co.,
Agents.

24, Medow Street, Bombay, 30th May, 1910.

### NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum credit, or Rs. 30 in advance, post free.

## SHIPPING.

### BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

**FOR KARACHI. (Direct.)**

Weekly from Victoria Dock No. 14 Shed.

| Steamers. | Tons. | Sailing Date. | Time. |
|---|---|---|---|
| DWARKA | 1,695 | Thur. 9th June | 9 a.m. |
| DUMRA | 1,695 | Fri. 10th June | 6 a. m.† |

† Or later on arrival of English mail steamer.

**FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).**

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,695 tons, on Thursday, 9th June, calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

**FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).**

S. S. "BULIMBA," 2,510 tons, on Monday, 13th June calling at Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire and Koweit.

**FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.**

S. S. "LALPOORA," 3,269 tons, sailing on or about the 7th June.

**FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).**

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, Bombay.

6th June, 1910.

### HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

## GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.

| | |
|---|---|
| PASSAGES TO EUROPE | Booked by all Lines. Continental Railway Tickets procured. |
| PASSAGES VIA JAPAN AND AMERICA | Booked by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental, and Pacific Mail Routes. |
| BERTHS | Carefully selected. |
| HANDBOOK | With full particulars, sent gratis on application. |
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| CIRCULAR NOTES | Bank Notes, Drafts, and Sovereigns at Current Rates. |

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### AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT

**ACCELERATED LINE TO TRIESTE.**

| Steamers. | Tons. | Captains. | To sail on. |
|---|---|---|---|
| TRIESTE | 5095 | S. Cliunack | 1st July |
| AFRICA | 4719 | E. Seberich | 1st August |
| KOERBER | 5423 | A. Foresti | 1st Sept. |
| AFRICA | 4719 | E. Seberich | 1st October |
| KOERBER | 5423 | A. Foresti | 1st November |
| BOHEMIA | 4281 | G. Gillhuber | 16th ,, |
| AFRICA | 4719 | E. Seberich | 1st December |
| BREGENZ | 3894 | A. de Petris | 16th ,, |

**ORDINARY LINE via KARACHI.**

| Steamers. | Tons. | Captains. | To sail about. |
|---|---|---|---|
| CHINA | 6017 | G. Bergugliau | 28th June |
| F. FERDINAND | 6046 | B. Cobol | 28th July |
| CHINA | 6017 | G. Bergugliau | 29th December |

**SPECIAL REDUCED FARES.**

**ACCELERATED LINE.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Single Class to Trieste or Venice | Rs. 450 & 500* | | |
| Single Class to Trieste or Venice and back | ,, | 675 | 750* |
| Single Class to London | ,, | 545 | ,, 685* |
| Single Class to London and back | ,, | 865 | ,, 1020* |
| Intermediate Class to Trieste or Venice | | 350 | |
| Intermediate Class to Trieste or Venice and back | ,, | 525 | |
| Intermediate Class to London | ,, | 445 | |
| Intermediate Class to London and back | ,, | 715 | |

* Fares according to position of cabin and class of Railway.

**ORDINARY LINE.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Single Class to Trieste or Venice | Rs. | 450 |
| Single Class to Trieste or Venice and back | ,, | 675 |
| Single Class to London | ,, | 545 to 585* |
| Single Class to London and back | ,, | 865 to 945* |

* Fares according to class of Railway.

RETURN TICKETS available for TWO YEARS ELECTRIC FANS AND LIGHTS are fitted in all the cabins free of charge.

**THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.**

Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards, Tauren and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles, or Navigazione Generale Italiana from Genoa or Naples to Bombay, or by North German Lloyd from Genoa to Colombo, or vice versa.

**STEAMER TO JAPAN via COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKNOG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.**

| Steamer | Captain | Tons | To sail about |
|---|---|---|---|
| SILESIA | R. Radosleich | 5159 | 24th June 1910. |

For further information regarding passages apply to

W. DENSO,
Agent, Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Co., Bombay.

## BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO for NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, or BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
TURNER, MORRISON & Co.,
Agents.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION, revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 32nds from 1s. 3½d. to 1s. 4 3/32d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values—Due Dates. Price Rs. 3. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

## SHIPPING

### COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES, FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

**TO MARSEILLES.**

| Vessels. | Tons. | Captains | To Sail on THURSDAY |
|---|---|---|---|
| NERA | 5,538 | Martin | 9th June 1910. |
| CALEDONIEN | 4,130 | Lafont | 7th July ,, |
| DUMBEA | 5,685 | Rebufat | 4th Augt ,, |
| SYDNEY | 4,118 | Magnen | 1st Sept. ,, |
| POLYNESIEN | 4,363 | X [illegible] | 29th Sept. ,, |
| NERA | 5,538 | Martin | [illegible] Oct. ,, |
| CALEDONIEN | 4,130 | Lafont | 24th Nov. ,, |

**INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.**

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

**TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.**

| Vessels. | Tons. | Captains: | To Sail on or about |
|---|---|---|---|
| SYDNEY | 4,118 | Magnen | 17th June 1910. |
| POLYNESIEN | 6363 | ... | 15th July 1910. |

For further particulars apply to—

G. CHANDIZE,
Albert Building, Hornby Road. Agent.

## BANKS.

### THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

CAPITAL PAID-UP ......... Yen 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS ......... ,, 16,250,000

HEAD OFFICE :—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT :—

Antung-Hsien
Changchung
Dairon (Dairy)
Hankow
Honolulu
Hongkong
Kobe
London
Liaoyang
Lyons
Fengtien Mukden
Nagasaki
Newchwang
New York
Osaka
Ryojun Port Arthur
Peking
San Francisco
Shanghai
Tiehling
Tientsin
Tokyo

LONDON BANKER :—

The Bank of England; The London Joint Stock Bank Ld.; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Ld., The Parr's Bank, Ld.

BOMBAY BRANCH :—

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT.
FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application.
CREDITS granted on approved securities, and every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

K. KODAMA.
Manager,

BOMBAY OFFICE—
Albert Buildings
Hornby Road Fort Bombay

### NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... £ 1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL......... £ 800,000
RESERVE FUND........... £ 800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
17, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON.

BRANCHES :

Calcutta,
Bombay,
Madras,
Karachi,
Lahore
Amritsar,
Delhi,
Cawnpore
Tuticorin,
Chittagong,
Cochin,
Rangoon,
Mandalay,
Colombo,
Kandy
Newera-Eliya.
Aden (Camp.)
Aden, (Steamer Point)
Zanzibar,
Mombasa,
Nairobi,
Entebbe,

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realizing Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141. J. BLACK,
BOMBAY. Ag. Manager.

### THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS' BANK, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
MOTILAL MANSIONS, Apollo St., BOMBAY

BRANCHES :
Mumbadevi, Ahmedabad, Karachee, Calcutta and Rangoon.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL
Rs. 1,00,00,000

**CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.**

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 5 per half year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK. Interest allowed 4 per cent. Rules on application.

**FIXED DEPOSITS.**

Amount for 12 months are received at 5 per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

**LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.**

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents, the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

JAINARAYAN HINDUMAL DANI,
Managing Director.

## YOUR CASKET OF JEWELS

Is not complete without a few well-chosen pieces of

## CORAL JEWELLERY.

If you have never seen GOOD CORAL of fine waxen smoothness and an excellent polished surface, imparting brightness and lustre and possessing the most beautiful shade of pink, you have the opportunity now of inspecting a unique collection of precious selected specimens.

OUR

**PEAR-SHAPED CORAL DROPS**

Mounted as earrings with just a tiny diamond over each at a cost of

Rs. 85 per pair

(Or more if you desire extra important diamonds) would make worthy and acceptable gifts.

## MARCKS & CO., LTD.,

Jewellers and Silversmiths by Appointment to His Excellency the Earl of Minto, G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E., Viceroy and Governor-General of India,

BOMBAY & POONA.

## REDUCED PRICES. (Offer No. 2.)

OPEN FROM 1st to 15th JUNE.

### OAKES & CO.'S CIGARS.

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Gymkhanas ... ... | per | 50 | 5 | 8 | Anglo Indian No. 1 ... | per | 100 | 3 | 8 |
| Empires ... ... | ,, | 50 | 4 | 4 | Anglo Indian No. 2 ... | ,, | 100 | 3 | 4 |
| Golcondas No. 1 ... | ,, | 50 | 3 | 4 | Vishnus Longs ... | ,, | 100 | 3 | 8 |
| Supers, No. 1 ... ... | ,, | 50 | 2 | 4 | Vishnus Shorts ... | ,, | 100 | 2 | 8 |
| Supers, No. 2 ... ... | ,, | 50 | 2 | 2 | Oriental Cheroots ... | ,, | 100 | 3 | 0 |
| Supers, No. 2 ... ... | ,, | 100 | 4 | 0 | Little Indians ... ... | ,, | 50 | 1 | 6 |
| Bahadur Bouquets, No. 1 | ,, | 50 | 3 | 0 | Kimberlies ... ... | ,, | 50 | 3 | 0 |

As the above are in limited quantity only and as we are anxious to see that our regular Customers receive the full benefit we reserve the right of not supplying at all if the orders received appear to us as NOT Bona-fide.

N. B.—TRADE WILL NOT BE SUPPLIED.

Upcountry orders by V. P. Post or Rail.

CIGAR MERCHANTS. **D. MERWAN & Co.,** MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

## BANKS.

### THE BANK OF BURMA, LD.

Subscribed Capital.............. Rs. 20,00,000
Paid up Capital ................. ,, 17,62,509
Reserve Fund .................... ,, 2,00,000

LONDON BANKERS—PARR'S BANK, Ld., and WILLIAM DEACON & Co., Ld.

Agents and Correspondents throughout India, HEAD OFFICE—RANGOON.

BRANCHES :—CALCUTTA, MADRAS and BOMBAY

CURRENT ACCOUNTS may be opened with Rs. 150 and upwards and interest at 2½ per cent. per annum will be allowed upon daily balances upto Rs. 10,000, provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 3 Half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received as follows:—For 1 year at 6 per cent. For 6 and 9 months at 5 per cent. per annum. Special rates for Shorter periods.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT FUND.—Sums as small as Rs. 10 are received in this account and interest allowed thereon at 5 per cent. per annum subject to the Rules of the Fund which may be obtained on application. Cheques on any Town in India, and Currency Notes of any circle received free of Charge in Fixed and Savings Bank Deposit Accounts.

Purchase and Sale of Stock effected and every description of banking business transacted.

F. D. STRANACK,
Manager

Standard Buildings, Bombay, Sept. 1908.

### THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE :
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ...Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP ... ,, 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND......... ,, 1,75,000

**DIRECTORS :**

The Hon'ble SIR SASSOON DAVID Kt., Chairman (Messrs. Sassoon J. David and Co., Bombay.)
SIR COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Bart., (Messrs. J. Cowasjee Jehangir and Co.)
THE HON'BLE MR. H. R. GREAVES, (of Messrs. Greaves, Cotton & Co.)
RATANJI DADABHOY TATA, Esq. (of Messrs Tata Sons & Co.)
GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq. (Messrs. Khattau Makanjee and Co., Bombay).
The Hon'ble Mr. LALUBHAI SAMALDAS (Bhownuggur.)
KHETSEY KHAISEY, Esq., (Messrs. Heerjee Khetsey and Co., Bombay.)
RAMNARAIN HURNUNDRAI, Esq., (of the firm of Hurnundrai Ramnarain, Bombay.)
The Hon'ble Mr. IBRAHIM RAHIMTOOLA, C. I. E.
R. BARLOW, Esq. (of Messrs. Symons Barlow & Lang.)

**CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.**

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2¼ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year will be allowed.

**FIXED DEPOSITS**

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

**LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.**

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

J. A. STEWART,
Acting Manager.

### DHANBAID IRON WORKS AGENCY,

2, DALAL STREET, FORT,
BOMBAY.

PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL

BRASS - - - - -
AND - - - - - -
IRON CASTINGS -

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
EXECUTED AT LOWEST RATES.

Orders from Mills, Factories, and Building Contractors, have careful attention with our prompt despatch of goods.

Designs and estimates furnished on application.

### THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY

TRADE THERAPION MARK.

This successful and highly popular remedy, used in the Continental Hospitals by Ricord, Rostan, Jobert, Velpeau and others, combines all the desiderata to be sought in a medicine of the kind, and surpasses everything hitherto employed.

**THERAPION No. 1** in a remarkably short time, often a few days only, removes all discharges, effectually superseding injections, the use of which does irreparable harm by laying the foundation of stricture and other serious diseases. In dysentery, piles, irritation of the lower bowel, cough, bronchitis, asthma, and some of the more trying complaints of this kind, it will be found astonishingly efficacious, affording prompt relief where other well-tried remedies have been powerless.

**THERAPION No. 2** for impurity of blood, scurvy, pimples, spots, blotches, pains and swelling of joints, secondary symptoms, gout, rheumatism, and all diseases for which it has been too much a fashion to employ mercury, sarsaparilla, &c., to the destruction of sufferers' teeth and ruin of health. This preparation purifies the whole system through the blood, and thoroughly eliminates all poisonous matter from the body.

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**THERAPION** is sold by principal Chemists throughout the world. Price in England 2/9 per packet. In ordering, state which of the three numbers required, and observe above Trade Mark, which is a fac-simile of word 'THERAPION' as it appears on British Government Stamp (in white letters on a red ground) affixed to every package by order of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners, and without which it is a forgery.

SOLD BY TREACHER & Co.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

**CLARKE'S B. 41. PILLS.** A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world

## INDIAN PATENT STONE:

FLOORING TILES
REINFORCED AND
SIMPLEX FLOORS,
STEEL STANCHIONS.
CAST AND WROUGHT IRON
COLUMNS & RAILINGS.

## GARLICK & Co.,

CONSTRUCTIONAL ENGINEERS.
JACOB'S CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

## QUININE ELIXIR

(ELIXIR CHINA)

THE best Tonic for the System, containing all the properties of the peruvian bark, aids digestion, and prevents fever attacks; pleasant to the taste. It is recommended to convalescents.

DOSE.—A liqueur glass before or after meals.

OBTAINABLE IN LITRE BOTTLES,

**RS. 5-12**

FROM

MONGINI BROTHERS,
SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA.
25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

## EMPIRE OF INDIA Life Assurance Company, Limited.

Head Office: BOMBAY.

**Last year's business—Rs. 60,00,000.**

INTENDING ASSURERS ARE INVITED TO COMPARE THE RATES AND CONDITIONS OF THE Empire of India Life Office WITH THOSE OF ANY OTHER COMPANY.

Before entering into a Contract for Life Assurance examine the ANNUAL REPORT AND BALANCE SHEET To satisfy yourself of the position of the Company.

THE PREMIUMS are so moderate that, at the usual ages for assurance, Rs. 1,200 or Rs. 1,250 may be secured from the first for a yearly payment which would generally elsewhere assure Rs. 1,000 only—the difference of Rs. 200 or Rs. 250 being equivalent to an immediate and certain Bonus of 20 or 25 per cent.

*Prospectus, Proposal forms and full particulars may be obtained from*

E. F. ALLUM, *General Manager.*

## Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

**Largest Importers of and - Dealers in:—**

Kerosine and Lubricating Oils.
Pratt's Motor Spirit.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine
Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

**Kerosine Oil Brands:—**

Snowflake 150° in cases.
Chester 125° ,, ,,
Monkey 125° ,, ,,
Elephant in tins and bulk.

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### NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

### TO PARENTS.

COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attentions Best Schools near. Terms Moderate. Reference kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd., Bombay, and Mr. R. KENNEDY, 35, Marine Lines, Bombay.

---

FOR PROMOTION of COMPANIES in LONDON or the introduction of Capital for sound Colonial undertakings, communicate with—

**THE VENDING SYNDICATE LIMITED.**

25, OLD BROAD STREET, London, E. C., England.
Telegraphic Address Quindecim, London.
Mc'Neills Code (1908 Edition)
AGENTS WANTED.

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STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK,
MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

| BRAND | Price. Rs. | a. | p. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Snowflake, 150 deg | 6 | 8 | 2 | per case. |
| White Rose, 150 deg | 6 | 8 | 2 | " " |
| Chester, 125 deg | 5 | 0 | 2 | " " |
| Devoe's Brilliant, 125 deg | 4 | 12 | 2 | " " |
| Monkey, 125 deg | 4 | 8 | 2 | " " |
| Elephant, 125 deg | 4 | 3 | 0 | per two tins. |
| " 125 deg. (in Bulk) | 3 | 9 | 0 | per 8 gallons. |

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

All case oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.

Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.

Coorla and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.

Order books supplied gratis on application.

---

## MOTORISTS.

### ARE YOU WORRIED

With exorbitant prices for
ACCESSORIES AND SPARES,
Coupled with indifferent
treatment ?
IF SO, TRY
M. BUTLER & CO.
And you will find that they are not addicted to
FANCY PRICES,
And will give you prompt attention

Call or write for anything you require to

**M. BUTLER & CO.,**
NEAR APOLLO HOTEL.

---

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.,
GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.

CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, for sale and on hire.

FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.

HOUSES FURNISHED with neat Furniture.

---

### HENRY'S GREAT INDIAN REMEDIES.

IT IS WORTH KNOWING FOR TRAVELLERS.

HOMOCEA.—The Great Pain Killer.
THILUM.—A certain cure for Rheumatism Gout, Neuralgia, etc.
HIPPACEA.—The finest ointment in the world for the Horse and other animals
TOMCE.—The one minute cure for all sorts of Toothache, Gumboils, Swollen Gums, etc.
JVARA-HARI.—The greatest fever destroyer in the world.
OMUM CARPOOR—Cures all stomach troubles, indigestion, diarrhœa, flatulence, spasms, etc.

No household and travellers should be without these.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.
SOLE AGENTS,
**CROFT MODY & CO.,**
BOMBAY.

---

## HOTEL WINDSOR,

VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER,
*LONDON, S. W., ENGLAND.*

SPECIAL NOTICE.

ELECTRICALLY lighted throughout day and night. Moderate Tariff. Table d'Hote at Separate Tables, from 6-30 to 8-30 (open to non-residents). Turkish Bath.

INCLUSIVE TERMS FROM 12s. PER DAY.

J. R. CLEAVE,
Proprietor.

---

### SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," Rs. 2-4 per thousand and if printed on flap, Rs. 3-12 per thousand. Samples on application at THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works 2 Green Street Fort.

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## AMUSEMENTS.

### EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH

AT THE
NOVELTY THEATRE
TO-NIGHT AND EVERY NIGHT
THE KING'S FUNERAL
and other subjects.

Last appearance of "LUCIO" in the "Metamorphosis of the Queen of Hearts."

Three shows, times and prices as usual.

## SALES BY AUCTION.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF 214 BALES COTTON.

Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction, THIS DAY, TUESDAY, the 7th June, 1910, at 4 p.m. (S.T.) in the Jetha of The Bombay Co., Ltd. near the Hydraulic Press godown at Colaba, on account of the concerned the following bales of cotton salved from the boat that capsized in the harbour :—
214 Bales cotton.

MENESSE & Co.
Bombay, 7th June, 1910.

---

### THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8. Gold, Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

---

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL. FACING THE SEA. FORT, BOMBAY.

---

### A SAFE REMEDY FOR ALL SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES.

If you suffer from any disease due to the impure state of the Blood, FROM WHATEVER CAUSE ARISING, you should test the value of Clarke's Blood Mixture, the world-famed Blood Purifier and Restorer. This medicine has 40 years reputation, and is to-day more popular than ever: the reason of this being undoubtedly because this wonderful remedy does what it professes to do—IT CURES SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES PERMANENTLY.

**Clarke's Blood Mixture**

IS THE FINEST BLOOD PURIFIER EVER DISCOVERED.

It is warranted to cleanse the blood from all impurities, from whatever cause arising. For

| | |
|---|---|
| SCROFULA, | BAD LEGS, |
| SCURVY, | BLOTCHES, |
| ECZEMA, | SPOTS, |
| BLOOD POISON, | BLACKHEADS, |
| ULCERS, | PIMPLES, |
| SKIN & BLOOD DISEASES, | AND SORES OF ALL KINDS |

it is a safe and Permanent Remedy.

It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.

NOTE This mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, from infancy to old age, and the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of wonderful cures have been effected by it.

TRIED MANY THINGS WITHOUT BENEFIT UNTIL TOOK CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

Mr. F. E. Lewis, 48, Bridge Street Row, Chester writes:—"Just a line in favour of 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' I had eczema for seven months, and tried many things without benefit until I took your remedy. After the eighth bottle I was quite well again. Please accept this letter as a token of gratitude to your wonderful 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.'" —June 18, 1908

IMPURITIES IN THE BLOOD.—"We have seen hosts of letters from all sorts and conditions of people, in which the writers acknowledge the benefit they have received from Clarke's Blood Mixture, which as a curative agent cannot be too highly estimated, since it cleanses and clears the blood from all impurities, and restores it to its normal condition." This is a good testimonial from the *Family Doctor* the popular medical weekly, which goes on further to say: "It is certainly the finest blood purifier that science and skill have brought to light, and we can, with the utmost confidence, recommend it to our subscribers and the public generally."

*Sold by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World.*

ASK FOR . . .
CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE

---

WREXHAM LAGER BEER

ABSOLUTELY PURE AND WHOLESOME.

Sold by—
ARMY & NAVY CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY, LTD., CALCUTTA & BOMBAY
MACDOWELL & CO., MADRAS.
H. J. PAPPE & CO., COLOMBO.
and all leading Stores in India and Burmah.

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## SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid

"CLARESQUE" PLATE POWDER—will make your Silver and Plated Table Ware, look their brightest. Annas 12 per tin. Rs. 8 per doz Instructions for using on every box. We use it ourselves and have had every opportunity of watching its lasting effect for the good of Silver and Plate. MARCKS & Co., Ld., Jewellers, Bombay and Poona.

TO BE LET, from 1st June, large, airy, up to date OFFICES in Wheeler's Building, Hornby Road. Apply A. H. WHEELER & Co., on premises.

MR. N. P. KHARAS writes :—Singer's Sewing Mechines are proved satisfactory in all respects: They are so strong that they can hardly go out to order, and as far as the mechanical excellence is concerned they are best in the World.

WHERE TO STORE YOUR THINGS? With LUARD BARRINGTON and Co., the reliable European Agency for domestic wants, 109, Hornby Road, Bombay.

AUTOMOBILISTS, anxious to possess a reliable, durable, and efficient car, are requested to write or call at THE UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING Co., 14, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

GUARANTEE.—"Giras and Guarantee." A Collection of Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and their Guaranteed Rights. By L. P. Parekh. Rs. 6. Apply Box No. 405, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

FOR SALE.—2 Printing Presses, 2 Cutting Machines and Lithographing Machines, all at very low prices, to make room for other machineries. Apply to this Office.

AN INVITATION—Meals which cost Rs. 2 and Rs. 3 elsewhere, can be got at the RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, for nearly half the rate. Give it a trial and judge for yourselves. Only genuine Wines and Liquors stocked and sold at moderate rates. Brand-new Billiard Tables. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Dinners served till late hours.

SPECIAL OFFER.—COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," Rs. 2-4 per one thousand, and name and address be printed on the flap, Rs. 3-12 per thousand. Samples on application at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Box Leading Cases. By W. E. H., Re. 1. Apply No. 404 care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorous. Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 4, 9, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

DO YOU WANT A FLAT, BUNGALOW or OFFICE? We can suit you at once. Ours is a reliable European Agency.—LUARD BARRINGTON and Co., 109, Hornby Road, Bombay.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial, Business Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c. printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts, Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

"THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street, Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay.

OVERLAND "SUMMARY AND WEEKLY BUDGET."—Published Weekly (on Saturdays) in time for the English Mail. A complete rechauffe of Indian News particularly interesting to Anglo-Indians, retired or on leave. Subscription, inclusive of postage, One Sovereign or Rs. 15 per annum. Back numbers, if available 8 annas each up to 12 months old; over 12 months, an additional rupee for every year

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices:—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 8 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance.

## BOOKS FOR SALE.

ROUND ABOUT BOMBAY.
By James Douglas. Rs. 5.
THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY.
(Bombay to the Bosphorous)
By Grattan Geary (2 Vols.) Rs. 10.
BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.
By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5.
LAYS OF THE LAW,
(A Selection of Leading Cases.)
By W. E. H. Re. 1.
GIRAS AND GUARANTEE.
Being a Compilation of Decisions, etc. on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and other Guaranteed Rights.
By L. P. Parikh. Rs. 6.
Apply "The Bombay Gazette" Office.

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Established over a Century.
GOLD & CO. Birmingham, ENGLAND.
MANUFACTURERS OF PATENT WROUGHT IRON & STEEL HINGES
Telegraphic Address: "HINGES BIRMINGHAM.
Telephone No. 1878.

Specify "GOLD & CO." on all Indents sent through Shippers.

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### COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.
BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI,
MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted,
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.
INSURANCES of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.
A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE :
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W. S.

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### CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

CORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

| | |
|---|---|
| CAPITAL | £1,200,000 |
| RESERVE FUND | £1,600,000 |
| RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS | £1,200 000 |

HEAD OFFICE
1, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN, LONDON, E. C
AGENCIES AND BRANCHES :

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Hamburg | Medan Deli Sumatra) | Foochow |
| Bombay | Singapore | Saigon |
| Karachi | Klang (F. M. States,) | Seremban (F. M States.) |
| Calcutta | Kwala Lumpor (Do.) | Shanghai |
| Madras | Bangkok | Tientsin |
| Rangoon | Batavia | Hankow |
| Colombo | Sourabaya | Yokohama |
| Penang | Manilla | Kobe |
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| Ipoh (Perak). | Hongkong | |

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly,

Amounts above Rs, 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application,

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS—10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—11-30 A.M. to 2 P.M

POST BOX No. 34.
Esplanade Road, Bombay.

J. S. BRUCE,
Acting Agent.

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### HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

| | |
|---|---|
| Paid up Capital | $ 15,000,000 |
| Reserve Liability of Proprietors | $ 15,000,000 |
| Silver Reserve Fund | $ 15,500,000 |
| Gold Reserve Fund | £ 1,500,000 |

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| AMOY | JOHORE, (Malay Peninsula.) | PENANG |
| BANGKOK | KOBE | RANGOON |
| BATAVIA | KUALA LUMPUR (Federated Malay States.) | SAIGON |
| BOMBAY | LONDON | SAN FRANCISCO |
| CALCUTTA | LYONS | SHANGHAI |
| CANTON | MALACCA, | SINGAPORE |
| COLOMBO | MANILA | SOURABAYA |
| FOOCHOW | NAGASAKI | TIENTSIN |
| HAMBURG | NEW YORK | YOKOHAMA |
| HANKOW | PEKING | YLOILO |
| HONGKONG | | |
| IPOH (Federated Malay States.) | | |

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent, per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every discription of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.
CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

---

### THE CREDIT BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE,
Taj Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL
Rs. 1,00,00,000.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 2 per hlf year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK.

Interest allowed at 4 per cent. p. a., rules on applications.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interests thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

O. M. BARNES,
Manager.

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**Nature's Way to Beauty.**

ICILMA FLUOR CREAM, England's premier face-cream, is Nature's way to Beauty and is the only really safe and beneficial face-cream. The wonderful ICILMA NATURAL WATER contained in it is the greatest discovery ever made for the skin, for it stimulates the natural energy of the skin to resist all ill-effects of weather or age. That is why daintily-scented, greaseless

**Icilma Fluor Cream**

protects the skin from the hottest sun or coldest wind. Invaluable for immediately curing chaps, sunburn, insect bites and abrasions and for preventing blueness from cold. Cannot grow hair, requires no powder to hide it and does away with the necessity of dangerous greasy skin foods. For giving lasting clean cool comfort and healthy transparency of skin it has no equal.

"MEN find it particularly soothing after shaving—rubbed in over night it makes the morning shave surprisingly easy."

(*Icilma is pronounced—eye-silma.*)

Of all good Chemists and Stores.
ICILMA CO., Ld., London, E.C., England.

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REMOVE ALL BLOOD IMPURITIES.
BUILD-UP YOUR HEALTH with
**WILKINSON'S**
ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA
**SARSAPARILLA**
"We cannot speak too highly of it."—*Lancet.*
Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most
WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD
The Safest and most Reliable Remedy for TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, RHEUMATISM, OBSTINATE SKIN DISEASES, &c.
RESTORES THE WEAK,
REVIVES THE DEPRESSED
WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA HAS A WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION for over THREE-QUARTERS of a CENTURY.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS AND SUBSTITUTES.

AGENTS :—TREACHER & Co., Limited; PHILLIPS & Co. Limited; KEMP & Co., &c., &c.

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MALARIA, INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE,
Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS. Re. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S CHOLERAL
Is the only remedy for CHOLERA. Re. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S HARETONE
Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour. Rs. 3.

BATLIWALLA'S TONIC PILLS
Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness. Rs. 1-8.

BATLIWALLA'S TOOTH POWDER
scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Mayaphal and Carbolic Acid B. P. As. 4.

BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT
Cures in a day. As. 4 per pot.

SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY
DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA,
WARLI LABORATORY, DADAR, BOMBAY.

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NOW READY PRICE Rs. 3.

THE Bombay Gazette

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(REVISED AND ENLARGED.)

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RUPEES INTO STERLING.

ADVANCING BY 32NDS
FROM
1*s.* 3¾*d.* to 1*s.* 4 23/32*d.*
ALSO
Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal Values—Due Dates.

*SECOND EDITION.*

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE,
2, GREEN STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

1909.

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BY APPOINTMENT TO H.M. THE KING.

TRY IT IN YOUR BATH

**SCRUBB'S AMMONIA**

MARVELLOUS PREPARATION

Refreshing as a Turkish Bath. Invaluable for all Toilet Purposes.
Splendid Cleansing Preparation for the Hair.
Removes Stains and Grease Spots from Clothing, Etc.
Restores the Colour to Carpets.
Allays the Irritation caused by Mosquito Bites.
Invigorating in Hot Climates.
Cleans Plate and Jewellery. Softens Hard Water.
For Sale by all Grocers and Chemists.
SCRUBB & CO., LTD., GUILDFORD STREET, LONDON, S.E.

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**ROWLAND'S MACASSAR OIL**

FOR THE HAIR.
110 YEARS SUCCESS.

Preserves, Restores, Nourishes it more effectually than any other preparation; Prevents Greyness, Cures Scurf; Promotes a luxuriant Growth of Hair; Invaluable for children's Hair; GOLDEN COLOUR for fair or grey Hair, Sizes, 3s. 6d., 7s. 0d., 10s. 6d., sold by Stores, Chemists, Hairdressers and ROWLAND'S, 67, HATTON GARDEN, LONDON.

Without the use of this valuable preparation the Hair becomes Dry, Harsh, Thin and Brittle; no other preparation produces such a Beautiful and Dressy appearance of the Hair.

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### THE ORIENTAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1874.

FUNDS OVER RS. 3,50,00,000
INVESTED IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
LOW PREMIUMS.
GENEROUS CONDITIONS.
PROMPT PAYMENT OF CLAIMS.
ECONOMICAL MANAGEMENT.

For Prospectus, containing all particulars, apply to
H. G. W. MEIKLE, F.F.A.,
ACTING MANAGER, BOMBAY.

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THE DEMAND FOR "STANDARD" POLICIES.

EVERY YEAR, since 1865 the NEW BUSINESS has exceeded £1,000,000. Sums Assured PER ANNUM, a result maintained uninterruptedly for so long a period by NO OTHER BRITISH OFFICE.

| | |
|---|---|
| CLAIMS PAID | £27,750,000 |
| ACCUMULATED FUNDS | £12,500,000 |
| ANNUAL REVENUE | £ 1,500,000 |

NEW SCHEMES.

DOUBLE ENDOWMENTS.—At Home Rates giving a Bonus of 100 per cent. on survival.

CHILDREN'S ENDOWMENTS.—Payable at any age from 14 to 21 with return of all premiums in event of death.

For full information apply to

F. A. PREVOST,
Secretary,
Bombay Branch.

BINNY & Co., Ld.,
Chief Agents, Madras.

## WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &C.

### HAIG & HAIG

XXX WHISKY
(Distillers since 1679)
Renowned for its pure quality and pleasant mellow flavour.
Insist upon having the original brand
To be had of
Messrs. D. C. OOMRIGAR & Co., D.D. BARIA, and other Wine Merchants
or,
ALDRIDGE SALMON & Co., Limited, BOMBAY.

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JOHN JAMESON'S THREE STAR WHISKEY
PURE POT STILL. Famous for 100 YEARS.
JOHN JAMESON and SON, LIMITED, DUBLIN.
Distillers to H.M. the King.

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BANK OF BOMBAY.
SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms :—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

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### THE BOMBAY GAZETTE

TOWN SUBSCRIBERS.

| | Subscription. Rate. | Discount Rate. |
|---|---|---|
| Yearly | Rs. 25 0 | Rs. 20 0 |
| Half-yearly | " 13 12 | " 11 0 |
| Quarterly | " 7 8 | " 6 0 |
| Monthly | " 2 8 | " 2 0 |

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS.

| | Subscription. Rate. | Discount Rate. |
|---|---|---|
| Yearly | Rs. 37 8 | Rs. 30 0 |
| Half-yearly | " 20 0 | " 16 0 |
| Quarterly | " 10 10 | " 8 8 |
| Monthly | " 3 12 | " 3 0 |

SINGLE COPY... ... ONE ANNA.

* For rates of old Issues of the "Bombay Gazette," See Special Short Advertisements Column.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

For Advertisements of two or three lines, relating to such matters as Small Sales; Business Cards, Situations, Wanted Servants, Houses, or Lodgings Required; Change of Residence and Articles Lost or Found, the scale is as follows :—

| | |
|---|---|
| Not exceeding three lines | Re. 1-0 |
| Each succeeding line | " 0-8 |

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than One Rupee, and Payment must in all cases be made in Cash

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| First Insertion | Rs. 6-0 | Per Inch. |
| Second Insertion | " 3-8 | do. |
| Third Insertion | " 3-0 | do. |
| Fourth Insertion | " 2-8 | do. |
| Fifth and upwards | " 2-0 | do. |
| Minimum charge | " 6-0 | do. |

In the Native Languages double the above rates,

For Advertisements, which are to be inserted for length of time special contracts are made,

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE
OVERLAND SUMMARY
AND WEEKLY BUDGET.

| | Town. | Post. |
|---|---|---|
| Yearly | Rs. 12 | Rs. 15 |
| Half-yearly | " 7 | " 8 |
| Quarterly | " 4 | " 5 |

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 29 June, 2017

# DAILY MARKET REPORT.

BOMBAY, JUNE 6.

## MONEY.

The Cash Balance of the Bank of Bombay declined by Rs. 34 lacs.

## EXCHANGE.

The market opened quiet at 1s. 3 7-8d. for T. T., 1s. 29-32d. for Demand and 1s. 4 3-32 for 3 months' Credit Bills.

We quote:—

| | |
|---|---|
| **Bank's selling—** | |
| T. T. Ready ... | 1s. 3 7/8d. to 1s. 3 29-32d. |
| D. D. Mail ... ... | ... 1s. 3 29/32d. |
| T. T. Forward ... | ... 1s. 3 29/32d. July-Aug. |
| **Bank's Buying—** | |
| Private D. D. Ready | ...1/3 15/16 to 1s 3 31-32d |
| Credits 3 m/s „ ... | ... 1s. 4 3-32d. |
| „ „ Forward ... | ... 1s. 4 1/8d. Aug. |
| „ 6 m/s Ready ... | ... 1s. 4 7/32d |
| France 3 m/s „ ... | ... 169 1/4 |
| Marks 3 m/s „ ... | ... 137 1/2 |
| 60 d/s. Hongkong ... | ... 133 1-4 |
| „ Shanghai ... | ... 179 |
| „ Japan ... | ... 151 1/4 June |

The market is dull.

## GOVERNMENT PAPER.

The market is quiet. The Bazar opened at Rs. 94-4 and closed at Rs. 94-8.

## BULLION.

On Sunday morning telegrams received from London for Bar silver showed 1-16 less both for ready and forward and New York also declined by 1-8.

London market having declined and dealers being busy in settlements our market opened steady at Rs. 72-10-0, but busines being nominal there was no fluctuation and forwards closed at the same rate. Demand for ready was moderate and about 50 to 60 packages changed hands. Local Gold market was quiet and unchanged. Up-country and local demand seemed very poor and no improvement in prices is taking place. Demand for sovereigns remains very little.

## GOLD.

| | Rs. | a. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 97 Fakirsett ... ... | 23 | 8 | 0 |
| 97 Chintu ... ... ... | 23 | 7 | 0 |
| National Bank ... ... | 24 | 1 | 3 |
| Chartered Bank ... ... | 24 | 0 | 9 |
| Sovereigns Shield ... ... | 15 | 4 | 0 |
| Do. Dragon ... ... | 15 | 0 | 0 |
| Australian ... ... ... | 24 | 0 | 6 |
| English ... ... ... | 24 | 0 | 6 |
| Native Bullion ... ... | 24 | 0 | 6 |
| Indian Specie Bank ... ... | 24 | 0 | 6 |

## SILVER.

| | Rs. | a. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 117 1/2 Penny ... ... | 72 | 7 | 0 |
| 117 Penny ... ... | 72 | 6 | 0 |
| Local per tola | 0 | 11 | 0 |
| FUTURES. | | | |
| First Settlement ... ... | 72 | 10 | 0 |
| Second do ... ... | 72 | 12 | 0 |

## SEEDS AND WHEAT.

Linseed.—Dull. London prices advanced by 3d., Demand for ready lots being less and there being more sellers for forward local price declined by one to two annas.

Rapeseed.—Quiet. London quotation was 3d. down. Local price declined by one to two annas.

Wheat.—Firm. London price was 6d. up. Enquiry being good local price advanced by one to two annas.

Castorseed, Cottonseed, Groundnut, Poppyseed.—Quiet but firm. Prices remain unchanged and demand was moderate.

Gingelly.—Firm. Business was very limited and prices maintained.

Mowra.—Firm. Demand was good and price advanced by an anna.

| Description. | Rate. |
|---|---|
| Linseed, Bold ... | ...Rs. 9 14 0 |
| Linseed, Small ... | ... „ 9 10 0 |
| RAPESEED— | |
| Brown Cawnpore ... | ... „ 5 14 |
| Yellow do. ... | ... „ 6 9 |
| Do. Gujarat ... | ... „ 6 11 |
| Poppyseed ... | ... „ 9 8 |
| Castorseed ... | ... „ 36 to 37 |
| Mowraseed... ... | ... „ 6 10 |
| Maize ... ... | ... „ 18 to 19 |
| Groundnuts ... | ... „ 43 to 45 |
| Mustardseed ... | ... „ 85 to 95 |
| Gingellyseed ... | ... „ 42 to 54 |
| Khandesh Howri ... | „ 50 to 52 |
| Gulbarga do. ... | |
| Kalbur do. ... | |
| Itarsi do. ... | |
| White Gin, Bold 95/5 | „ 48 to 52 |
| Do. do do 85/15 | |
| Do. do. do. 75/25... | |
| Do. Mixed 50/50... | |
| Do. Gin, Small 50/50... | „ 44 to 45 |
| Do. do. 85/15... | |
| Gin, Black Beaver ... | „ 43 to 44 |
| Do. do. Gadag ... | |
| Gin Red Khandwa ... | „ 45 to 47 |
| Do. Meggi ... | |
| Do. Yellow Hinganghat | „ 50 to 54 |
| Do. do. Secunderabad | |
| Do. do. Gujarat | |
| Do. Black Kutni | „ 42 to 43 |
| Do. Ahmedabad... | |
| WHEAT— | |
| Pissi ... ... | ... „ 32 to 33 |
| Hard Red... ... | ... „ 30 to 31 |
| Cottonseed ... | — „ 22 to 23 |

The following are the receipts of Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Saturday, 4th June:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Wheat ... ... ... | 8,796 cwts |
| Linseed ... ... ... | 8,641 „ |
| Rapeseed ... ... ... | 2,827 „ |
| Gingellyseed ... ... | 1,167 „ |
| Poppyseed... ... ... | 6,305 „ |
| Groundnuts.. ... ... | 902 „ |
| Castorseed... ... ... | 6,245 „ |
| Rice ... ... ... | 4,963 „ |
| Myrabollams. ... ... | 2,970 „ |
| Cottonseed ... ... ... | 11,665 „ |
| Mowraseed... ... ... | 251 „ |
| Gram ... ... ... | 1,876 „ |
| Joowar ... ... ... | ....... „ |
| Maize ... ... ... | 2 „ |

## LOCAL YARN.

Fortnightly sales from Shanghai nil, unsold stock 52,000 with the Chinese 32,000 ex. 180. Our yarn market is steady.

350 Greaves......10 6·10
50 New Emp...20 7·11 1-2
50 Howard......20 7·11 1-2
200 Victoria ...20 8·3 1-2.

## SPININGS.

The share market all round is firm. Petits opened at Rs. 2,880 and advanced to Rs. 2,883 but at the close they declined again to Rs. 2,877-8.

| | |
|---|---|
| Kohinoor ... ... ... | 695 |
| Central India ... ... ... | 1,712-8 |
| Framji Petits ... ... ... | 1,735 |
| Davids ... ... ... | 387-8 |
| Standard ... ... ... | 1,082-8 |
| Colaba ... ... ... | 1,110 |
| Currimbhoy ... ... ... | 975 |
| Fazalbhai ... ... ... | 212-8 |
| Finlay Mills ... ... ... | 235 |
| Phoenix ... ... ... | 82-8 |
| Crescent... ... ... | 83-12 |
| Swadeshi ... ... ... | 1,135 |

## BANKS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bank of Bombay ... ... | 1,475 |
| Indian Specie Bank ... | 55 1-4 |
| Bank of India ... ... ... | 67 |

## COTTON.

On Sunday, Liverpool was 1 to 4 points down, whereas New York remained unchanged. Our market at Colaba remained quiet and Demand for ready from the mills and exporters was nominal and prices for ready declined by Re. 1 to Rs. 2. Liverpool opener showed 2 to 3 points less. The market for futures was firm and there being more demand prices advanced by Rs. 2 to Rs. 3. Good Broach opened at Rs. 289 but there being more demand prices advanced at the close to Rs. 291.

We learn of the following purchases:—

| Bales. | | | Rs. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 100 | Volkart Bros | ...Broach ... | 320 |
| 100 | Bombay Co | ...Broach ... | 328 |
| 400 | Madhowji Mills | ...Jalgaon ... | 210 |
| 200 | Jewraj Mills | ...Yeotmal ... | 273 |
| 100 | Colaba Land Mills | ...Khandwa ... | 220 |
| 100 | New Great Mills | ...Bagalkot ... | 292 |
| 100 | Phœnix Mills | ...Rangpur ... | 276 |
| 200 | do | ...Bergal ... | 263 |
| 500 | Ralli Bros | ...Bengal MG ... | 212 Jan |

| | |
|---|---|
| Bengal Hand Gin. Fine ... | 262 |
| „ Good ... | 250 |
| Bengal Machine Gin. Fine ... | 282 |
| „ Good ... | 267 |
| Sind Punjab Fine ... | 279 |
| „ Good ... | 264 |
| Khandesh Fine ... | 286 |
| „ Good ... | 276 |
| Amraoti Fine ... | 298 |
| „ „ Good ... | 288 |
| Akola Khangaum Fine ... | 298 |
| „ Good ... | 288 |
| Dhamangaon Poolgaon Fine ... | 299 |
| Good ... | 289 |
| Yeotmal Fine ... | 303 |
| „ Good ... | 293 |
| Nagpore Fine ... | 306 |
| Good ... | 295 |
| Wardha Hinganghat Fine ... | 311 |
| „ Good ... | 301 |
| Methia Fine ... | 283 |
| „ Good ... | 273 |
| Broach Gin Fine ... | 320 |
| „ Good ... | 312 |
| Sawginned Fine ... | 320 May |
| Coompta Ginned ... | 313 „ |
| Westerns „ ... | 302 |
| FUTURES. | |
| Broach Good ... ... ... | ... 291 Mar. |
| Bengal F G ... ... ... | ... 221 Jan. |

The following are the receipts of Cotton into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Saturday, 4th June:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Khandeish ... ... ... | 62 Bales. |
| Central India... ... ... | 288 „ |
| Barsi and Nagur ... ... | 726 „ |
| Berar ... ... ... | 189 „ |
| Central Provinces ... ... | 154 „ |
| Oomras... ... ... | 1,419 „ |
| Dholera ... ... ... | 1,427 „ |
| Broach... ... ... | 909 „ |
| Coompta and Dharwar ... | 1,514 „ |
| Westerns ... ... ... | 457 „ |
| Bengals (N. W. P.)... ... | 144 „ |
| Rajputana ... ... ... | 910 „ |
| Sind ... ... ... | ....... „ |
| Persian ... ... ... | ....... „ |
| Other sorts ... ... ... | ....... „ |
| Total ... | 6,780 Bales. |

LIVERPOOL, June 6.

Opening Tone and Prices.

| | |
|---|---|
| Opening Tone ... ... ... | Quiet. |
| Estimated Sales ... ... ... | 8,000 |
| Total Imports ... ... ... | 1,060 |
| Future Delivery Prices:— | |
| June—July ... ... ... | 7·61 — 2 |
| July—Aug. ... ... ... | 7·54 — 2 |
| Aug.—Sept ... ... ... | 7·23 — 3 |
| Sept.—Oct. ... ... ... | 6·78 — 3 |
| Oct.—Nov.. ... ... ... | 6·56 — 3 |
| Nov.—Dec. ... ... ... | 6·47 — 3 |
| Dec.—Jan. ... ... ... | 6·44 — 3 |
| Jan.—Feb. ... ... ... | 6·43 — 3 |
| Feb.—Mar. ... ... ... | 6·42 — 3 |

## FREIGHTS.

| Ports. | June. Seed. | Cotton. |
|---|---|---|
| Antwerp ... | 12 6 | 13 0 |
| Dunkirk ... | 12 6 | 13 0 |
| Havre ... ... | 12 6 | 13 0 |
| Hull ... ... | 12 6 | ...... |
| Liverpool ... | 13 0 | 13 6 |
| Marseilles ... | 13 0 | 13 6 |
| Genoa ... ... | 12 6 | 14 0 |
| London ... | 13 0 | 13 0 |
| Hamburg ... | 13 0 | 13 6 |
| Trieste ... | 14 6 | 15 6 |
| Venice... ... | 14 6 | 15 6 |
| Open Ports ... | July | 12 6 |

Market is quiet.

## METALS.

We quote:—

| | | lbs. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Copper Braziers 4×4 ... ... | | 21<br>28<br>35 | Rs. 54 12 |
| | | 42<br>56<br>63<br>70<br>77<br>84 | Rs. 54 4 |
| Yellow Metal Sheets ... ... | | 21<br>28<br>35<br>42<br>49<br>56 | Rs. 45 0 |
| Tin Ingots. ... ... | | ... | „ 41 4 |
| Spelter | S M<br>M M<br>J<br>G | ... | „ 18 4 |
| Georgehutte | | ... | „ 22 4 |
| Copper Ingots | K S | ... | „ 48 4 |
| Copper Sheetings | | ...lbs. 8, 10, 12, 14 | „ 61 8 |
| Yellow Metal Sheetings | | lbs. 14, 16<br>10, 12 | „ 47 0 |

## IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Saturday, June 4.

GOLD.

| No. of Packages. | Bullions. Rs. | Coin, Sovs. and half Sovs. Rs. | Other coin. Rs. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 11 Packages ... | ... | 65,865 | 21,955 |

SILVER.

| No. of Packages. | Bullions. Rs. | Coin. Govt. of India Rs. Rs. | Other coin. Rs. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 11 Packages... | ... | 12,932 | ... |

| Importers. | | Vessel. | From |
|---|---|---|---|
| Sundry Importers | ... | Firoozi | Jeddah |

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY
by rail on 3rd June 1910.

| By | | Bars. | Ounces. |
|---|---|---|---|
| G. I. P. Railway | ... | 12 | 14,688 |
| B. B. & C. I. Railway | ... | 19 | 22,711 |

## BANK OF BENGAL.

The following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bengal, for the week ending 31st May, 1910, as compared with the statement of 24th May, 1910:—

| LIABILITIES. | May 24. Rs. | a. | p. | May 31. Rs. | a. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Capital paid up. | 2,00,00,000 | 0 | 0 | 2,00,00,000 | 0 | 0 |
| Reserve Fund... | 1,70,00,000 | 0 | 0 | 1,70,00,000 | 0 | 0 |
| Public Deposits, &c ........... | 1,75,57,259 | 9 | 10 | 1,70,69,059 | 3 | 10 |
| Other Deposits, &c ........... | 17,49,38,583 | 6 | 6 | 17,65,99,896 | 6 | 11 |
| Bank Post Bills, &c............ | 8,85,453 | 6 | 6 | 11,45,475 | 3 | 8 |
| Sundries ........ | 20,37,520 | 6 | 4 | 21,12,122 | 13 | 2 |
| Rs .. | 23,24,18,816 | 13 | 2 | 23,39,26,553 | 11 | 7 |
| ASSETS. | Rs. | a. | p. | Rs. | a. | p. |
| Govt. Securities other authorized Investments ... | 2,67,31,010 | 0 | 0 | 2,67,42,632 | 0 | 0 |
| | 95,54,188 | 0 | 0 | 95,52,825 | 0 | 0 |
| Loans on Govt. & other authorized Securities | 4,63,63,864 | 1 | 4 | 4,55,75,028 | 10 | 2 |
| Accounts of Credit on do ... | 4,10,87,993 | 5 | 10 | 4,02,58,665 | 10 | 10 |
| Bills discounted, &c ........... | 3,14,60,671 | 0 | 6 | 3,13,16,128 | 9 | 7 |
| Balances with other Banks ... | 45,40,423 | 13 | 6 | 40,66,553 | 1 | 1 |
| Bullion ......... | ...... | | | ...... | | |
| Dead Stock....... | 21,98,812 | 9 | 4 | 21,99,377 | 10 | 5 |
| Stamps ......... | 13,177 | 5 | 6 | 13,584 | 9 | 5 |
| Sundries ......... | 79,142 | 13 | 7 | 76,918 | 11 | 10 |
| | 16,20,29,283 | 1 | 4 | 15,98,01,713 | 15 | 4 |
| Cash, &c., at... Head Office.. | 7,03,89,533 | 11 | 10 | 7,41,24,839 | 12 | 3 |
| Cash, &c., at... Branches ...... | | | | | | |
| | 23,24,18,816 | 13 | 2 | 23,39,26,553 | 11 | 7 |

| LIABILITIES. | Rs. | |
|---|---|---|
| Government Balance at Head Office .............. | 4,04,395 | Decrease. |
| Government Balance at Branches .............. | 83,806 | Do. |
| Other Deposits .............. | 16,61,313 | Increase. |
| Post Bills.............. | 2,60,022 | Do. |
| ASSETS. | | |
| Bank's Investments ...... | 10,259 | Increase. |
| Loans .............. | 7,88,836 | Decrease. |
| Accounts of Credit......... | 8,29,328 | Do. |
| Mercantile Bills .............. | 1,41,543 | Do. |
| Cash at Head Office ...... | 37,74,286 | Increase. |
| Cash at Branches .......... | 38,980 | Decrease. |

Percentage 37·64.

ANOTHER Transandine railway—from Antofagasta in Chile to Salta in Argentina—is to be begun in August.

THE Chinese Ministry of the Interior has ordered all the Provincial authorities to increase the number of anti-opium homes and refuges.

## BANK OF BOMBAY.

The following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bombay for the week ended 4th June 1910, as compared with the statement for the week ending 28th May 1910:—

| LIABILITIES. | May 28. Rs. | June 4. Rs. |
|---|---|---|
| Capital .............. | 1,00,00,000 | 1,00,00,000 |
| Reserve Fund .............. | 1,03,00,000 | 1,03,00,000 |
| Public Deposits at Head Office<br>Public Deposits at Branches | 1,58,12,420 | 1,06,59,127 |
| Other Deposits .............. | 9,70,35,858 | 9,79,97,709 |
| Post Bills .............. | 12,412 | 13,350 |
| Sundries .............. | 28,93,356 | 29,50,672 |
| Rs.... | 13,60,54,046 | 13,19,20,858 |
| ASSETS. | | |
| Government Securities...... | 1,42,41,926 | 1,54,32,523 |
| Other authorised Securities. | 18,59,165 | 18,13,214 |
| Credits on Govt. and other authorised Securities ... | 2,23,75,486 | 2,20,88,724 |
| Loans do. do. | 3,80,28,366 | 3,66,59,568 |
| Bills discounted and purchased — .......... | 1,96,03,827 | 1,92,55,787 |
| Dead Stocks .............. | 2,99,289 | 2,99,289 |
| Stamps .............. | 5,898 | 5,824 |
| Bullion .............. | 6,24,992 | 7,48,301 |
| Balance with other Banks. | 6,46,221 | 4,50,694 |
| Sundries.............. | 5,98,184 | 6,96,011 |
| Cash .............. | 3,77,70,692 | 3,44,75,423 |
| | 13,60,54,046 | 13,19,20,858 |

## HOME REMITTANCES.

The Treasury, Calcutta, 4th June.

The weekly Memorandum of Remittances to the Home Treasury:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Amount estimated in the Financial Statement to be remitted during 1910-11 .............. | £15,500,000 |
| Remitted from 1st April 1910 to 4th June 1910, by Council Bills* ......... | £ 6,149,918 |
| Balance to be remitted from 5th June 1910 to 31st March 1911 ...... | £ 9,350,082 |

*Of this sum £1,665,000 has been taken to the Account of the Currency Reserve.

## DAILY EXPORTS.—JUNE 6.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Massilia s—34 bales wool C Nanji, 85 bales wool, B Hurbham; 68 bales wool. D Nagji and Co; 26 bales wool, J Karas; 31 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 1,700 cwts oil cakes, Glade and Co; 78 bales wool and goat hair W and A Graham and Co,

City of Banares s—11,700 cwts cottonseed Ralli Bros, 2000 cwts rapeseed Sanday and Co; 1,500 cwts myrabollams E Oomersey.

FOR LONDON.

Himalaya s—6,000 cwts bone meal R Kaderbhoy; 200 cwts deer horns, J M Rehimtoola; 26 cwts fishmaws, R Dhunji and Co; 110 cwts fennelseed, S Bhimji.

Ethelwolf s—300 cwts oil cakes, Guzarat Oil Mill and Co Ld.

Amatonga s—1,071 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros; 2,000 cwts cottonseed, W Bechar.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Northam s—7,800 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR BARCELONA.

Massilia s—201 bales cotton, The Bombay Co,

City of Benares s—200 bales cotton, M Bhimji and Co.

FOR HULL.

Cawdor Castle s—2,000 cwts cottonseed, D Tejpal; 2,000 cwts castorseed, Sizing Materials Co; 1,950 cwts myrabollams, A Khimji.

Aleppo s—200 bales hemp, R Reeve and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Istrar s—2,001 cwts rapeseed, Sizing Materials Co; 2,000 cwts rapeseed, Sanday and Co; 2,000 cwts linseed, David Sassoon and Co; 3,000 cwts linseed, Volkart Bros; 2,002 cwts linseed, and 2,001 cwts rapeseed, E D Sassoon and Co.

Ethelwolf s—3,501 cwts rapeseed, and 4,002 cwts poppyseed, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Chanda s—72 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 63 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 110 bales cotton, N Rajaram and Co; 110 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co; 100 bales hemp, C Peraj and Co; 1,040 cwts myrabollams, T Momraz; 600 cwts castorseed, Ralli Bros; 875 cwts myrabollams, Kalyandas Bros; 1,504 cwts myrabollams, W Bechar; 200 bales hemp, H Govindji.

Strathord s—300 tons manganese ore, M Doogar.

Calcutta s—5,005 cwts linseed, E D Sassoon and Co; 95 bales cottonwaste and fly, N Damji; 96 cwts gum, S Cooverji.

FOR HAMBURG.

Calliope s—3,000 cwts rapeseed, Volkart Bros.

Braunfels s—110 bales cotton, J A Begbie and Co.

FOR LEGHORN.

Calcutta s—6,000 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros; 18,000 cwts linseed, L Dreyfuss and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Kingsway s—55 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co; 100 bales cotton, Diwadkar and Co; 450 bales cotton Walter Pavri and Co; 100 bales cotton, A Moritz and Co.

R Rubattino s—3,000 cwts gingellyseed, L Dreyfuss and Co.

FOR NAPLES.

R Rubattino s—100 bales cotton, Glade and Co; 5,000 cwts castorseed and 200 cwts groundnuts, Ralli Bros.

FOR HONGKONG.

Delta s—100 bales twist, M M Essabhoy; 20 cwts fishmaws, J Mahomed; 7 chests opium, C Ebrahim and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Delta s—25 bales twist, Greaves Cotton and Co; 55 bales twist, C Bhawanidas.

## THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours, ending at 6 a. m. yesterday, give the following results:—

| Wards. | Plague. Attacks. | Deaths. | Total deaths from all causes. |
|---|---|---|---|
| A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade .............. | 1 | 0 | 7 |
| B Mandvi, Chukla, Oomerkhadi and Dongri .......... | 2 | 2 | 19 |
| C Market Dhobi Talao, Fanaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kumbharwada .............. | 5 | 5 | 15 |
| D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahaluxmi .............. | 2 | 1 | 9 |
| E Mazagon, Tarwadi, 2nd Nagpada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada .............. | 1 | 0 | 17 |
| F Parel, Sewree and Sion... | 1 | 1 | 7 |
| G Mahim and Worli .......... | 2 | 1 | 7 |
| H Harbour .............. | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Hospital .............. | 0 | 1 | 10 |
| Total...... | 14 | 11 | 92 |
| This day last year ...... | 12 | 7 | 74 |

THE RAT CAMPAIGN.

June 6th 1910.

| Ward. | | Alive. | Dead | Found Infected. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| A | ......... | 70 | 40 | 4 |
| B | ......... | 142 | 52 | 4 |
| B | ......... | 211 | 96 | 12 |
| C | ......... | 92 | 27 | 2 |
| D | ......... | 93 | 17 | 1 |
| E | ......... | 124 | 8 | 0 |
| E | ......... | 50 | 63 | 4 |
| F | ......... | 49 | 4 | 0 |
| G | ......... | 34 | 1 | 0 |
| Total ... | | 865 | 308 | 27 |
| Total killed to date rats | | ... | ... | 1,173 |

MANY stories are told of ex-President Roosevelt's successful encounters with the "bad men" of the Western American prairies. On one occasion, when he entered a saloon, an apparent "tenderfoot," a "bad man," who carried a revolver in each hand and had other weapons protruding from his belt and boots, called upon him to stand drinks to the entire company. Mr. Roosevelt rose as if about to comply, but was all the while meditating a certain left-hander which he had learned at Harvard. Then he lunched out, and the bully landed on the flat of his back, was put outside, while a unanimous vote of thanks was carried to the "tenderfoot."

## DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

### OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

CREAGH-OSBORNE—May 30, at Naini Tal, the wife of Captain H P Creagh-Osborne, The King's Own Regiment, of a daughter.

TOWLE—June 2, at Naini Tal, the wife of J H Towle, M A O College, Aligarh, of a daughter.

DEATHS.

KNIGHT—May 5, at Allahabad, Mrs Sophia Augusta Knight, of heart failure, age 76.

AMBLER—May 19, at Jamalpur, Huart Gower Ambler aged 24, youngest son of Mr C T Ambler, Dharhara, E I R.

WRIGHT—May 29, at Rajpur, James McCallum Wright, I C S.

## BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises: 6h. 1m.; Sun sets: 7h. 13m.

Excelsior Cinematograph at the Novelty Theatre, 7, 8-30 and 10 p. m.

Maxim: "Les affaires font les hommes" ["Business makes men"].—French Proverb.

THE ENGLISH MAIL.

ARRIVAL.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. "Salsette," with the English Mails of the 27th instant, which left Aden at 3 p. m. on Sunday, is expected to arrive in Bombay harbour at 6 a.m. on Friday next.

DEPARTURE.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. "Salsette," leaves Bombay harbour at 2-30 p.m. on Saturday.

SIR MANGALDAS NATHUBHAI CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.—The total number of patients treated in this dispensary during the month of May was 355 of whom 260 were males and 95 females.

SHETH JAMNADAS JIVANDAS CHARITABLE DISPENSARY, PORBUNDAR.—During the month of May 1910 the total number of patients that were treated in this dispensary was 3,240; among them the number of new admissions was 1,134, classified as follows:—Hindoos, 930; Mussalman, 181; Parsee, 4; other castes, 19. The average daily attendance was 104.

CERCLE LITTERAIRE.—A meeting of the members of the Cercle Litteraire and their friends will be held this evening at 6-45 p.m. (S.T.), at the Rooms of the Cercle, when Mons. P. Louis Chartier, Professor of French, Gujarat College, Ahmedabad, will deliver a lecture on "Human habitation in the year 2,000." Mr. H. Martin, Vice-Consul for France, will preside.

SAJUNBHOY MERRALLY'S CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.—During the month of May the number of Khoja patients that were treated in this dispensary was 1,612. Among them the number of new admissions was 366, classified as stated below:—Men, 100; women, 106; children, 160; Total 366. The average daily attendence was 52.

FIRE IN A COAL STACK.—A coal stock belonging to Abu Imam Hassam, a Mahomedan, and situated at Coal Bunder, was found smouldering at 7-15 a.m. yesterday. Information was conveyed to the fire brigade and the men from Byculla Station proceeded to the scene and started pouring water on the stack with a line of hose. The fire was kept under after the pouring of water for six hours.

CORONER'S INQUEST.—Mr. E. T. Lambert, Acting Coroner of Bombay, held an inquest yesterday, touching the death of Kalia Bhati, a Surti, aged fifty. It appeared that on Saturday night last, Police sepoy No. 220 C, who was on duty at Dhobi Talao, ran near the tank on an alarm being raised and dragged the tank but without success. Yesterday his body was found floating on the surface of the water and was removed by the police. A note was found in the pocket of his coat which showed that he had committed suicide. The jury returned a verdict accordingly.

STRING BAND AT THE ST. GEORGE'S HOSPITAL.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Col. S. J. Sarjant, V.D. and Officers, the String Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Railway Volunteers, will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. A. Mallandaine, Bandmaster, commencing at 6 p m. to-day:—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| March.............. | La Petite Tonkinoise ... | Scotto |
| Overture............ | La Dame Blanche. ....... | Boieldiew |
| Serenade Op 128.. | Andalusische ............ | Eilenberg |
| Valse .............. | The Dollar Princess..... | Leo Fall |
| Selection .......... | The Mikado ............ | Sullivan |
| Valse .............. | The Barcarolle.......... | Fetras |

BAND AT THE YACHT CLUB.—By kind permission of Major W. Davidson, V. D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, B. B. and C. I. Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps, will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. A. Wickham, Band Sergeant, commencing at 6-15 p.m. (S. T.) this evening:—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| March.............. | Fruhlingsbotten ......... | Lehmann |
| Overture.............. | Si J'Etais Roi.............. | Adam |
| Valse .............. | Convent Girls .............. | Phelps |
| Selection.............. | Irish Emeralds ......... | Gready |
| Morceau .............. | Salut D'Amour .......... | Elgar |
| Selection.............. | Orphee Aux Enfers......... | Godfrey |
| Characteristic.. | The Virginia Skeduddle. | Rosenfeld |
| Galop .............. | Eisenbhan.............. | Arndt |

## PTE. EYRES BENEFIT CONCERT.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—In continuation of our previous letter, which you so kindly inserted in your columns, we will feel obliged if you will publish, for the information of those who patronised the Concert, the result of same.

We, through an oversight, omitted previously to thank the Municipal Commissioner for kindly placing the Band Stand at our disposal. We do so now with apologies.

The following figures will show the net result of the undertaking:—

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| To Sale of Tickets, Refreshments and Advertisements ... ... ... | Rs. | 1,041 | 7 | 0 |
| „ Collection at Commercial Gymkhana ... | Rs. | 45 | 0 | 0 |
| | Rs. | 1,086 | 7 | 0 |
| By Expenses ... ... ... | Rs. | 458 | 10 | 6 |
| Balance available for Pte. Eyres... | Rs. | 627 | 12 | 6 |

Yours, &c.,
C. V. M. PRITCHARD,
A. L. MORGAN.

77, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, June 4.

THE population of New South Wales at the end of March is officially estimated at 1,655,830—an increase for the quarter of 10,336, the highest for many years.

THE "Egyptian Gazette" estimates that the linking up of the Greek and Turkish railways, which was sanctioned by the Ottoman Government recently, will result is a saving of eleven hours on the Brindisi route for the English mail to India and Egypt. The P. and O. steamer, by using the Piræus instead of the Italian port, would deliver the Mail so as to have letters despatched from London on Friday evening delivered at Alexandria and Cairo every Tuesday evening. Of course, if Alexandria was used instead of Port Said, the post would be shortened and the Indian Mail could be sent by train to Suez, which would be a great convenience. But this new mail route by the Piræus to Calais without a change of carriages will not be ready for some years, as between the Thessalian border and the junction with the Monastir-Salonica line, there is some difficult country over which it will take some time to build a railway."

## HIS LATE MAJESTY.

### Meeting of Bombay Ladies.

It was announced some days ago that a meeting of the women of Bombay would be held in the Town Hall on Thursday, June 23rd, for the purpose of passing Resolutions of condolence on the death of His Late Majesty King Edward VII, and of congratulation upon the accession of King George V, Emperor of India. In view, however, of His Majesty's gracious announcement that it is his desire that public mourning should cease at the end of June, it has been thought appropriate that this meeting should be held at an earlier date, and it has therefore been arranged to summon it for Saturday, June 11th, at 5-30 p.m., at the Town Hall. The Committee include Lady Muir-Mackenzie as President; Lady Chandavarkar, Lady Jejeebhoy, Mrs. Swann and Lady Ebrahim, Vice-Presidents; and Miss Cursetji, Dilshad Begam Navab Mirza, Mrs. Haigh and Mrs. Kothare, Organizing Secretaries. The following ladies, representative of the different communities, have promised their support:—H. H. Lady Aga Sultan Muhammad Shah, H. H. Lady Aga Ali Shah, Lady Petit, Lady Sassoon, Lady Thakarsi, Lady Bhownagree, Lady Pirbhai, Lady Tata, Lady Narotamdas, Lady Mody, Mrs. Heaton, Rani Lakshmibai Malharrao Gaikwad, Kunvari Hirjiba Samatsinhji, Mrs. W. H. Michael, Mrs. Pias, Mrs. Abraham, Mrs. Davidson, Mrs. Ibrahim Rahimtulla, Mrs. Rozario, Mrs. Mehrvanji M. Kama, Mrs. Stanley Reed, Mrs. G. K. Parekh, Mrs. Suleman Abdul Wahed, Mrs. P. H. Dastur, Mrs. J. P. Orr, Mrs. D. A. Khare, Mrs. Ali Akbar, Mrs. R. P. Taleyarkhan, Mrs. Dimmock, Mrs. Chimanlal H. Setalvad, Mrs. Nathan, Mrs. M. C. Murzban, Mrs. J. A. Turner, Mrs. Manmohandas Ramji, Mrs. Rogay, Mrs. Viegas, Mrs. A. H. Vaidya, Mrs. Tribhovandas Varjivandas, Mrs. Amiruddin Tyabji, Dr. Mrs. Karmakar, Mrs. Godrejji Padamji, Mrs. J. V. Bhaisheth, Mrs. Nur Muhammad Jairazbhai, Mrs. Shellim, Mrs. J. D. Framji, Mrs. Gokaldas Tejpal, Mrs. M. M. Shirazi, Mrs. J. D. Davar, Mrs. Narotamdas Morarji, Mrs. Gomes, Mrs. Kershaspji Dadachanji, Mrs. A. M. Kajiji, Mrs. Nikambe, Mrs. R.S. Powalla, Mrs. Chimanlal V. Atmaram, Mrs. Kazi Kabiruddin, Mrs. Nagindas Sakaji, Mrs. Haji Yusus Sobhani, and Lady Mody.

Two Resolutions are to be proposed, one expressing sympathy with the Royal Family in their bereavement, and the second offering loyal prayers for the prosperity of His Majesty King George V. and Queen Mary, Emperor and Empress of India. The Resolutions will be read to the meeting in English, Persian, Marathi, Gujarati, Urdu, Kanarese and Portuguese. Pardah arrangements will be made. It is particularly hoped that all ladies now in Bombay will make an effort to attend the meeting.

## SNAKE-BITE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—A great deal has of late been written about cures for snake-bite. Will you kindly allow me a small space to give my experience of the native cure for snake bite which is and has for centuries past been tried with considerable success in every village in India.

The cure is simply suction.

As soon as a person is bitten by a venomous snake a number of young chicken the younger the better, are immediately procured and is applied to the part bitten. When the chicken abrorbs the poison from the wound into its own body it falls dead when another is used and so on till the patient recovers. I heard of the cure over thirty years ago at an inquest presided over by Doctor Hewlett, the then Coroner of Bombay.

Some time afterwards I happened to be stationed at Mahim and upon receiving a report that a poor Hindoo woman had been bitten by a cobra, I immediately repaired to the spot followed soon after by the European Customs Officer. The woman was in a dying condition. I at once obtained a young chicken and held it myself on the wound on the wrist, and within ten minutes the chicken died; a second one was used but didnt die. The woman, the cobra which had been caught alive, and the dead chicken were brought in next morning from Mahim to the J. J. Hospital. There Dr. Anderson, the House Surgeon, examined the woman's wrist and pronounced the wound to be that of snake-bite. The cobra was then let loose in the Hospital compound and manœuvred so quickly that everyone kept at a safe distance. There was the woman looking intently at the little chicken that had been the means of saving her life but lost its own in doing so. The case was then placed before the then Acting Commissioner of Police, Mr. R. H. Vincent, an able officer and and accomplished linguist. An account of this extraordinary cure appeared in the "Times of India." Some time afterwards while I was in charge of Malabar Hill District, I was frequently getting sent to me baskets of dead fowls used successfully in snake-bites by European gentlemen residing on the Hill, some of whom published in the daily papers their own experience of this wonderful cure.—Yours, etc.,

McDERMOTT.

Colaba, June 6.

## ALLEGED ABSTRACTION OF CURRENCY NOTES.

### Post Office Clerk Prosecuted.

AT the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before Rao Bahadur C. H. Setalwad, Inspector Sykes placed Narayen Shivram, a clerk in the Jumma Musjid Post Office on a charge under section 52 of the Post Office Act with having stolen two halves of currency notes of Rs. 100 each while they were in transit through the post.

Mr. Vicaji F. Vicaji appeared for the accused.

The prosecution story is that two registered covers containing the halves of two currency notes of Rs. 100 each were handed over to a servant named Gadooram Shanker by one Jamnadars Sitram, a mehta in the employ of Bhavan Moonji, having his place of business at Kalbadevie Road with instructions to have them posted at different Post offices. Jadooram did as he was told handing the cover containing the missing halves of the notes to the accused at the Jumma Musjid Office where he was a clerk and giving the receipts which he got to his master. The complainant subsequently received a wire stating that the notes had been abstracted. A complaint was accordingly made to the Police and the accused was arrested on suspicion.

Inspector Sykes applied for a remand to enable him to make further enquiries.

In connection with this case Inspector Sykes is also making enquiries in respect of several other Government Currency notes, addressed to the Secretary, Calcutta Turf Club in connection with the last Derby Sweep, alleged to have been abstracted while they were in transit through the post.

## PUNJABI BURGLARS SENTENCED.

RAO BAHADUR C. H. SATALWAD, Acting Third Presidency Magistrate, yesterday, disposed of the case in which Duyanchand Thakordass and Bejnath Ramchand were charged by Inspector Sykes with having broken into the shop of Harilal Kalianji at the corner of old Hanaman lane on the morning of the 23rd May and with having stolen Rs. 28 worth of ghee therefrom.

The prosecution evidence showed that the two accused went to the complainant's shop with other accomplices in the small hours of the morning of the 23rd May. The second accused kept a watch while the first accused began breaking the lock. The lock gave way and the accused entered the premises when Superintendent Priestely and other Police officers who had been watching their movements made a rush on them. The first accused jumped clean over the head of Mr. Priestley who was standing outside and tried to make good his escape but was chased by the police officers and caught. The other accused was arrested in the shop and house-breaking implements were found on him.

Both the accused pleaded not guilty.

His Worship convicted the accused and in passing sentence observed that the accused deserved severe punishment. All the police officers concerned in the case deserved great praise for detecting the thieves. The accused were sentenced to suffer one year's rigorous imprisonment each. The case against the other four accused concerned in this case stands adjourned.

## THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, JUNE 6.

A stronger advance of the Monsoon is taking place on the Malabar Coast, where rough seas and moderately heavy rain are reported. Rain due to the previous advance has been general, but light in Konkan, East of Gujarat, while a few falls have occurred in South-East Rajputana and the central parts of the country.

The Bay Monsoon has given nearly general rain in Burma and local rain in Eastern Bengal and Assam.

Principal amounts:—Akyab and Chittagong, six inches; Barisal, one and a half; Narayanganj, four; Udaipur, Neemuch and Sooni, two; Calicut, three; Cochin, two; Trivandrum and Kodaikanal, one and a half.

Forecast:—Nearly general rain in Burma and the West Coast of the Peninsula and local rain in North-East India, South East Rajputana, Central India and the South of the Peninsula. A few falls in the Western Submontane districts, the Central Provinces, Gujarat and the Deccan.

The Port Officer, Bombay, yesterday, received the following telegram from the Meteorological Department, Simla:—

Storm Signal:—Monsoon apparently setting in; squally weather likely; hoist cautionary signal.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 6.

A strong advance of the Monsoon is taking place on the Malabar Coast and moderately heavy rain is reported. To-day's special cablegrams from Trade regions state, conditions in Indian Ocean are more favourable for the Indian Monsoon.

MADRAS, JUNE 6.

The Port Officer, Cochin, telegraphed to-day as follows:—"To the Presidency Port Officer, Madras:—The Monsoon burst last night; wind W.-N.-W. heavy rain, squally overcast sea high and increasing rain 1·75.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 6TH JUNE.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Monday, the 6th June, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are moderately to heavily clouded in the east Punjab and clear elsewhere. The moisture in the air is either equal to or below the average. Temperature is normal.

The United Provinces.—Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Humidity is in defect at Allahabad and in excess at Agra. Temperature is in defect at Jhansi, and in slight excess at Allahabad.

Sind and Rajputana.—Kotah records 0·75" of rain. Skies are clear in upper Sind and the adjacent parts of Rajputana, and heavily clouded elsewhere. The air is damper than usual in east Rajputana. Temperature is 15° in defect at Kotah.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Nearly general rain has fallen; Deesa has had 0·28" Ahmedabad 0·84," Surat 0·42", Rajkot 0·27" Bhavnagar Para 0·45" and Indore 1·55". Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Humidity is generally in excess. Maximum temperature is in moderate to considerable defect, except on the Kathiawar Coast; the minimum is also in defect at Indore and in Gujarat.

The Central Provinces.—Raipur records 0·36" of rain and Hoshangabad 0·11". Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The moisture in the air is either equal to or above the average. Temperature is normal, except for a defect at night at Saugor and Hoshangabad.

The Konkan.—Rainfall has been general; Bombay has had 0·48", Ratnagiri 0·87". Mormugao 0·86" and Karwar 0·54". Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Temperature is normal except at Bombay, where it is in slight pefect.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Poona reports 0·14" of rain and Aurangabad 0·23". Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The moisture in the air is either equal to or below the average. Temperature is in slight defect in the northern half of the division.

General Remarks.—Rain has been again widespread in Gujarat, the eastern half of Kathiawar and on the west coast of the Peninsula. Local rain has fallen in the north Bombay Deccan, west Central India, and east Rajputana. There has been a fairly considerable increase in the precipitation in Malabar where seas are rough and weather is equally.

Nearly general rain is likely on the west coast and local rain in Gujarat, Kathiawar, west Centra India and east Rajputana.

CUMBALLA.

5th June 1910.

Rainfall up to 8 a. m.

| | Last 24 hours. In. ct. | Total to Date In. ct. | Correspdg. Total 1908. In. ct. | Correspdg. Total 1909. In. ct. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cumballa. | 0 95 | 1 70 | 0 0 | 2 30 |

Appended on Monday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India based on observations taken at 8 o'clock.

| Names of Stations. | Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours. | Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours. | Rainfall past 24 hours. | Rainfall since 1st June to date. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bushire (5th) .............. | 89 6 | 81·1 | ... | ... |
| Jask ... .............. | 104·3 | 86·2 | ... | ... |
| Muskat (5th).............. | 104·3 | 92·6 | ... | ... |
| Multan.............. | 109·8 | 85·5 | ... | ... |
| Bawalpindi .............. | 102·4 | 69·9 | ... | 0·87 |
| Lahore .............. | 109 4 | 78·2 | 0·03 | 0·33 |
| Sirsa.............. | 109·3 | 83·6 | ... | 0·66 |
| Ambala .............. | 109·5 | 82·0 | ... | 0·09 |
| Delhi .............. | 108·2 | 86·7 | — | ... |
| Agra.............. | 105·0 | 86·0 | ... | 0·13 |
| Mainpuri.............. | 106·3 | 85·0 | ... | ... |
| Jhansi .............. | 100·0 | 76·5 | 0·07 | 0·91 |
| Cawnpore .............. | 105·0 | 85 5 | ... | ... |
| Allahabad .............. | 109·1 | 89·0 | ... | ... |
| Jacobabad .............. | 114·1 | ... | ... | 0·29 |
| Karachi .............. | 90·0 | 81·0 | ... | ... |
| Ajmer .............. | 101·4 | 78·7 | ... | ... |
| Jaipur .............. | 103·2 | 79·6 | ... | ... |
| Kotah .............. | 94·5 | 74·1 | 0·75 | 0·83 |
| Bhuj.............. | 100·6 | 79·5 | ... | 0·04 |
| Dwarka .............. | 87·8 | 81·7 | ... | 0·21 |
| Veraval .............. | 84·1 | 79·3 | 0·04 | 1·07 |
| Rajkot .............. | 87·6 | 76·5 | 0·27 | 4·14 |
| Bhavnagar Para.............. | 91·1 | 78·0 | 0·45 | 1·14 |
| Surat .............. | 84·1 | 77·6 | 0·42 | 1·86 |
| Ahmedabad.............. | 83·1 | 75·7 | 0·84 | 2 90 |
| Deesa .............. | 81·3 | 73·9 | 0·28 | 0·39 |
| Neemuch.............. | 84·0 | 66·8 | 1·55 | 1·59 |
| Indore .............. | 96 1 | 75·1 | 0·05 | 0·05 |
| Jubbulpore .............. | 102·8 | 80·3 | 0·02 | 0·03 |
| Saugor .............. | 100·6 | 75·0 | ... | 1·73 |
| Hoshangabad .............. | 104·1 | 76·4 | 0·11 | 0·11 |
| Khandwa.............. | 101·7 | 78·1 | ... | 1·31 |
| Akola .............. | 104·2 | 79·1 | 0·05 | 0·23 |
| Amraoti .............. | 103·3 | 81·3 | ... | 0·01 |
| Nagpur.............. | 102·6 | 82 8 | ... | 0·25 |
| Chanda .............. | 106 0 | 86·0 | 0·01 | 0·07 |
| Raipur.............. | 104·7 | 78·6 | 0·30 | 0 35 |
| Bombay .............. | 86·1 | 78·1 | 0·48 | 1·49 |
| Ratnagiri.............. | 87·3 | 76·4 | 0 87 | 2·48 |
| Mormugao .............. | 92·0 | 77·7 | 0·86 | 1·93 |
| Karwar .............. | 88·3 | 76·0 | 0·58 | 3·24 |
| Malegaon.............. | 94·9 | 69·1 | ... | 0·95 |
| Ahamednagar.............. | 92·4 | 71·0 | ... | 0·48 |
| Poona .............. | 86·0 | 71·8 | 0·14 | 0 68 |
| Sholapur .............. | 98·8 | 75·9 | ... | 0 07 |
| Bijapur .............. | 95·2 | 75·2 | ... | 0·10 |
| Belgaum .............. | 83·3 | 68 6 | 0·06 | 0·07 |
| Aurangabad.............. | 95 2 | 71·2 | 0·23 | 0·23 |
| Nizamabad (Indur) .............. | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Hyderabad .............. | 100·8 | 79·7 | ... | ... |
| Mangalore .............. | 87·8 | 72·3 | 0·87 | 3·11 |
| Calicut.............. | 88·3 | 76·1 | 2·52 | 5·15 |
| Cochin .............. | 87·7 | 76·3 | 1·75 | 3·84 |
| Colombo .............. | 86·5 | 75·5 | 1·36 | 1·55 |
| Masulipatam .............. | 101·3 | 85·2 | ... | 1·05 |
| Bellary .............. | 100·0 | 76·3 | ... | 0·18 |
| Cuddapah .............. | 105·7 | 84·1 | ... | 0·43 |
| Madras.............. | 104·5 | 82·5 | ... | ... |
| Bangalore .............. | 91·8 | 69·3 | 0·07 | 0·74 |
| Coimbatore .............. | 96·4 | 73·3 | ... | ... |
| Trichinopoly .............. | 101·6 | 74·3 | 0·17 | 0·17 |
| Negapatam .............. | 101 0 | 79·0 | ... | ... |

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

Wealth of hair is wealth indeed, especially to a woman. If your hair falls out, is too thin, or is losing its color, use

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Lotion—Eau Marie Louise, Eau Nairisa—Eau de Violettes de Parme.
Fondre—Marie Louise—Violet de Parme—Queen White Rose, Jasmin Reine.
Savon—Boquet Edward VII. Violettes de Parme—Royal Lilas—Royal Heleotrope.

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Chemists and General Merchants,
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NEAR CRAWFORD MARKET,
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WORN-OUT, RUN DOWN.

Conditions we so often find in, and so often are we unable to find a cause. We grow tired over ordinarily easy work, old before our time, listless and lifeless and without energy or ambition. Appetite grows poor sleepless nights are passed no desire for work or plesure. Then troubles of the nerves, the head, the stomach, liver, bowels, blood, in fact, the entire system is undermined and overcome. Such an array of system is appalling—but liability of same is certainty. Blood and nerve diseases are silent and insidious and do deadly work with little warning. At the first sign of the smallest symptom of nerve disorder get in touch with that King of all remedies.—

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Their marvellous curative effects are manifested from the first day of their administration by a remarkable increase of nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of courage, strength and comfort. Digestion is invigorated, appetite increases wonderfully, bowels becomes regular, countenance clear and ruddy, the eyes bright, sight improved, the step and gait again elastic and determined, the temper cheerful, the brain again active, memory tenacious, bodily nourishment increased and energy restored.

FREE.—In order to prove the abovementioned effects a trial bottle lasting for two days will be forwarded post paid to any person sending two annas postage stamps. Read these evidences.

J. R. Gaikwad, Mamlatdar of Sakri, writes that "Please send two bottles of Prof. James' Electro Tonic Pearls by V. P. P. as soon as possible. They give good effects."

Mr. J. C. Britto from Ponda, writes that—"Prof. James' Electro-Tonic Pearls did me more good than all other medicine or Pills, or the most marvellous Electric belt, that would be produced. Please send immediately two bottles of it.'

M. N. Venkataramier, Pleader from Kulitala, writes that I feel some good effect from Prof. James' Electro-Tonic Pearls. Kindly send one more bottle of it, per V. P. P."

Santokhsingh, B.A., Law Professor, Police Training College Moradabad, writes: "I have tried two bottles of Prof. James' Electro-Tonic Pearls and have found them very useful. Please send two more bottles of it, per V. P. P."

Please write clearly.

Price, Rs. 2 per bottle of 40 Pills.
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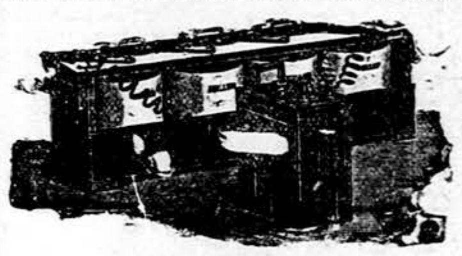

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# PROPRIETARY AND FORT HIGH SCHOOL, GRANT ROAD.

## EXTRACT FROM THE REPORT OF THE EDL. INSPECTOR, 1909-10.

MR. KARANDIKAR says :—"I went round the classes with Mr. Taleyarkhan and found the mixed method was employed in the school. The Teacher and the pupils SPEAK TO EACH OTHER IN ENGLISH ; and it has improved the students' POWER OF EXPRESSION. MORAL INSTRUCTION, including RELIGIOUS INSTRUCTION, confined to Parsis, finds place in the work of the School. The School has a PLAY-GROUND, near the School, A RARE THING IN BOMBAY. Mr. Taleyarkhan, the Principal of the School, ENCOURAGES PRIVATE READING. He has arranged for SUNDAY EXCURSIONS and seems to be VERY KEEN about improving his School. On the whole I found the school doing USEFUL WORK."

SCHOOL REOPENS 9th June.

# SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

### MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

### DOCKYARD.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| H M S Fox | Comdr Hunt | Royal Navy |
| R I M S Lapwing | Lt Comdr MacLean | Royal Navy |
| R I M S Hardinge | Comdr Farewell | R I M |
| R I M S Northbrook | Comdr W B Haddleston | R I M S |
| R I M S Dufferin | Comdr A J Marsack | R I M |
| R I M S Investigator | Comdr W Y Beauchamp | Survey Street |
| H M S Redbreast | Comdr Shutter | Royal Navy |
| R I M S Polinarus | Comdr Taylor | R I M S |

### VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—June 6.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Arcadia | 3513 | Barcham | P&O S N & Co |
| Aidgate | 2208 | King | W & A Graham & Co |
| Abydos | 1940 | Robertson | |
| Afganistan | 2849 | Bliault | Ewart Latham & Co |
| Aleppo | 2537 | Braddley | J Finlay & Co |
| Beme | 1899 | Barrand | Shaw, Wallace & Co |
| Budrie | 1618 | Collinson | A Jeewaji |
| Braunfels | 3558 | Schmidt | W&A Graham & Co |
| Calcutta | 2244 | Fuller | T Morrison & Co |
| Clematis | 2368 | Robinson | Andrew Zuel & Co |
| Clan Sutherland | 1794 | Rodger | J Finlay |
| Dwarka | 759 | Moxon | M M & Co |
| Feliciana | 2765 | Falck | T Morrison& Co |
| Folmina | 2546 | Eijken | M M & Co |
| Firoozi | 2005 | Primrose | B & P S N & Co |
| Hild | 719 | Salvesen | F F Campbell & Co |
| Heronspool | 2105 | Jones | |
| Himalaya | 3700 | Spicer | P & O S N & Co |
| Kenzler | 1865 | Ulrich | A Strandish |
| Lhasa | 950 | McDearmid | M M & Co |
| Megna | 772 | Maude | M M & Co |
| Mazagon | 3279 | Cooklier | M M & Co |
| Magdala | 3133 | Limond | |
| Najmi | 2522 | Hallet | E & A M Jeewanji |
| Nowshera | 1961 | Rose | M M & Co |
| Nawab | 2041 | Corkhill | T Morrison |
| Orissa | 3525 | Kedslie | M M & Co |
| Pennine Range | 2214 | Blance | |
| Persiana | 2616 | Garrett | T Morrison & Co |
| Radiant | 1845 | Stuart | R A Willis |
| R Rubatino | 2681 | Mencine | F R & Co |
| Shah Jehan | 2566 | Born | B & H S N & Co |
| Saifi | 502 | Willoughley | B & H S N & Co |
| Springburn | 3173 | Crosthwaite | W&A Graham & Co |
| Strathgarry | 2840 | Neill | W & A Graham & Co |
| Vadala | 2164 | Ramage | M M & Co |
| Wildenfels | 3559 | Kuckens | W&A Graham & Co |
| Zoroaster | 2376 | Wickham | W&A Graham & Co |

### VESSELS IN DOCK.—June 6.

### PRINCE'S DOCK.

| Vessel. | Ton. | Capt. | Dest. | Date. | Agents. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| A Calliope | 2498 | Knot | Antwerp | 6 6 | W & A Graham & Co |
| C&R City of Benares | 4468 | Elliot | Karachi | 6 6 | K Nixon & Co |
| D&E Newburn | 2325 | Richards | | 9-6 | W & A Graham & Co |
| O Trowbridge | 2380 | Mrrs | Antwerp | NF | T Morrison & Co |
| H Mahommadi | 1251 | Zeddi | Z'bar | 7 6 | B & P S N & Co |
| K Istrar | 2989 | Jacob | Dunkirk | 4-6 | Killick Nixon & Co |
| L Dwarka | 759 | Moxon | Busreh | 9 6 | M M & Co |
| M Delta | 4780 | Snow | Shanghai | 8 6 | P & O S N & Co |
| N Shirala | 3100 | Cunningham | Calcutta | 6 6 | M M & Co |
| O Clodmoor | 2408 | Mathews | Port Said | 7 6 | W & A Graham & Co |
| Q Kingsway | 2320 | Griffiths | Genoa | 7-6 | T Morrison & Co |

### VICTORIA DOCK.

| Vessel. | Ton. | Capt. | Dest. | Date. | Agents. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 R Rubattino | 2681 | Lingi | Genoa | 15 6 | F & R S N Co |
| 2 Massilia | 3250 | Thomson | Liverpool | 8 6 | W & A Graham & Co |
| 3 Strathford | 2841 | Arnot | Antwerp | 11 6 | W & A G & Co |
| 4 Ettrickdale | 2468 | Stephen | Marmagoa | 8 6 | W&A Graham & Co |
| 6 Ethelwolf | 2814 | Eidman | London | 11 6 | T Morrison & Co |
| 7 Cowder Castle | 3289 | Day | Hull | 14-6 | J Mackentosh & Co |
| 8 Afghanistan | 2848 | Bliault | Rangoon | 9 6 | M M & Co |
| 9 Chanda | 3954 | Tice | Antwerp | 7-6 | M M & Co |
| 10&11 Delhi | 4784 | Gordon | Shanghai | 18 6 | P & O Co |
| 14 Dumra | 762 | Manley | Karachi | 10 6 | M M & Co |
| 16 Northam | 2475 | Donovan | Marseilles | 4 6 | W & A Graham & Co |

Offside P

| Vessel. | Ton. | Capt. | Dest. | Date. | Agents. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Lalpura | 2124 | Kilner | Calcutta | 8 6 | M M & Co |

H W P D

| Vessel. | Ton. | Capt. | Dest. | Date. | Agents. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Netravati | 699 | Cassum | Karachi | 7 6 | B S N Co |
| Ponani | 552 | Hoosein | B Nagar | 7 6 | Bo S N Co Ld |
| Satranji | 517 | Esmail | M Goa | 8 6 | B S N Co Ld |

### ARRIVALS.

| June | Vessels. | Commanders. | From |
|---|---|---|---|
| 5 | Singu s | Nelson | Rangoon, May 16 |
| | Radient (Barque) | Stuart | Sourabaya, Mar 9 |
| | R Rubattino s | Mancini | Genoa, May 18 |
| | Wildenfels s | Kuckins | New York, Ap 21 |
| | Clan Sutherland s. | Rodger | Glasgow, Apr 30 |
| | Dwarka s | Moxon | Busreh, May 28 |

### DEPARTURES.

| June | Vessels. | Commanders. | Destination. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 5 | Shirala s | Cunningham | Calcutta |
| | Goalpara s | Whytehead | Persian Gulf &c |
| | Calliope | Knox | Antwerp &c |

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday :—

Steamer Amatonga, Wooster, for London.

" Ettrickdale, Stepnen, for Marmugoa.

The following vessels began to load yesterday:—

Steamer R Rubattino, for Genoa, &c.

" Dwarka, for Persian Gulf, &c.

" Clan Sutherland, for Liverpool, &c.

" Singu, for Hamburg, etc.

Barque Radiant, for Philadelphia, &c.

### STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

**The Messageries Maritimes Co.'s steamer Nera left Colombo for Bombay on 6th inst., and she is expected here on 9th inst., at 10 a.m.**

**The Austrian Loyd's steamer Trieste, left Trieste on the 3rd inst., and is due here on the 21st inst.**

**The German East Africa Line steamer Somali, left Seychelles for Bombay on the 5th inst.**

**The Florio and Rubattino S. N. Co.'s steamer Ischia from Bombay arrived at Hongkong on the 6th instant.**

### BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR R. W. R. PENNINGTON, COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 6th June.

**Lieutenant E. P. Cudlip B. A. having returned from leave resumes the duties of Adjutant with effect from 4th June 1910.**

E. P. CUDLIP, Lieut.,
Adjt., B. V. A.

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FOR HIRE

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SCHIEDMAYER.
RICHD. LIPP.
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STEINWEG NACHF.
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STOCK IN WESTERN INDIA

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RICHARDSON & CRUDDAS,
BOMBAY.

GENERAL FAMILY
PENSION FUND.
ESTABLISHED 1870.

ACCUMULATED FUNDS, FIFTY-THREE LAKHS

THE objects presented to all Europeans and Anglo-Indians by this Fund are much more suited to the wants of a husband and father than those presented by Insurance Companies securing capital sums payable at death.

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PAINTING MATERIALS
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RUBBER STAMP MAKERS,
KALKADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

### NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seenatt he Officeof "The Bombay Gazette Ld."

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### NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

⁂ All communications of a literary characters should be addressed to THE EDITOR, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the GENERAL MANAGER. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, GENERAL POST OFFICE. BOMBAY.

The Bombay Gazette.

Tuesday, 7th June, 1910.

## GOVERNMENT AND LEPERS.

GOVERNMENT, having had the question of the accommodation of lepers long under consideration, has at last decided that "the time has come to exercise the powers granted by law in order to control, so far as may be, this public danger." And having come to this decision, Government has determined that no time shall be lost in carrying it into effect. It is a gruesome subject and one which has come under public discussion over and over again during the past quarter of a century, twenty-five years ago and on numerous occasions since efforts have been made to remove lepers from our midst. Details of a revolting character have been published, and we have no desire or inclination to repeat them, for the nuisance has become so great that our readers know for themselves the distressing sights which are daily to be seen in densely crowded streets. In certain roads of various parts of the city, long rows of lepers are to be seen, exhibiting their afflictions and soliciting alms. True they come under police notice, but few policemen are willing to handle a leper and when, as happens now and again, a leper vagrant is brought before the Bench the difficulty of suppressing them increases. The jails are not meant for the treatment of contagious diseases and the convicted leper is able to defy the law, as at present applied, and to go back to the spot whence he came to repeat the offence of which he was convicted as often as he wishes. It is believed there is ample accommodation in existing asylums for all the lepers now roaming about the streets, and in the interests of public health and public sentiment every sufferer, be he possessed of ample means, or the most destitute pauper, should be compulsorily confined and prevented either spreading or advertising his disease. Complaints as to the congregation of destitute lepers, have led Government to take belated action. So far as Bombay city is concerned, it is shown to be the duty of the Municipality to provide accommodation for them, and the asylum at Matunga is an admirable institution, so far as it goes. But with the continued expansion of the city and the increase of the leper population the necessity for removing the asylum further out of the densely populated area has become painfully apparent.

Six years ago, as we are reminded by the Press Note issued on Saturday, the then President of the Municipal Corporation stated that very few of the lepers in Bombay belong to the City, and it was his view that the support of lepers coming from up-country should not be a burden on the Bombay rate-payers. The soundness of the contention is admitted by Government, which says it is aware that many of the lepers in the city come from outside, though there is no information to show that the greater number of them are recent immigrants. "It seems not improbable that the majority have been so long in Bombay that they have lost connection with their native places and become regular inhabitants of the City. Government will, however, be prepared to defray the cost of removing from Bombay to asylums in the mofussil all pauper lepers who have been ordered to be detained by a Magistrate under section 3 (1) of the Police Charges Act and who can be shown to have come from the districts within five years. The cost of support of these lepers will then fall upon the funds of the asylum to which they are removed." That arrangement seems fair enough in the absence of any representation from the asylums concerned. But it matters little who pays, or how the amount may be apportioned, so long as we are rid of the presence of these unfortunate people among us. Government, however, anticipates very little immediate expense, believing that already sufficient accommodation exists for as many lepers as it is necessary to remove from populous centres. So the provisions of the Lepers Act of 1898 are to be forthwith applied, without waiting for the provision of further accommodation. Hardship in isolated cases may occur, but the greatest good of the greatest number must dominate the action of Government and the necessity for firm as well as prompt action is sufficiently accentuated.

We trust the Municipality will lose no time in complying with the request of Government for proposals as to how the Act shall be enforced, or in furnishing the list of trades and callings which should be prohibited to lepers. In asking for this list Government displays an unnecessary desire to be merciful for whatever medical men may say as to contagion, lepers should be kept as far removed from contact with the healthy population as possible, and no calling or trade should be open to them which would bring them either in direct contact with other persons or with their apparel or food. To leper should be given as much room as the poet asked for him and the list of prohibited trades should err on the side of strictness rather than of leniency. With regard to the case of little children of leprous parents who remain at present in continual and close touch at the asylums, at the risk of being considered harsh and inhumane, we hold that Government's suggestions are likely to fail in their object. It is reported—presumably by asylum authorities—that 50 per cent. of these children become lepers. This may perhaps be an exaggerated estimate, says the Government communication. It is equally probable that there is no exaggeration, either wilful or accidental. But no doubt a considerable number of them contract the disease from their parents. "It appears desirable therefore that each asylum should be provided with a separate nursery for the unaffected children, who should live in it under the care of a matron as soon as they are old enough to be taken from their mothers, the parents being allowed free access to their children during certain hours of the day. The building required would be quite small, as the number of children to be provided for is not large," and "this humane suggestion" is to be brought to the notice of the Corporation. Free access to the children during certain hours may have as dire consequences as unrestricted contact, and we trust before framing its reply the Corporation will call for the most carefully prepared information from Matunga. For Government is inclined to act with the utmost possible humanity as will be seen not only from its suggestions with regard to children, but also from its expressed desire to interfere as little as possible with places where a large number of lepers ordinarily reside in the belief that a stay at these places and prayer and worship at the sacred shrines or temples there conduce towards relief from the disease. If there is a large number of affected persons living at any of these places, Government thinks advantage may perhaps be taken of this article of faith in the people in the selection of sites for leper asylums in future. Many persons suffering from the disease, it is thought, would probably voluntarily resort to the asylum at such places, and doubtless they would. Such being the case, would it not be better to provide experimental asylums at Narosaba's well and Oudamber rather than to remind Commissioners of the existence of the Matunga Asylum, which, as we have said, should be closed altogether with as little delay as possible?

◆

THE RISE OF GOLF. ALTHOUGH the rumour that J. H. Taylor and Harry Vardon, the well-known golf professionals are coming to Calcutta to open the new course has not been confirmed, it is interesting as indicating the advances which the game has made in India, and the rise of India to a place of some importance in the golfing world. Not many years ago the idea that any first-class golfer, not even dreaming of an open champion, should come to India to play serious golf, would have been laughed at as the height of absurdity. The fact therefore that two of the great triumvirate are even considering an offer to play through an Indian "green" shows that some change has occurred. There have, of course, been few attempts in India to make courses on anything approaching the principles of construction at home, and no doubt the majority of our so-called links would only raise a contemptuous smile on the face of the home golfer. We, in India, know our limitations and do not attempt impossibilities. But when we consider that almost every station, no matter how small, has golf links of some sort, and that nearly every man and woman in that station knocks round that course at some time or other in the week, the extent to which the game is played would considerably astonish most golfers at home, and should arouse their admiration. India may not have the makings of good courses and good players, but she certainly has in spite of her climate the makings of enthusiastic devotees. Witness the number of men who in spite of sports which are much more suitable to their surroundings still stick to their driver and their irons, and religiously do their morning round. Of such testimonies to the fascination of the game, St. Andrew's should be proud. If Calcutta can induce Taylor and Vardon to visit them it will be the first time that any of the foremost professional golfers have come East. Their visit will mark an era in the game in India and may have the more practical value of teaching us better to twist into shape such unpromising country as we have. Such a visit we should hope would not be confined to Calcutta. Many people in his Presidency, no doubt, would like to see the champions at Nasik.

◆

IRRIGATION IN MADRAS. THE annual report on irrigation works in the Madras Presidency for 1908-9 shows a total expenditure of Rs. 65·09 lakhs compared with 65·96 lakhs in the previous year, and the total revenue advanced by about 5 3/4 lakhs to two crores and nearly 50 lakhs. There was an increase of 43,000 acres in the area irrigated. Of the several new works, which have been sanctioned, progress was possible for various reasons in only a few. Of the four protective works which were sanctioned during the year only one, the Rushekulya could be put into operation, it being found necessary to revise the other three. The estimate of the Nagavalli river prospect was returned for amendment by the Government of India, and while an expenditure of nearly a lakh was contemplated on the Seddapur tank scheme, scarcity of water, an unhealthy location, and the difficulty of obtaining sufficient contractors to undertake the work, prevented more than about a quarter of the progress intended being made. An advance was made with the Divi pumping-works for which an estimate of nearly 20 lakhs was passed early in the year and the area irrigated by these has increased by about one-third. Receipts from the larger productive works were on the whole satisfactory, realising 77·4 lakhs or 9·5 per cent. of the capital outlay, and this would have been higher but for a poor return on the Kurnool-Cuddapah Canal. The large profit which is to be gained from important works of this class is shown by the statement that, after payment of interest charges, the works in the Presidency show an accumulated profit of 11·8 crores against a total capital outlay of 8·3 crores. Referring to minor works four schemes were sanctioned during the year including the restoration of the ruined Peddanayadu tank of Chinnarowpalem in the Kistna district, which was constructed by the Zemindar of Zuzzar three centuries ago. It was satisfactory to find a considerable reduction of the loss on the navigable canals—from Rs. 65,000 to Rs. 33,000 and also that good progress was made with the construction of minor basins. The Government fully realises the importance of the latter class of work and the total estimates sanctioned till the end of the year are more than a crore.

◆

RABIES IN CEYLON. **RABIES has of recent years become so prevalent an evil in Ceylon that the Government finds itself compelled to take more severe measures for its prevention. The order of 1898 has done little to fight hydrophobia in the island. Under this the Police were given considerable powers. They were to kill any animal affected or if it were in confinement to report it to the authorities for regular visitation. This order, however, does not appear to have been carried out as thoroughly as was intended and the evil of rabies has continued to grow. The Ceylon Government accordingly proposes now to prohibit the importation into the island of dogs from places where rabies is known to be prevalent. Severely as this restriction will perhaps bear on individual cases, it is one which can only be regarded as reasonable. In the East where such a widespread and terrible danger exists from dogs, they should be permitted to be kept only under the strictest supervision and restrictions. Dog-owners will no doubt raise an outcry against the proposed prohibition, but it will most certainly be in the interest of the community and the Government should be in no way deterred. In Ceylon there is no institute for treating the disease which makes the danger graver and the nearest place at which dog-bitten persons can be treated is Coonoor. In cases reported by the police of persons too poor to defray the expenses of the journey, the Government like the Governments in India have humanely borne the cost.**

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THE P. and O. Company's s.s. "Salsette" with the outward mails of the 27th ultimo, left Aden at 3 p.m., on Sunday and is expected to arrive in Bombay at 6 a.m., on Friday next.

A SPECIAL meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation will be held in the Municipal Office on Monday, the 13th June, at 4 p.m. (Bombay Time), for the consideration of a letter from the Commissioner, regarding certain proposals made by Government in connection with the Corporation's application for raising a loan of Rs. 55 lakhs.

THE goods traffic on the B. B. & C. I. Railway for the week ending 14th May 1910, shows an increase over the corresponding week of 1909 of 659,504 maunds with a decrease of Rs. 109 in the earnings.

THE Chilian Government is in negotiation with an English firm for the construction of three hundred miles of railway to link up the centre of the country with the nitrate region. The cost is estimated at four million sterling.

ACCORDING to a Parliamentary paper just issued, the expenditure on poor relief in England for the half-year ended Michaelmas, 1909, was £7,452,534, or an increase of £135,231 over the total for the corresponding period of 1908.

A SEOUL dispatch to Tokio says that the idea of unifying the Japanese Garrisons in Korea and Manchuria is to be carried out before long, and the garrisoning troops in Korea are to be reinforced.

THE death has occurred at Brighton of Major J.F.A. McNair, late of the Royal Artillery, at the age of eighty-one. Major McNair entered the Army in 1845 and became a major in 1870 on his retirement. He was a captain in the Royal (Madras) Artillery and a Companion of the Order of St. Michael and St. George.

MAJOR-GENERAL G. J. PASLEY, late of the East India Company's service, has died at St. Leonards on Sea, at the age of seventy-five. He was a son of Col. G. J. Pasley, and, entering the East Indian Army in 1850, served in the Sonthal campaign of 1855. He attained the rank of major-general in 1891, and in 1893 was placed on the Unemployed Supernumerary List.

MR. G. VON L. MEYER, Secretary of the U. S. Navy, has called for the resignation o Rear-Admiral E. B. Rogers, Paymaster-Genera of the Navy. At the Cabinet meeting the Secretary reported to President Taft that Rear-Admiral Rogers had practically refused to carry out his instructions relative to the naval supply fund and had put obstacles in the way of the proper administration of the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts and that he was now unable to strike a trial balance of his accounts or show an efficient system of book-keeping. There will probably be a sweeping change throughout the Bureau.

# UNDER THE SOUTHERN CROSS.

## GAMBLING IN AUSTRALIA.

## The Coal Strike Leaders.

## BUSHRANGING DAYS RECALLED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

*MELBOURNE, MAY 24.

There is a perennial outcry against the evils of gambling, particularly in regard to its being an accompaniment of horse-racing. In South Australia the totalizator is legalised and the bookmaker is suppressed, although the latter flourishes in some of the other States. The most strenuous efforts are continually being made to prevent people from investing money in the popular lottery known as "Tattersall's Consultation," which, however, still manages to carry on a profitable existence, remunerative not only to its promoters and the successful speculators, but a source of considerable revenue to the Tasmanian Government. While it certainly appears rather an anamalous condition of affairs to permit one form of gambling and prohibit another as in this State, the voluminous evidence so far given on either side proves that there are sound arguments both for and against well regulated gambling and the question is a difficult one to settle satisfactorily. In Western Australia the people have recently passed through the throes of an anti-gambling campaign. The Acting Premier has been interviewed on the subject by four deputations—the Council of Churches, the horsebreeders, the Whippet Racing Club, and the representatives of unregistered racing clubs. The Church Council urged that the laws relating to gambling should be put into immediate operation, but the reply they received was that the Government wanted public opinion behind them in such cases. No explanation was given as to why laws in existence should not be enforced. The horse-trainers' deputation dwelt on the value of the turf. Mr. Charles Summers, M.L.C., stated that horses already in training in the State were valued at £30,000 and stud horses at £50,000. The wages paid amounted to between £2,000 and £3,000 a year. The anxiety of the deputation was apparently to retain the bookmaker. Mr. Wilson, the Acting Premier, remarked that the fact that they were breeding high-class horses was not in itself an evil. "The evil arose when youngsters, women, and also men began to squander their means of livelihood." This seems to be the one thing most desirable to prevent, but the difficulty is how to prevent it by law. Both the Goldfields Whippet Club and the representatives of the unregistered clubs acknowledged that they were mainly dependent upon the bookmakers, who were essential factors in connection with the sport. Yet the totalizator is legalised in Western Australia. The question naturally arises why the totalizator is not just as likely to encourage betting as the bookmaker.

### KANGAROO ISLAND.

No question has received more attention from politicians than the problem of developing Kangaroo Island, which was "discovered" only a few years ago. The boom in land values was to some extent counteracted by the cautious view taken by the earlier settlers, many of whom were reluctant to countenance the glowing optimism of later arrivals, and gradually the conviction gained ground that while certain areas of the island were well adapted for cereal and root crops, the great bulk of the land was inferior in character and unsuited for agricultural operations. For some years there has been a strong agitation for a light line of railway through the centre of the island to promote agricultural development, and a fortnight ago members of the Royal Commission, appointed a couple of years ago paid a visit to the island. On Tuesday important evidence was given before the Commission at Parliament House by Mr. E. B. Jones (Government valuator), Professor Angus (Director of Agriculture) and Mr. A. E. V. Richardson (Assistant Director of Agriculture). All three were unanimous in their opinion of the soil, which they said was generally speaking distinctly inferior to the average quality of South Australian agricultural land. Mr. Richardson, who has been closely associated with the agricultural experiments conducted in the different hundreds, was examined at great length by Mr. H. Jackson. M.P. He expressed the belief that the productive capacity of the land could be increased by liberal manuring to supply those constituents at present lacking in the soil but remarked that they were faced with the important question whether it would pay. It was elicited that some complaints had been made as to the manner in which is the experiments had been conducted, but both Professor Angus and Mr. Richardson said they were satisfied that the manurial tests were carried out conscientiously by the farmers who undertook the work. It was stated, however that an officer from Parafield had been sent across to supervise the experiments this season, and the experts are confident that the results will be perfectly accurate this year. Members of the Commission expressed the hope that a reliable departmental officer would be sent to the island to superintend the seeding and harvesting of the crops, so that there will be no reason for complaint in the future.

### THE CLAIMS OF THE LAND.

The complaint of some of the men on the land of the country that as soon as the boys are big enough they want to get away and live in the city has a pathetic ring to it, which attaches the sympathy of the city man who wishes from the bottom of his heart that his boy would leave town, where he is doing no good and go on the land, where, with a fair share of luck, he should, in the course of a few years, have established himself a substantial citizen with values at his back and in his bank. There is no line of life in Australia which offers so much to the intelligent young man, so much of profit other than money, so much of life and all that makes life enjoyable, so much work, such sound sleep, such good health, so hearty an appetite, and so full a wallet when the time comes as it should once or twice a year, for a trip to the city—to the show in September and the Cup meeting in May. There is no doubt as to the status of the man on the land in these times of prosperity, which are likely to continue. There is no avocation where profits can be so speedily realised ; none in which honest toil so quickly comes to its reward. And there are other values. Let us quote from Danial Webster:—"The farmers are the founders of civilisation. Not only that—they are the lasting foundation. Let us not forget that the cultivation of the earth is the most important labor of man. Unstable is the future of a country which has lost its taste for agriculture. If there is one lesson of history that is unmistakable it is that national strength lies very near the soil."

### BUSHRANGING DAYS RECALLED.

**"Anything known previously against this man?" asked Mr. Abrahim Levy, J.P., chairman of the Ballarat East police court on Wednesday when a quiet looking individual named John Franklin Dermoody had pleaded guilty to being drunk and disorderly. "Well, all I can say, your worships," replied the sergeant, "is that it is nearly 40 years ago since he was last before this court. He once caused a great stir in Victoria, and he has had a remarkable career." The bench, looking in wonder at the prisoner, said :—"It's a long time since you were last here, Dermoody, You're discharged." With the exception of Sergeant Kealey, no one in court was acquainted with the accused, and, with only two exceptions, all in the court were not born when the man was previously before that bench. Thirty-eight years ago Dermoody, when only twenty years of age, figured prominently in a sensation that occurred at the Ballarat gaol. He was concerned with the notorious Captain Moonlight and four others in an outbreak from the goal. The names of the other prisoners were Plunkett, Stapleton, Marshall and Taylor. All were at the time awaiting trial in the adjacent Criminal Court, before Judge Warrington Rogers. Captain Moonlight had been committed on a charge of breaking into a bank at Egerton, whilst Dermoody was to be presented for robbery at Clunes. The escape was planned by Moonlight and Dermoody. It was set for the night before the sittings of the Criminal Court. Dermoody was employed in the gaol kitchen, and secreted a butchers' knife in his clothing. Moonlight and Dermoody occupied adjoining cells, and communication was opened up through the wall by the simple process of hacking out a brick or two with the butcher's knife. By 1 o'clock the men were ready to strike their blow for freedom. Moonlight, as arranged, pulled the night bell in his cell. Moonlight was bent almost double in his effort at simulating a fearful pain in the stomach. He suggested that the warder, named Irwin, should get some hot water to relieve the pain. As soon as the wardalong footsteps had ceased to echoer's the corridor. Dermoody pushed against the door of his cell, and the lock fell useless. The butcher's knife had also served to cut through the sheet iron which lined the door. The unsuspecting warder approached with the hot water, and was seized by the two men. He was carried to the kitchen, and gagged and bound with a blanket to the cook's table. Captain Moonlight and Dermoody then set free the other prisoners named, and all escaped from the prison. This was effected by means of a rope and a stool, with which they reached the high wall of the prison, and next lowered themselves on to the roadway. Moonlight was recaptured at Bendigo, and was subsequently sentenced to twelve months' imprisonment, six months of the term being spent in irons. Moonlight, who was the son of a clergyman, and was himself a lay reader, was in later years hanged at the Darlinghurst gaol, New South Wales, for murder. The fellow escapers of Captain Moonlight were not concerned in the bank robbery, but were awaiting trial for petty larcenies. Dermoody, who is an American by birth, and is now 58 years of age, is still hale and hearty. He does not look his age. On being interviewed to-day he told a lengthy story regarding his career. He stated he was only 19 years of age when his escapade with Captain Moonlight occurred at the Ballarat gaol, and for which he, like Moonlight, whose proper surname was Scott, received twelve months' imprisonment. It is now, he says, his intention to settle down in Ballarat, after leading a wandering life for nearly 40 years. He will reside at Soldiers' Hill with his wife and family. During his wanderings Dermoody has not been in the hands of the police for any serious offence, but he states that the drink curse, which was originally the cause of his downfall has followed him through life. He now, however, intends to make an endeavour to lead a new life. With this intention he will take the pledge and will also try to steady himself by seeking the consolation and comfort of religion, which for a long time he had neglected, Dermoody added that his said experience had shown him that a man is a fool who turns has back upon his Creator and his religion. He is also convinced that there can only be one termination awaiting such a course. Dermoody, in closing the interview, stated that the changes in the appearance of Ballarat since he escaped nearly, 40 years ago with Captain Moonlight and others from the gaol have been marvellous. He inquired casually the name of the gentleman now acting as governor of the Ballarat goal, which he remarked presented a more pretentious appearance than it did during the period when he was confined there. Dermoody on leaving the court this morning shook hands with Sergeant Kealey, whom he had known at Yea in the bushranging days many years ago.**

### THE COAL STRIKE LEADERS.

**The Cabinet on Tuesday dealt with the proposed release of some of the strike leaders and the reduction of the sentences of others. Mr. Wade (the premier) stated that several petitions had been received on behalf of persons convicted of various offences in connection with the recent coal strike. The representations had received careful consideration. The Government, owing to the special nature of the offences, and further bearing in mind that on the occasion of the accession of King George V. to the Throne, an exhibition of clemency would be appropriate, had decided to meet the representations made in a particular manner. A petition was presented by Mr. W. M. Hughes, M. H. R., asking clemency on behalf of O'Connor, Butler, and Hutton, who were sentenced on January 27 to imprisonment for eight months' while a petition was received from Mr. Alfred Eddon, M.L.A., on behalf of Bowling, Brennan, Burns, Lewis, and Gray, who were sentenced on February 10 to 18 months' imprisonment with hard labour. The Cabinet, Mr. Wade said, had decided that O'Connor, Butler, and Hutton should be released forthwith, and that Brennan, Burns, Lewis, and Gray should be allowed out in August next, after actually serving a period of six months from the date of conviction. With regard to Bowling who was sentenced in company with Butler, Hutton, and O'Connor, to 12 months' imprisonment, and in conjunction with Burns and others to a further period of 18 months, being cumulative on the previous sentence or to two years and six months in all, it was decided that he should be released after he had actually served 12 months. Although no petition was recently received on behalf of Stokes and May who were undergoing sentences in connection with offences committed during the disturbances at Broken Hill at the beginning of last year, the Cabinet decided that the occasion was a proper one under the special circumstances now existing to review the sentences. May, who was sentenced on May 3, 1909, to two years' imprisonment, is to be released forthwith, and Stokes who received a sentence of three years on the same date, and whose case did not present the same favourable feature as that of May, will be released on December 21 next. At a meeting of the central executive of the Political Labour Council at Melbourne, May 16, the following resolution was carried:—"That this executive repeats its protest against the detention, and demands the immediate release of Peter Bowling and the other industrial prisoners, now goal in New South Wales." At a special meeting of the women's organising committee the same object was under consideration, and it was decided to endeavour to exhibit in some degree the feeling in matter, be showing that a petition with 10,000 woman's signatures could be obtained by labour women residents of the inner metropolis, in short space of a week.**

### ALLEGED FALSE IMPRISONMENT.

The hearing of the case in which Peter Fedorovitch Varawa, a Russian subject, is claiming £20,000 damages for false imprisonment at Sydney in January, 1905, from the Howard Smith Company, was heard on Saturday. On January 21, 1905, following negotiations for the sale of the steamer Peregrine, the defendant company instituted proceedings against Varawa for breach of agreement, and he was arrested when leaving New South Wales and held in Darlinghurst Gaol on a writ of capias for 11 days until security for £4,000 was forthcoming. On this the present action was brought. The defendant company denied liability, or that Varawa had any excuse for the action. Mr. Mitchell, K.C., on behalf of the defendant company, contended that as the order directing the issue of the writ of capias had not been set aside, as the action brought by the company against Varawa had not been determined before this action was brought. Varawa should not succeed. He also claimed that the action could not lie on the allegation that there had been an abuse of the processes of the Court, and that no such abuse had been shown. Mr. Duffy, K. C., who appeared for Varawa, claimed that as the judgment in the first action was that of a foreign Court it was not necessary that it should be determined before this action was brought in Victoria. He argued that the order for a writ of capias was not to hold Varawa but to force the Russian Government to pay a sum of money, independent of the merits of the case, and this constituted an abuse of the processes of the Court. Mr. Justice a Beckett said that he did not think that he should stop the case from going to the jury and certainly not on the question of proceedings being taken before the action in New South Wales was terminated. He would not enter a verdict for the defendant company, as asked, considering that the case should go to the jury.

### A BOOKMAKER'S CLERK.

**When an application was made to the Full Court at Sydney yesterday on behalf of Lewis Stimpson Flett that he should be allowed to resume practice as a solicitor, it was stated that after his return from the South African war in 1901 he failed to obtain employment in Melbourne in a solicitor's office and accepted a position as clerk to a bookmaker. He was in that employment for seven years, but latterly he had been employed in a solicitor's office. Mr. Justice Pring said that he granted the application with very great reluctance. The applicant had been living on the turf which he (Mr. Justice Pring) did not think was very creditable to him. The granting of the present application must not be taken as a precedent in any future application of the kind.**

A.

[*By Telegraph to Perth W. A.]

FROM Edinburgh the death is reported of Admiral David Robertson Macdonald—a grandson of Principal Robertson, the historian—at the age of ninety-three.

FROM Melbourne Mr. McKenzie, Victorian Minister for Lands, and Mr. Elwood Mead, Chairman of the Water Commission, have sailed for England in connection with the Government's immigration scheme.

## SITUATION IN CHINA.

### NANKING EXHIBITION OPENED QUIETLY.

### Disarming of Disaffected Troops.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)
LONDON, JUNE 6.

The Nanking Exhibition was opened yesterday. No disturbance took place.

Seven thousand foreign drilled troops, who were under suspicion, were previously disarmed, and their places were taken by 8,000 others.

## THE SICILIAN EARTHQUAKE.

### King Victor Recognises Assistance.

LONDON, JUNE 6.

In recognition of assistance rendered at the time of the Sicilian earthquake, King Victor Emanuel has conferred a number of gold medals on recipients including members of the Indian and Japanese Governments and the Prince Regent of China.

## U. S. RAILROAD BILL.

### Insurgent Republicans still Scoring.

LONDON, JUNE 6.

The United States Senate has finally passed the Railroad Bill for the control of inter-state railways, with further excisions and limitations to satisfy the insurgent Republicans.

## AMERICA'S GREAT PROBLEM.

### To Meet the Advance of Socialism.

LONDON, JUNE 5.

Speaking at Jackson in Michigan yesterday, President Taft proclaimed Socialism to be the great problem confronting America. He declared that the issue would soon come and must be skilfully met.

## THE FRENCH SUBMARINE.

### Collision Stops Salvage Operations.

LONDON, JUNE 5.

Salvage operations on the "Pluvoise" have been suspended, owing to the stoving in of the pontoon in collision with the submarine's conning-tower.

## THE NICARAGUAN INSURRECTION.

### An American Accomplice Arrested.

LONDON, JUNE 6.

The Nicaraguan Government forces have captured an American named Pittham who is charged with laying mines for insurgents at Bluefields. He will be court-martialled. Washington advices report that the Government has telegraphed to the President of Nicaragua that it expects fair and humane treatment of Pittham.

## THE TURKISH HEIR-APPARENT.

### Received in Audience by Austrian Emperor.

LONDON, JUNE 6.

Emperor Francis Joseph, yesterday, received the Turkish Heir-Apparent in private audience. The Archduke Franz Ferdinand gave a banquet to the Prince on Saturday. The latter will arrive at Belgrade on Thursday. He will stay two days and a grand review will be held in his honour.

## THE GOVERNOR OF CANADA.

### Rumours about Earl Grey's Renewed Term.

LONDON, JUNE 6.

Earl Grey is starting for London unexpectedly. This occassions many surmises in Canada regarding the prospects of renewed term of his Governorship.

## THE EX-SULTAN OF MOROCCO.

### Starts on the Hadj.

LONDON, JUNE 6.

The ex-Sultan of Morocco, Abdul Aziz, leaves Tangier to-morrow for Alexandria en route to Mecca.

## THE RUBBER BOOM.

### Present Prices Absurd.

LONDON, JUNE 6.

The President of the American Rubber Trust, in an interview, predicted great reductions in the price of raw material within a year. The present price, he said, was absurd.

## THE IN-COMING MAIL.

ADEN, JUNE 5.

The P. and O. s. s. "Salsette" with the English mails of the 27th ultimo, left for Bombay at 3 p.m. to-day, and the steamer "Moldavia" for Colombo and Australia at 4 p.m. to-day.

## THE KING'S FUNERAL AND BLUE-JACKETS.

### King George's Graceful Acknowledgment.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]
LONDON, JUNE 6.

King George received at Marlborough House the hundred blue-jackets of H.M.S. "Excellent" who drew the gun-carriage at King Edward's funeral. His Majesty confided the gun-carriage to the keeping of the blue-jackets and presented each with the Victorian Medal.

## PUNJAB HINDUS.

### Protest against the Peshawar Riots.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).
LAHORE, JUNE 6.

The Punjab Hindu Sabha, at its meeting on Sunday, passed a resolution of sympathy with the organisation of an All India Hindu Association. There is no foundation in the report appearing in certain papers to the effect that the Hindu Sabha is contemplating affiliation with the All India Hindu Association. At the annual election of office-bearers of Hindu Sabha, Sir Protul Chandra Chatterji has been elected President vice Hon'ble Thakar Mohan Chand, Rai Bahadur Lal Chand as Vice-President vice Rai Bahadur Jai Kishen Das, Hon'ble Rai Bahadur Shadi Lal as General Secretary and Lalas Gopal Chand and Roshen Lal as Secretaries.

The Punjab Hindu Sabha is contemplating to send a memorial representing the grievances of Hindus in Peshawar to the Viceroy. The idea of forming an all India Hindu deputation seems so far to have been dropped.

Addressing students of the fourth year class, the Principal of Dyanand Anglo-Vedic College, Lahore, said "Ever since 1907 have students at the time of their leaving College been binding themselves with solemn promise of paying one pice per rupee of their incomes and yours is but a reiteration of that holy vow, a repetition of what shall be repeated let me hope times out of numbers."

## THE SIMLA EXODUS.

### Attempt to Bring down Expenditure.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
SIMLA, JUNE 6.

Various rumours have appeared in the press regarding the Simla exodus. As already stated the Army Department and subordinate offices will winter in Simla this season. It is only natural, for from time immemorial Simla has been the permanent location of the Army headquarters. The statement that Calcutta will be gradually abandoned is without any foundation. In fact the tendency is in the opposite direction. I have reason to believe that the Government of India is beginning to seriously consider the question of the exodus and an attempt will be made to reduce the cost of the annual move. In Lord Curzon's time the expenditure grew almost out of hand and if the normal figure of pre-Curzon days can be reached, much will be done to pacify opposition now existing on this matter.

## NANGLA DACOITY CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
CALCUTTA, JUNE 6.

A Special Tribunal of the High Court assembled this morning to try Abanibhusan Chuckerbutty, approver in the Nangla Dacoity Case, under the charge of dacoity. The Tribunal was presided over by Mr. Justice Holmwood. Before the trial commenced a lengthy discussion followed as to whether the Magistrate of Khulna was justified to order forfeiture of the pardon and commit the accused to a Special Tribunal, the alleged false statement being made in the High Court and not before the Magistrate. A number of reported cases both for and against were cited from Madras, Bombay and Calcutta High Courts. Their Lordships delivered their separate judgments and they all agreed that the Magistrate was proper court to order forfeiture of pardon and case then proceeded.

## RAILWAY BREACHES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
LAHORE, JUNE 6.

Owing to the breaches on the North-Western Railway between Cellput and Lindsay, Up and Down Quetta mails were detained on the 3rd instant. Through-traffic was resumed during the day.

RANGOON, JUNE 6.

To-day's official reports state the real affair in the Mu Valley Railway. It says the embankment south of Shwebo which was breached by the flood was repaired permitting trains running within a mile of Shwebo station Northward of the stations two serious breaches about thirteen miles apart have been made where transhipment is impossible, heavy rains retarding the work on the embankment.

## THREE LAHORE EDITORS WARNED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
LAHORE, JUNE 6.

The Deputy Commissioner, Lahore, called to his Chambers the editors of three vernacular newspapers, namely the "Arjun," the "Hunter," and the "Almujadid" and warned them to be careful in their writings and not to write in a manner that is calculated to injure the susceptibilities of Hindus or Mahomedans. The "Arjun" is edited by Dharam Pal, B.A., a Mahomedan convert to Arya Samaj. The "Hunter" is a Mahomedan paper against whom a Hindu protest meeting was held last year and resolutions drawing attention of Government to its writings were adopted.

## VOLUNTARY EMIGRANTS TO NATAL.

### Private Enterprise.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
MADRAS, JUNE 6.

A large number of coolies from the Telugu districts are being sent to Natal at their own request as emigrants. The Rev. S. N. Thomson of Bapatla has arranged with Sir Liege Hulett, a large and influential tea and sugar planter of Natal, for their reception and welfare.

## SEVERE CHOLERA OUTBREAK IN ASSAM.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
CALCUTTA, JUNE 6.

Cholera has broken out in violent form in parts of Assam. The epidemic has spread over twenty villages in Goolpara and is sweeping away helpless victims every day.

## A FATAL SPOT FOR MOTORS IN MADRAS.

### Serious Accident to Mr. Maxwell.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
MADRAS, JUNE 6.

Mr. J. Maxwell, of the Chartered Bank, met with a serious accident yesterday. He was riding a motor bicycle and in attempting to take the turn on to College Bridge at a high speed, ran into the parapet almost at the same spot as Mr. Beardsell's motor car did a few weeks ago and with similar results, being shot over the parapet into the river bed. I understand, however, that Mr. Maxwell's injuries are not nearly so severe as might be expected from an accident of that character.

LATER.

Further particulars show that about 1-45 p.m. yesterday, Mr. J. Maxwell, of the Chartered Bank of India and Mr. Macbean, Agent of the Oriental Life Insurance Company, Limited, were cycling on their motor cycles towards Nungumbakum and while nearing Anderson's Bridge, Mr. Maxwell took too wide a curve with the result that his machine dashed into the parapet of the bridge and he was thrown into the bed of the Cooum below. Mr. Macbean was too close to avoid Nr. Maxwell and collided with the latter's motor cycles, but managed to jump off his machine in time and only received slight injuries to his wrist. Mr. Macbean went to the relief of Mr. Maxwell who was lying unconscious. In the meanwhile Captain E. W. Brown, I.M.S., had been summoned and having rendered first aid to Maxwell, had him removed to his house, Mr. Maxwell regained conscious shortly afterwards and except for rather nasty cuts on the head, he has sustained no serious injuries and is rapidly recovering.

## BENGAL POLICE METHODS.

### Departmental Enquiry Ordered.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
CALCUTTA, JUNE 6.

In 1907 an attempt was made to wreck a train on Bengal-Nagpur Railway by which the Lieutenant-Governor was travelling at Nareingarh near Midnapore. The police sent up six coolies who were convicted by the Sessions Judge of Midnapore and sentenced one to transportation for life and rest to ten years' rigorous imprisonment each. On appeal, the High Court affirmed the conviction and sentence. It subsequently transpired during the hearing of Alipore bomb case that some of the accused in the bomb case were responsible for the attempt at wrecking the Lieutenant-Governor's train and the coolies who had been convicted were innocent. The Crown relied on this and cited as one of the overt acts against Barindra Kumar Ghose and others. After the trial of Alipore bomb case was finally over, six innocent coolies were set at liberty by the order of Government. It is now understood that Inspector-General of Police is holding a departmental enquiry into the conduct of three police sub-inspectors who got up evidence by which the conviction of six innocent coolies was secured.

## STEALING WATCHES FROM WHEELER'S STALL.

### Soldier Convicted.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
CALCUTTA, JUNE 6.

The Magistrate of Howrah to-day disposed of a case in which Private Roberts of the 2nd Battalion, Shropshire Light Infantry, stood charged with stealing two watches from Howrah stall of Wheeler and Co.

The accused pleaded guilty to the charge and was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

## ZEMINDAR'S HEAVY CLAIM.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
CALCUTTA, JUNE 6.

A big monetary suit is pending before the Sub Judge of Monghyr. In this suit the plaintiff is a local Zemindar, Babu Dalip Narain Singh, and the defendant is a Mr. Holloway, the amount claimed being over ten lakhs.

## AN OBJECTIONABLE PUNDIT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
CALCUTTA, JUNE 6.

Recently a Calcutta Pundit went to Pubna and held religious discourses in the house of a lady Zemindar, which attracted a number of people every evening. Suddenly the Pundit received the attention of the police. The Pundit was taken to police station and let off with warning not to continue his discourses there.

## SERIOUS CHARGES AGAINST OFFICIALS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
CALCUTTA, JUNE 6.

Serious allegations were made on Saturday, before the District Magistrate of Pubna by a Mahomedan inhabitant of Panchbaria against the Executive and Judicial Officers of that sub-division. The District Magistrate examined the complainant and called for an explanation from the Sub-Divisional Magistrate.

## MASONIC INSTALLATION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
SECUNDERABAD, JUNE 6.

The Hon Mr. Syed Hussain Bilgrami (late of the Indian Council) was, on Saturday evening, installed as Worshipful Master of Lodge Deccan 1444 E.C. at Goshamahal, Hyderabad, the retiring Master, Wor. Bro. A.A. Mix performed the ceremony.

The Lodge being in mourning for the late Emperor, no banquet was held. A resolution expressing sorrow at the demise of the late King was recorded during the evening.

## MYSTERIOUS DISAPPEARANCE OF A LADY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
CALCUTTA, JUNE 6.

Information reached the Calcutta police on Friday night last of the mysterious disappearance of a European lady from her home in town. Her name is given as Mrs. Banerjee, wife of Mr. N. Banerjee, Barrister. She is aged thirty and was clad in a dressing gown. She is reported to have been strange in her mind for sometime past.

## MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
SIMLA, JUNE 6.

Lieutenant-Colonel M. W. O'Keefe' R.A.M.C., has been appointed Inspector of Medical Service and proceeds Home to take up the appointment.

Lieutenant G. G. Jolly, I.M.S., is appointed Specialist, Quetta Division.

## MAHABLESHWAR NOTES.

### End of the Season.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
MAHABLESHWAR, JUNE 5.

A rising wind and a night of steady, and at times heavy rain, announced the end of the Mahableshwar season of 1910. Sounded, would perhaps be a better word, as the announcement was made upon tin roofs with a noise that was certainly not conducive to sleep. This morning a dense fog has replaced the rain and, from all sides come the jubilant notes of the birds. Already the bloom of the cobra-lily and the orchid appear in their thousands, the brown mosses are renewing their verdure and the good time of the jungle is beginning when that of the visitors is over. The centre of attraction is no longer the club, the golf links or even Government House: it is the office of the Motor-Car Company whose vehicles are worked to their utmost capacity to keep pace with the public demand. Six cars are in constant use, two are kept in reserve, and every day one car receives a thorough overhaul in the workshops. A chat with Mr. Frenchman, who by the way is a Parsee, will disclose the pressure of traffic with which the Company has to deal, and if any one desires enlightenment regarding the lasting power of tyres, driving chains or motor-gear, under continuous and heavy duty in a hill country, Mr. Brierley can furnish the most instructive details.

Messengers are speeding on the road to Wai for luggage-carts, and although the luggage of the Government is now conveyed by military carts, the demand is so urgent that fancy prices are demanded and obtained. Wai is equally celebrated for the piety of its inhabitants and for their business acumen. Their average charges for transport between Wathar Station and Mahableshwar are Rs. 5 on the up journey and Rs. 10 on the down trip, although the labour of the up journey is by far the greatest. Phaetons cost similarly Rs. 21 and Rs. 42 while the charge per person either way is Rs. 10 in a mail motor and Rs. 8 in any other. An improvement is now wanted in the carrying of luggage, and this could be most economically introduced by the use of four-wheeled well built bullock-cart with brakes attached and broad tyres. The two-wheeled cart is not only uneconomical in a hilly country but cruel to the animals, as it alternately throws the stress of work on their throats and necks. A better yoke is also needed to give the best results in traction. Such carts would be useful also in Poona, the headquarters of the Company.

The prospects of a railway to Mahableshwar are very remote. The cost of construction would be heavy and adequate traffic returns doubtful. To the non-official public the relative attractions of our three hill stations are determined more by facility of access than by other considerations, Mahableshwar is handicapped in this respect by three separate stages, with handling of luggage in every case, and a night on the road. Nothing seems at present more likely to facilitate travel to Mahableshwar than well designed carts in which the draught animals will be able to exert their full power with the least distress. It is gratifying to observe that the local police are keeping a strict eye on the condition of draught animals in this district.

The dry water-courses are already carrying streams of brown water; rain coats and tarpaulins are in great demand and the one wish of the remaining visitors is to escape to Wathar station in the interval between two showers.

## THE LATE KING.

### Proposed All India Memorial.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
SIMLA, JUNE 6.

Fresh suggestions and requests have been received advocating an All India Memorial to the late King Edward and these are now under consideration. It is expected that the All India Memorial will take form of an Imperial Statue to be erected at one of the most historical stations in India. A decision may be finally expected before long. On a question like this the King-Emperor's pleasure is essential. It is understood that no statue is likely to be accepted from an individual. The Imperial Statue will be independent of provincial memorials.

## MINGTANWALA MURDER CASE.

### Reward for Arrest of Absconding Accused.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
LAHORE, JUNE 6.

In the Mingtanwala murder case in which Mukand Lal, Sub-Inspector of Police, was hacked to death, the police have announced a reward of Rs. 300 to any person who would bring about the arrest of accused Sallu, one of the two accused charged with the alleged murderer who is still at large. A formal hearing of the case against the first accused came on Saturday last when a number of prosecution witnesses was examined. Colonel Cunningham, Civil Surgeon, who conducted the post mortem examination, could not attend and the post mortem report was read out. The case was adjourned to 14th June when the Civil Surgeon will be examined.

## CHARGE OF CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
RANGOON, JUNE 6.

Mr. J. F. Rothwell, Chief Engineer, "Upada" to-day filed a complaint against Robert Greening, lately Advocate, Chief Court, for the charge of criminal breach of trust to the extent of two thousand rupees given to Greening to purchase shares. Complainant said accused admitted misappropriation. The warrant was issued, the case being fixed for July 26th when crmplainant returns to Rangoon.

## THE GUSTADJI COOPER CASE

### Charge of Making a False Complaint.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
POONA, JUNE 6.

The Gustadji Cooper was called this afternoon for the cross-examination of Tadwalla who was one of the Panch witnesses. This witness was not present when his name was called and the Magistrate issued a warrant of arrest and he was brought down to the Court. Cross-examination was proceeded with, also re-examination, and the case was adjourned till this afternoon when arguments will be heard. No defence witnesses were called.

## ADMINISTRATION OF THE PRESS ACT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
CALCUTTA, JUNE 6.

The resolution of the Bombay Government regarding the administration of the Press Act, has naturally elicited comment from the Calcutta Press.

The *Englishman* says that with regard to the interpretation of the law about security, we have no doubt, this interpretation of the law will remove a legitimate grievance of the Press in India. That it was never the intention of the Government of India to demand security from all newspapers and printing presses, becomes apparent at a glance from the reading of the Act. Now that the intention of the law has been made more transparent, a subsidence of the controversy may reasonably be expected.

## MILITARY MATTERS.

(FROM OUR MILITARY CORRESPONDENT.)
LONDON, MAY 20.

The battle of Avon, in the manœuvres on Salisbury Plain on Wednesday, proved a long and fatiguing day, particularly for the Yeomanry, many of whom did not get to Windmill Hill camp before 9 p. m. Numbers of the 1st South Midland Brigade did not return till that hour, yet the 1st Brigade (Warwicks, Worcesters, and Gloucesters) were on the right of the battle line for the most part of the day, and were not called upon to furnish so many scouts and patrols, or make such wide flanking detours as the troops of the 2nd South Midland Brigade. These were the Yeomen of the Bucks, Berks, and Oxford regiments, who certainly were in the saddle yesterday for over twelve hours; not a few of them must have ridden between fifty and sixty miles during the course of the day. Yet they all—gunners and troopers—after an exceptionally protracted and hustling action, got back to their lines, tired, of course, but in good condition.

To-day being the day of the late King's funeral all unnecessary duties will be suspended in order that the troops may attend memorial services in their respective camps. The fortnight's period of training of the 2nd South Midland Brigade having been completed, it was decided to entrain the force for the return journey to their home to-day. There was another reason for immediate departure—a desire to comply with a generally expressed wish to let the troopers witness the funeral of their late well-beloved Sovereign. So this forenoon and afternoon, the yeomen, the gunners the medical staff, the transport, and other department of the brigade, with the Berkshire Battery and all the equipment, proceeded to Ludgershall and entrained in sixteen special trains, which carried them to their respective headquarters—Oxford, Buckingham, High Wycombe, Reading, Henley, Berkhampstead, etc.

GENERAL DOUGLA'S CRITICISM.

In the narrative of the operations, and the remarks made regarding Wednesday battle between the brigade of infantry, two field batteries, and the Scots Greys, called by the "White" force, and the two Territorial Mounted Brigades, the 1st and 2nd South Midland, and their two R.H.A. batteries, General Sir Charles Douglas observes: "The scheme was prepared with a view to exercising the Yeomanry in the functions they will be called upon to perform in war. It entailed rapidity of movement, action against the flank of a retiring enemy, and the seizure of a river crossing, with the object of diverting him from his true line of retreat." General Douglas then proceeds to point out the value of considering beforehand the object to be gained and how best to effect that purpose. He emphasises, in regard to the British service, the waste of strength and the futility of dividing forces sen to engage one half upon one wing and another at the opposite and remote end, from each other. This has been seen in South Africa in reference to important flanking movements to support a central attack, all three being wecked. He then comments, as follows, upon the three phases or situations of the battle:

"I was pleased to see that officers' patrols were made full use of, especially towards the south, to discover if any hostile reinforcements were arriving, and I am glad to learn that excellent information was sent in by these patrols. I did not consider that the point where it was intended to deliver the decisive blow was attacked with a sufficiently preponderating force. There appeared to be more strength than was necessary in some parts of the line, and consequently an avoidable weakness at the decisive point. During the first advance, I noticed that the commanding ground to the front and flanks was not made good by the squadron patrols, before the squadrons themselves approached it. During the final attack on Enford Penning a great deal of lateral movement amongst the squadrons and regiments was observed, which resulted in the offering of goods targets for the enemy's artillery. Such movements moreover, appeared to me to show indecision in the minds of officers as to the action to be adopted. When once an attack is launched every unit should have an objective, and should move straight towards it, taking advantage of the configuration of the ground so far as possible. I was pleased to observe that the dismounted action of the squadrons in the village of Figheldean and at crossing 'A' was very good. The arrangements made by the Horse Artillery Battery, which came into action near Dunch Hill plantation, were excellent as regards the drill and preliminary arrangements. The only fault was in the position selected for the battery, which was some way down the forward slope, and fully exposed to the enemy's guns. The Horse Artillery Battery, which came into action just south of Silk Hill, was also very well handled, and occupied a good position with its guns, although there is little doubt that the observation of fire would have been extremely difficult. The leading of spare horses appeared to be generally very good, four or five horses being successfully led about by one man. The results of to-day's operations show that both squadrons and regiments have benefited greatly by working in brigades and I hope that every endeavour will be made by regimental and squadron commanders to train men on Salisbury Plain at least once every two years. Speaking generally, I was quite satisfied with the handling of the brigade's regiments and squadrons. Officers and men of all ranks appeared to know what they were required to do, and seemed to apply their common sense to the solution of the various situations presented to them. I hope that commanding officers will convey to all ranks my appreciation of the efforts they have made to train themselves to become efficient mounted troops."

A YEOMEN'S BATTLE.

The two South-Midland Mounted Brigades encamped upon Windmill Hill were out again on Saturday going forward with their training. Brigadier-General the Hon. O. V. G. A. Lumley, who has the 1st Mounted Brigade set his command their ordinary drill; whilst Colonel St. John Gorse availed himself of its being an off day in other camps to carry his troops the 2nd mounted Brigade farther afield. He devised a scheme or, rather a series of tactical exercises, so that each arm and unit might not only be engaged, but have an opportunity of watching their comrades during the course of the operations. The first phase of the situation was that a small force of two regiments of horse (Berks and Oxford Yeomanry), supported by artillery were proceeding to the westward from Windmill Hill, where they had encamped. It should be noted that the immediate area at the disposal of the command is rather restricted. There was an enemy in their path represented by the Royal Bucks Hussars, who were holding a line from Clarendon Hill to Chalk Pit Hill a distance of about one mile. They were in a well chosen position, and had pushed forward troops to check the advance of the Berks and Oxfords, who were supposed to be encumbered with a convoy. A brisk action soon broke out as the advance parties came into contact. The Brigadier who had set the lesson ordered the Berks to attack Clarendon Hill, and the Oxfords against the lines by Chalk Pit Hill. But this is to anticipate, for the Oxfords had sent on officers, patrols, and scouts, and reported the passages of the Bourne clear beforehand. This crossing had been admirably supported by the fire of the Berks Royal Horse Artillery. There was some little delay at this point, owing to difficulties of signalling. A squadron of the Berks Yeomanry, under Major Wigan, was directed to sit upon the hill until the convoy had passed on beyond the range of any rifle fire coming from the east side of the Bourne. As the Oxfords bore in against the Bucks Hussars, supported by their artillery, the Berks on the right prolonged the line of fire and attack, which became very determined. But numbers told, and an enveloping action, supported by an excellent artillery fire, enabled the assailants to seize a good position upon the high ground. Thereupon the battery was advanced to a new and closer position, and the first phase of the action was ended. The second phase was a supposed attack upon Windmill Hill, from which Major Wigan withdrew his squadron in a smart manner, covered by artillery fire from shrapnel. Thereafter the whole body was marched to the southward to Park House, where the troops had a substantial lunch, whilst the horses were watered and fed. The meal was provided by the regimental transport and supplies department.

TERRITORIALS AT ALDERSHOT.

Although comparatively few Territorials have elected to spend their Whitsun holidays in training in Aldershot, the work they are engaged in is both practical and interesting. By far the greater number belong to the artillery, three brigades having reached Aldershot on Friday and Saturday, and another will arrive this morning. Out at Garrison Gorse, close beside Tweseldown Racecourse and the Ewshot Artillery Barracks, the 1st City of London Artillery Brigade are encamped under the command of Major T. H. Jones. They have some 350 of all ranks in the three batteries and ammunition column, and reached their camp on Friday. Captain D. G. Blois is the adjutant, and the batteries are commanded by Major W. Merritt, Lieutenant H. J. Jones, and Lieutenant B. C. Holden. Captain R. W. Vick being in command of the ammunition column. Saturday was spent in field exercise on the Long Valley, during which they were visited by Major-General H. M. Lawson, C. B., commanding Second Division, Major-General Robb, Brigadier-General W. R. Robertson, and other officers of the headquarters staff, who expressed their appreciation of the smartness with which the brigade moved and came into action. The 5th London Brigade, R. F. A., under the command of Colonel J. W. Reid, are encamped with the divisional artillery at Deepcut. Their training is of considerable importance, as they have been selected to take part in the next great autumn manœuvres, and are zealously fitting themselves to work with their Regular comrades. They will be absorbed into the artillery of the Second Division when it mobilises. Major A. Murray Smith commands the 12th Battery, Lieutenant A. G. Scammell, the 13th Battery, Major W. L. Lucas, the 14th, and Captain C. E. W. Fraser, the Ammunition Column. The 2nd London Brigade, R.F.A., are encamped at North Camp, under the command of Colonel W. Nicholl, V. D., his senior officers being Lieut.-Colonel H. B. Tasker, V. D. Major W. T. Oddam, and Major H. M. Clark. They, too, are putting in a busy time with riding, driving, and gun drills. The 8th London Brigade R. F. A., are due this morning. The 2nd City of London Regiment (Royal Fusiliers) are encamped for musketry at Ash Ranges, and a detachment of the 13th County of London Regiment are attached to the 2nd Royal Irish Regiment at Blackdown for the holidays.

KING'S COLONIALS.

The King's Colonial Regiment of Imperial Yeomanry arrived at Colchester on Friday, and went under canvas on the Abbey Field, close to the quarters of the 4th Hussars, who are supplying them with horses. The officers attending the Whitsun drills are Colonel H. Fortescue, commanding, Colonel Sandeman, Majors Hamilton and Howard, Captains Coote, Hamar, Greenwood, Corlette, and Perch, Captain and Quartermaster Kennedy, and Lieutenants Dick, Jones, Russell, and Gibson. The commanding officer, the second in command, and two senior captains are all ex-officers of the 17th Lancers. A son of the Premier of New Zealand is serving with the corps.

On Saturday morning the regiment went through troop and squadron drill at the cavalry exercise ground, and in the afternoon fired for the first time with the new rifle which has been just issued to them. Their practice was regarded by the musketry officer (Major Howard) as highly satisfactory under the circumstances. The King's Colonials are proud of the fact that they are an Imperial Service regiment, every member having last year signed for foreign service.

The Essex Royal Horse Artillery (Territorials) arrived on Saturday for Whitsun drills. Their commander, Major Hilder, has just returned from six months' Indian training.

## SWADESHI BANKING COMPANIES.

### Account Books Ordered into Court.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
LAHORE, JUNE 6.

In October 1909 a criminal suit was filed by Lala Madan Mohan, B.A., in the court of Sardar Wazir Singh, Magistrate, first class, Amritsar, against Parshotam Lal Rajpal and Narain Das, Managing Directors of the National Insurance and Banking Company, Limited, of Amritsar, for alleged preparation of false balance sheet and bogus figures. The Magistrate issued summons under section 202 of the Criminal Procedure Code on the leading bank officials to show cause why they would not be proceeded against on the complainant demanding the books and the ledgers of the Company being produced in Court. The Company refused and appealed to the Divisional Judge. The matter ultimately came to the Punjab Chief Court, which the Court rejected the appeal and ordered the books and the ledgers to be produced before the Magistrate at Amritsar. The required books were produced on 16th May and the complainants are busy examining the accounts.

A similar suit has been filed against Swadeshi Weaving Company, Limited, and Rajpal Company, Limited, both under the same management. National Insurance and Banking Company was started in 1907 at Amritsar. It is reported that there had been a repeated change among the Directors, several of whom had resigned their place on the Company. The date of the next hearing has not yet been fixed.

## SUITS FOR DAMAGES FROM PUBLIC OFFICERS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
CALCUTTA, JUNE 6.

At High the Court this afternoon three applications were made for the transfer of the cases brought against Mr. Weston, lately District Magistrate of Midnapore; Mr. Huq, lately Police Superintendent of Midnapore; and Inspector Lalmohun, claiming large sums of money as damages. The plaintiffs in these suits were accused in Midnapore bomb case who were discharged, the Crown withdrawing the case. The damage is claimed for unnecessary harassment, detention and house search. His Lordship issued the rules.

## SEDITION AND DACOITY.

### Bengali Suspect's Hard Fate.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
CALCUTTA, JUNE 6.

A hard case was narrated by a pleader before the District Magistarte of Howrah when an application was made for bail on behalf of Dasarthi Chatterjee, an accused in the Howrah political gang case. The accused who is respectably connected was arrested in 1908 and ever since is rotting in jail without conviction. He was arrested in connection with the Morheal dacoity case but was acquitted. On the day following his acquittal, he was arrested for bad livelihood and after a protracted trial he was acquitted, when he was again arrested in connection with the Howrah case which is being enquired into. Though not found guilty, the accused had not breathed free air since 1908. The application for bail was however rejected.

## SIMLA MILKMEN'S STRIKE ENDED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
SIMLA, JUNE 6.

The milkmen strike in Simla has ended to-day and the majority of vendors attended Municipal office and obtained their licences.

## LIGHTING SIMLA WITH ELECTRICITY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
SIMLA, JUNE 6.

The electric light installation on the Mall from the Club to the Library was tried last night, the motive power being supplied by the United Service Club. This is only an experiment to ascertain the cost of lighting the station with electricity. An electrical license has been granted to the Simla Municipality.

## NEWS LATER THAN THE MAIL.

The following London telegrams, which are later than the news arrived by the last English mail are taken from the Australian papers to hand yesterday:—

## THE LATE KING'S FUNERAL.

### Alarm at Paddington.

LONDON, MAY 22.

While the funeral procession was, at Paddington Railway Station pieces of glass crashed from the roof and fell among the Indian officers. Alarm was caused, and this was intensified by a second and louder smashing of glass. Some woman screamed, but the officials avoided a panic by pointing out that the accidents had been caused by men who had climbed on to the station roof in order to secure a better view of the procession.

Memorial services were held all over the world on Friday. The service at Berlin was attended by the Kaiserin and the Crown Prince. Services were held in Rome, Paris, Washington, New York (in six churches), St. Petersburg, Buenos Ayres, Vienna, San Francisco, Pekin, Khartoum, Constantinople, Brussels, Aden, Monte Video, Sierra Leone, Bermuda, Moscow, Tokio, Tangier, Jamaica, Corfu, Perim, and all the British dependencies. President Taft and the members of his Ministry attended the service at Washington, and the Czar and Czarina attended that at St. Petersburg.

Fifty men worked until daylight at Windsor on Friday unpacking the wreaths, and half a dozen vans plied ceaselessly between the Castle and the railway station conveying the floral tributes. Altogether 6,000 wreaths arrived and three marquees had to be erected to hold them. Practically every regiment in the army sent a wreath. Sir E. N. Shackleton's Antarctic expedition also sent one.

The United Grand Lodge of English Freemasons has drawn up an address conveying profound sympathy with King George and eulogising the late King Edward's work. The Lodge has also addressed messages of sympathy and condolence to Queen Alexandra, and the Duke of Connaught (Grand Master), and has asked the latter to lay the address to the King at the foot of the Throne.

Owing to the influx of continental visitors to England, all the trains to Calais and from Dover have been run in duplicate since last Monday.

During the progress of the funeral procession work was suspended for four hours in the mines at Johannesburg.

Mr. Hall Jones (High Commissioner for New Zealand) has recovered from the fainting seizure which affected him during the burial service in St. George's. After he fainted a Territorial ambulance conveyed him to the Military Knights' quarters, at Windsor, and he remained there during the afternoon. King George, Queen Mary, and Queen Alexandra made inquiries regarding Mr. Hall-Jones's condition.

### The Kaiser and European Relations.

The Paris "Matin" states that the Kaiser, conversing in London with M. Pichon (French Minister for Foreign Affairs), in a tone of evident sincerity, developed the theory that the great nations of Europe should, in the interests of humanity and civilisation, remain closely united and co-operate, thus forming a powerful peace confederation.

London, May 23.

The "North German Gazette," commenting upon the Kaiser's visit to London to attend the funeral of the late King, states:—"The demonstrations of sympathy accorded the Kaiser in England are acknowledged in Germany with lively satisfaction. It is hoped that the reciprocal friendliness shown on this sad occasion will strengthen the conviction that there are between the two countries no conceivable difficulties that are not surmountable by good will and mutual understanding."

The Paris "Temps" declares that both the Kaiser and M. Pichon in mutual conversation expressed confidence in the future of a material and moral peace based upon honourable compromises wherever possible.

### The Riots at Cork.

Mr. John Redmond, Leader of the Irish Nationalists, visited Cork to-day to attend a convention of the United Irish League, and was escorted to his hotel by 5,000 persons.

In the course of a speech Mr. Redmond paid a tribute to the late King. The solution of the constitutional crisis, he went on to say, could not be indefinitely postponed. When the Irish were granted Home Rule they would be as loyal as the South Africans. The Liberal Government and the Liberal Party had burned their boats on the issue of the extinction of the Lords' veto, so that no compromise was possible, and although there might be a temporary defeat the ultimate triumph of Democracy was certain.

A fierce fight with clubs took place subsequently between the Redmondite and the O'Brienite sections, and in the course of the disturbance Mr. D.D. Sheehan, M. P. (O'Brienite) was badly assaulted. Sticks, stones, and bottles were freely used, and as a result 100 persons had to be treated at the infirmaries.

### Politics at Home.

The "Times," commenting upon the constitutional issue in the United Kingdom, endorses a correspondent's recommendation that, following the example set at Philadelphia in 1787, when the United States Constitution was hammered into shape and again in South Africa last year when the Union Constitution was adopted, the political leaders in Great Britain should hold a conference with closed doors and adopt a working compromise which would gradually commend itself to the good sense of the nation. The "Times" remarks:—"Every right-minded person would prefer at any time a pacific solution of political questions far less important than a revolutionary change in the ancient Constitution, and how much more so would they prefer it now that the Crown has just passed from the most popular and trusted of all Sovereigns into the hands of a comparatively young and necessarily inexperienced successor. It is impossible to place a responsibility upon King George's shoulders which King Edward might have borne. There are grounds for hoping that sane counsels will prevail."

The "Daily News" (Liberal) declares:—"There is no need to think hastily. There is room on both sides for at least an exchange of views. The recent interruption in the march of events so sudden, so mournful, and so humanising in its appeal cannot count for nothing."

The "Daily Chronicle" (Liberal) emphasises the assertion that there are now a gentler spirit and a more conciliatory temper on both sides.

### The Cretan Trouble.

London, May 21.

Excitement prevails in Turkey owing to the Cretan Assembly, on the motion of its President, having decided to exclude the Mohammedan members from its sittings. The Turkish newspapers demand that since the Powers have not safeguarded Ottoman rights in Crete a Turkish naval squadron should present an ultimatum to the Cretan insurgents.

London, May 23.

Sir Edward Grey (British Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs) and M. Pichon (French Minister for Foreign Affairs) are agreed that the Cretan question ought to be definitely settled on a basis of guaranteeing the island a large measure of autonomy and compelling the Cretans to respect the legal situation as defined by Europe.

### Marseilles Strike Collapses.

The naval reservists at Marseilles have abandoned the strike commenced by them in the early part of last month.

### Speech by Viscount Gladstone.

London, May 22.

At a meeting at Capetown yesterday Viscount Gladstone, Governor-General of United South Africa, recommended the blending instead of the obliterating of characteristic racial aptitudes and capacities, thus giving the nation brilliancy and strength. For the noble consummation of the Union equal credit and honour were, he said, due to all parties

### The Cairo Assassination.

London, May 21.

A sensation has been created in Egypt through the announcement that the Mufti (the official expounder of the Mohammedan law) has addressed to the three judges who condemned Ibrahim Wardany to death for having assassinated the Egyptian Premier, Sir Ghaly Boutros Pasha, a declaration in which he refuses to sanction the death sentence on Wardany.

He gives the three following reasons for withholding his sanction:—(1) Wounds inflicted by revolver shots are outside the Mohammedan definition of murder: (2) the victim was a Christian; and (3) the relatives of the victim have not prosecuted the assassin. The Mufti's appeal to Mohammedan passions directly threatens the Copts.

Wardany's appeal against his conviction and sentence will come before the Court of Cessation at Cairo on the 5th of next month.

## Germany's Persian Policy.

The "Vossiche Zeithern," a Berlin daily journal in a bitter article, describes the policy pursued by Great Britain and Russia in regard to Persia as an attempt to hem Germany in commercially, and it asks: "If at the present moment at any point in the world two Powers believe themselves able to force us to bow to their dictation shall we recognise this condition of things as existing for all time."

## Johnson-Jeffries Fight.

The New York correspondent of the "Daily Telegraph" states that Johnson, who is to fight Jeffries on July 4 is considerably too fat. He is so confident of defeating his opponent that he is delaying hard work beyond running and sparring. Jeffries, by dint of much dieting and skipping, has reduced his weight, but his friends fear that it is impossible for him to regain his skill, speed, and strength.

## Venice Murder Trial Concluded.

The trial of Countess Marie Tarnowski, M. Prilukoff, Nicholas Naumoff, and Liza Perrier on a charge of having been concerned in the murder of Count Kamarowshi was concluded at Venice yesterday. Perrier was acquitted, but the three others were found guilty and were sentenced to terms of solitary confinement, Naumoff to three years, the Countess to eight years, and Prilukoff of ten years.

## Racehorses' Adventure.

Yesterday fifteen racehorses (including steeplechasers), in training at Kenley (in Surrey) escaped from a meadow in which they were grazing. A passing motor-car terrified them, and the maddened animals rushed at top speed through Purley, Croydon, and Streatham. One of them eventually collided with a tramcar and was killed.

## Intimidation in a College.

London, May 26.

A student at the Lyceum in Palermo, in Sicily, yesterday shot a professor because the latter had refused to give him full marks at the recent quarterly examination. The student then committed suicide. The professor is not likely to recover. The crime has been traced to a criminal association of students formed for the purpose of intimidating the professors.

## Finland's Future.

The Duma Committee has approved of the Russian Government's Bill to curtail the constitutional rights hitherto enjoyed by Finland. The Committee suggests that the Finnish Diet should be consulted with regard to legislation affecting Finland, but it urges that the Russian Senate must be supreme over Finnish laws. The Octobrist minority on the Committee in a report deprecates the clauses relating to the Press and to public meetings.

## Thunderstorms in England.

Great thunderstorms broke over the Midlands and the south-west of England yesterday. As a result of the storms for men and a child were killed in different localities.

## American Smuggling.

London, May 21.

At New York yesterday Frank Rollins, ex-Governor of New Hampshire, U.S.A., pleaded guilty to a charge of having smuggled jewellery and wearing apparel into the United States. He was fined 2,000 dollars (about £400).

## Motor Boat Racing.

London, May 22.

Five motor boats left Philadelphia yesterday, during a heavy storm to race to Havana (in Cuba). This is one of the longest and most daring courses attempted by motor boats of under 100 feet in length.

## The American Tariff.

In the House of Representatives at Washington yesterday Mr. Clark, leader of the minority, in the course of a speech described the Payne tariff as transparent humbug. His remarks are considered to be the keynote of the arguments the Democrats will use in the Congressional campaign in November. Mr. Foss (Democrat) advocated reciprocity with the Anglo-Saxon community, and particularly closer relations with Canada.

## Miners' Wages.

Lord MacDonnell, umpire to the Durham Conciliation Board, has awarded the Durham coal-miners an advance of 2 1-4 per cent in their wages.

## The Edward Medal.

Mr. Harry Bennetts has been awarded the Edward Medal for rescuing natives who were overcome by deadly fumes in a mine at Krugersdorp, in South Africa.

## Austro-Hungarian Dreadnoughts.

In the Austrian Reichsrath yesterday the Minister for Finance said his Government had no knowledge of the building of Austro-Hungarian Dreadnoughts. The outlay on those vessels concerned only the Austro-Hungarian Delegations for next year.

Press correspondent at Vienna explain that the suggestion is that the builders of the Dreadnoughts are working as a speculation, but the excuse is valueless as the Government furnished the builders with the plans.

## Cotton Gambling.

London, May 23.

Mr. James Patten, who, last year, made a large fortune through concerning the wheat market in America, has now cleared a profit of £309,000 on 50,000 bales of cotton for immediate shipment—one-half to Havre (in France) and the other half to Bremen.

London, May 22.

Many cotton mills in New Zealand are curtailing production by from 25 per cent. to 33 per cent. until the new crop is available.

## Oil Engines for Warships.

The Admiralty has ordered from a Leith firm an oil engine of 10,000 horsepower. If this engine proves to be successful when installed in one of the warships five others of the same pattern will be ordered.

## A Ghastly Tragedy.

A ghastly tragedy, in which five lives have been lost, has been reported from Sunderland (12 miles from Newcastle), William Jones, a labourer, out of employment, was last night found by a neighbour lying on his own doorstep with his throat cut. He was in a critical condition. On stepping over Jones's body into the house the neighbour was horrified to find the dead bodies of Jones's wife and four children (all under eight years of age) lying on the floor. The heads of the victims had been almost severed from the bodies.

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General W. J. Pratt Barlow, I.S.C., has died at the age of eighty-three. General Pratt Barlow entered the Bengal Army in 1845. He saw no active service, having been too late to take part in the Sutlej campaign; and in 1857 he volunteered for Lucknow, but his services could not be dispensed with. In 1846 he was posted to the 63rd Regt., Bengal Native Inf., and afterwards he commanded the 5th Regt., Bengal Native Inf. In after years the failure of his eyesight obliged him to leave India. He married in 1855 Adelaide Marion, daughter of Capt. John Fisher, of the Sirmoor Goorkha Regt., who was killed at Sobraon. She died in 1908. He leaves one son, Mr. G. Pratt Barlow, and a daughter, Mrs. Hinde.

## THE NAIR CONFERENCE.

## Hon. Sankaran Nair's Speech.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

TRIVANDRUM, June 6.

On Saturday afternoon, Keraliya Nair Samajam celebrated its fourth annual meeting. The Hon'ble C. Sankaran Nair, C.I.E., Madras High Court Judge, has specially come here for the purpose of presiding over it.

After a welcome speech was over, Mr. Sankaran Nair was installed President, when he delivered an stirring address. He explained why he accepted the honor. He said:—"We do not aim at gaining any advantage at the expense of any other community; we do not propose to ask for any special favour. We confine ourselves solely to self-improvement. Our progress will not only not come into conflict with the national welfare, but it is indispensable to it. We recognize it as our duty to offer and invite co-operation with other communities so that we may learn to love one another if our race is to take its share in building up the Indian nation. The Samajam must work up to Indian unity, not to our separation from others, even though such separation might in some respects benefit ourselves. We do not form a political association. We have nothing to do with the question of taxation, expenditure, Government or Government appointments. If it had anything to do with politics you would not have found me here. But though we have nothing to do with politics let me assure you, what indeed it is not necessary to tell you, that the essential perquisite to our progress is loyalty to the British connection. A long age of peace is indispensable to us. The slightest weakening of the British power means retrogression. Without peace in the land progress is impossible and notwithstanding drawbacks—and they are many—the British race throughout the world has stood for freedom and justice. What is passing around us is in itself a testimony to the tolerance of a strong Government which allows freedom of expression for educative purposes and gauging the strength of opinion behind it. It also shows a consciousness on either side the progress is possible from constitutional agitation in times of trouble and unrest. It is not possible to allow the same freedom or license of expression as in peaceful times. A strong British Government is thus necessary. We can do but little to help the Government in this direction but the consciousness that millions of people in India pray for their success and prosperity must surely act as a tonic to those who are carrying on that Government."

He then touched the broad question os education. Continuing he said:—"While on the subject of education let me also refer to another matter peculiar to ourselves. I refer to the physical training received by us of old. In ancient days almost every Nair youth had his training in some Kalarai or under some Panikar. We have no such training now, with the result that we have sadly deteriorated and our physical strength is not what it should be. In all varied departments of activity, law, trade, Government service, engineering, the physically strong man has a great advantage over his competitor and as I stated already we have not now the strength of muscle and nerve which our physical training gave our ancestors. There is no reason why in these two Native States, at any rate, a Kalari or a person who had received his training in one of our Kalaris, should not be attached to every school for the benefit of those boys who are willing to undergo the old training? I think our Samajam might well devote some attention to impress upon all our people the necessity of not abandoning altogether our ancient physical training and take steps, if possible, to provide facilities for it. The members of the Samajam might bring it in their own homes. Others will then follow our example soon and when there is a general demand for it the two Governments will not be slow in providing the necessary facilities in every school by a Kalari training. You are bound to acquire the qualities of obedience, patience, perseverance and endurance and if you take the usual vows on initiations into the secret of the Kalari, it can scarcely fail to exercise a healthy influence on you in your after-life."

He summarised the wants of the Nairs in the following few words:—(1) "To legalise all social marriages and attach only such incidents as are absolutely essential to it. This is the proposal of the Travancore Committee. Partition is not necessary to carry out this proposal. In fact it has nothing to do with it. If public opinion demands it, this may be done. (2) If public opinion does not insist upon our social marriages from being legalised, then the Legislature ought to enable those who wish to convert their social into legal marriages to do so and attach incidents to it as are required by those who wish to do so, provided that the marriage institution may be worked into the Marumakkatayam system. (3) If this institution of marriage ought not to be introduced into the Marumakkatayam law, then the law ought to enable those who wish to leave the Marumakkatayam system to do so and provide a marriage and inheritance law for them. (4) The law ought to enable the members of the family, the females in particular, to check mismanagement and to provide against it; to see that the income of the property is appropriated to the benefit of and only to the benefit of the members thereof and if this is not possible to allow partition."

He did not believe caste has ethical basis and observed it was occupational. Resolutions were then taken and passed. In bringing the proceedings to a close, the President delivered an excellent concluding address repeating the advice already given. The Conference closed yesterday.

## FRONTIER POST OFFICE ATTACKED BY ROBBERS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, June 6.

A Chaman telegram says that on Sunday at 3 a.m. three robbers attacked the Chaman Post Office on Frontier. A clerk of the Post Office seized one of the man, but two shots were fired at him; as he was unarmed the robbers easily got away.

## THE NEW TOBACCO TAXES.

## Kills the Jaffna Trade.

One of the results of the new tobacco taxation has been to put a stop completely to the trade in a certain variety of tobacco, used for chewing that hails from Jaffna in Ceylon, and of late years had found a ready sale in Southern India and more particularly in Travancore and Cochin. The tobacco is specially grown, and one of the peculiarities in its preparation for the market is that it is soaked in sea-water, this process apparently being held to impart a pleasing flavour to the palate. The Ceylon Government have, it seems, made certain representations on behalf of the Jaffna growers, but, thinks the "Pioneer," a case can hardly be said to have been made out for preferential treatment. The stoppage of the trade may possibly make some difference to the receipts of the Travancore State, which in the past has been wont to derive a certain amount of revenue out of it.

## CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.

Before a Bench of Honorary Magistrates consisting of Mr. D. M. Inglis and Mr. Pheroze C. Settna, P. C. No. 1092A charged Bhima Tukaram, driver of a labour cart, with torturing his bullocks with a nail-goad on the 4th instant in the Fort.

The policeman deposed to having seen the accused goading his bullock with a nail-goad which he had concealed in his hand.

The accused's defence was that the nail had been given to him by a farrier for fixing the tinplate and that he did not use it on the bullocks at all.

The accused was convicted and sentenced to eight days' rigorous imprisonment.

Make your own Cigarette
It is twice as good
AG
CIGARETTE PAPER
BEST and PUREST
LARGEST SALE IN Gt BRITAIN

## MASKED MAN IN A BANK.

## Melbourne Manager's Exciting Time.

## A LUCKY SHOT IN THE DARK.

A romantic story of an attempt to rob a bank in a Melbourne suburb is graphically told in the Melbourne "Age" of May 16th which came to hand yesterday. Its incidents are quite worthy of some of the best known bushranging novels.

A daring attempt to rob the Box Hill branch of the E. S. and A. Bank was made, says the "Age," in the early hours of yesterday morning by a masked and armed man. The burglar was foiled by the pluck and presence of mind of the manager, Mr. Robert Arthur Sutton, who exchanged shots with the intruder, and wounded him. This bank was "held up" in the early hours of Tuesday, 18th May, 1904, by a gang, who got safely away with £1,692 in notes and gold and none of the gang was ever traced. On the present occasion everything points to the probability that the burglar worked alone. The manner in which he entered the bank and the tools he used evidenced the work of a professional burglar, but his method of endeavouring to carry out the robbery displayed utter foolishness and a complete ignorance of the system of the bank. He was a reckless, daring fellow, however, and Mr. Sutton has cause to congratulate himself that he "got the drop on" the burglar first, otherwise he or his wife might have been shot. Mr. and Mrs. Sutton had retired on Saturday night at the usual hour, everything then being perfectly safe and quiet. The outside doors were locked, and all the windows were guarded by iron bars. The whole building since the raid six years ago had been overhauled, enlarged and strengthened. Then Mr. Sutton, who was manager, did not live upon the premises, but now he does, and the last thing he ever thought about was being molested by robbers. Having seen to the security of the premises, Mr. Sutton locked his office, in which the safe is, and placed the key on a shelf in the passage, where it was always kept.

At about 3-30 a.m. Mr Sutton was awakened by a light shining upon his face. He opened his eyes to find himself looking down the barrel of a revolver. Behind the light and the revolver he could discern the shadowy form of a man, clad in what looked like a light colored motor overall coat with a motor cap on his head. His face was completely concealed by a mask that came right down over it.

"What do you want?" asked the manager. "Who are you?"

"I want money," was the reply.

"I have no money," said the manager.

"Oh that won't do," said the burglar gruffly; "get up out of that. Come on; I want money.

The sound of the voices had awakened Mrs. Sutton, who, taking in the seriousness of the situation at a glance acted in a manner cool, prompt and resourceful. In order to avert the peril her husband was in and to give him a chance to defend himself, she determined to divert the attention of the burglar. "Don't you hurt my husband," she said at the same time slipping her hand over to an electric bell that depended by the head of the bed. "Dont touch him."

"All right, lady," answered the burglar; "don't you worry. I won't hurt you; it's money I want."

By this time Mrs. Sutton had secured the bell which was connected with the kitchen, and it could be heard ringing at the other end of the passage.

"I have given the alarm," said the lady; "they will be here in a minute."

SMART WORK WITH A REVOLVER.

This startled the burglar, who momentarily focussed the light upon Mrs. Sutton, and gave Mr Sutton time to get hold of his revolver, which he had been groping for under the pillow, and draw it down under the bedclothes. The intruder then, still keeping the bank manager covered, edged round the foot of the bed to the side where Mrs. Sutton lay. "Here, where is the secret bell?" he demanded. "Don't ring it again. Where is it—quick." Then, seeing the hanging bell, he moved it up on to the mantelpiece out of the way, and again addressed himself to the manager and ordered him to get up at once and give him money. Mr. Sutton was manceuvring for a chance to use his revolver, but could not, for the man kept him carefully covered with his own weapon. Seeing Mr. Sutton's hands moving under the bedclothes the burglar became suspicious. "What have you got there?" he demanded; "throw your hands up, quick?" With the muzzle of the fellow's revolver within a few inches of his head while the man himself was obscured in the gloom behind the lamp, Mr. Sutton could do nothing else. He was not able to take an accurate aim owing to the position he was in and the uncertainty of making a futile shot. He held his hinds above his head while lying back on the pillow.

"Now, get up," commanded the man. Mr. Sutton made an attempt to rise, and with the double object of assisting himself and securing his revolver, he brought his hands down. The action was a natural one, and it deceived the burglar, for Mr. Sutton, having laid hold of his revolver, whipped it from beneath the clothes, and, bending over his wife, he fired across her point blank at where he thought the burglar's body to be.

The report was followed by a shout as the burglar fell back hit. He rushed away from the bedside, ducking and twisting low down, evidently in terror of another shot. He gained the door, and, getting out, closed it after him. Then he turned and fired through the upper panel. The bullet struck the plaster wall at the foot of the bed. That was the last seen of the man, but the sound of his retreat was heard by Mr. and Mrs. Sutton as he noisily staggered through the house.

Mr. Sutton at once went to ring up the police. The telephone was in the office, or the strongroom. The door was open, but the key was in its usual place. Canterbury exchange answered quickly, but continuous ringing by the exchange for nearly 20 minutes failed to elicit any reply from the police station. This was subsequently accounted for by the fact that the police telephone is at one end of the police station, while Senior Constable Gove's sleeping quarters are at the other end, out of ear-shot. Most of the suburban police telephone service is in the same state of uselessness at night time. After toiling vainly to get the police Mr. J. R. Ellingworth, J.P., was called by telephone and acquainted with the facts. He and his son hastened to the police station and roused up the senior constable, who hurried down to the bank, accompanied by Mr. Ellingworth and his son.

THE BURGLAR'S ESCAPE.

The examination made showed that the burglar had got into the house by boring a piece out of the back door with a 2-inch auger. Five auger holes conjoined had cut out a piece large enough for the man to put his hand through, turn the key, and push back the "shot bolt," which was on the door as an extra precaution. He had then walked along the passage till he came to another door, which shut off the bank from the kitchen premises. This he could not force without alarming the inmates, so he got into the diningroom through a serving window opening off the pantry, and then going back to the passage opened the second passage door in order to give himself a clear get away.

When wounded by the manager's fire the fellow appeared to have lost his head, for after shooting back through the door he floundered into the strong-room, out of that down the passage and into the servant's room, where he rushed to the window, only to find it barred. He then rushed into the dining-room and out again, and finally got away through the door by which he had entered. Wherever the went he left a trail of blood behind him, always on the right hand side. Here and there he had touched objects leaving a red stain upon them. and making it appear that he had been hit somewhere about the right hand or arm. At the back door were found a brace, two bits, one 2-inch, the other 3-8 inch, and a pair of bicycle shoes. A blood stain at the back of the left shoe showed that the man, who had entered in stockinged feet, had made a hasty attempt to pull the shoes on. Probably the pain of his wounded limb prevented him doing this, or it might have been the fear of over delaying; in any case, the man abandoned his shoes, and throwing his bicycle lamp and mask in the yard, he got out into the street.

From this point the task of investigation was taken up by Detectives Kiely, Armstrong and Smythe, and Sergeant Heaney, of Surrey Hills, with Plain Clothes Constables Bourke and Coghlan. The detectives, who at 1 p. m. yesterday were further assisted by the black trackers Charlie and Harry, under Constable Falkiner, were able to determine that the burglar had left his bicycle lying against the picket fence of the bank in Station-street while he entered the premises. When he emerged the mark of a stockinged foot in the water channel and a spattered trail of blood showed that he had wheeled the machine in a "wobby" track across the street to the railway station yard around the cabman's shelter there, and along the yard to the tenth panel of the three-rail fence in Station-street. Here he had lifted the machine out over the fence into the street again, and mounting it rode off in a tortuous track back to the bank corner and along the short cross street to White Horse-road. Here and there along the trail were spots of blood, always on the right side of the tyre track. Right along White Horse-road as far as the White Horse Hotel the trackers kept on the trail, but there at the hotel, they became merged in the marks of traffic and were lost.

All that the man carried away was his injury and £4-10-0, which he took from Mr. Sutton's pockets before waking him up. It will be remembered the "Age" continues that on the occasion of the previous robbery at the bank the robbers tied Mr. Serpell, the accountant to the bed, and then blew open the safe with nitro-glycerine. There was a gang of about half a dozen in that escapade. The police will be glad of any tidings concerning a man about 5 feet 7 inches high, who wore no shoes, had a damaged hand or arm and rode or wheeled a bicycle. They think the early milkmen may have seen him. Possibly he may have to go to a doctor or chemists to receive attention.

## ASTONISHING STAR REVELATIONS.

## Stellar Light: 5,000,000 Years to Reach us.

The problem which astronomers have to solve in ascertaining the distance of the stars is one of the most stupendous difficulty, and not until now have any satisfactory results been attained to reward the careful observations of centuries. Of all the thousands of stars that have been studied astronomers know the distances of about 100, and even these are known only approximately, being the supposed distances within which they cannot be but beyond which they must be, though the exact limits cannot at present be determined owing to the immense intervals which separate them from our earth. The nearest star is so remote that its light requires four and one-third years to reach us, while the light of the pole star is 45 years in travelling to us from that distant orb, so that if the light of this star was suddenly extinguished to-day, nearly half a century would have to elapse before we should be aware of the fact and miss the familiar orb from its prominent position in the northern heavens.

The mathematical principles involved in determining the distance of a star (writes a science weekly) are essentially the same as those employed by a surveyor when he wishes to measure the width of a stream which he cannot cross, only with the astronomer the problem is rendered much more difficult from the fact that he is unable to procure a base line of sufficient length to meet his requirements, and even the diameter of the earth's orbit is not great enough to use in measuring the distances of the stars, with very few exceptions.

To learn the distances of the stars it is first necessary to determine what is known as a star's parallax, in other words, its angle of direction when viewed from two opposite points in the earth's orbit (i.e., its path round the sun), and this is what renders the problem so extremely difficult for nearly every star that has been examined for the purpose of learning its distance has failed to show any parallax whatever, and in the few instances where a parallax has been recognised the angle is found to be exceedingly small. No star in the heavens at present known to astronomers has a parallax equal to one second of arc but all thus far determined are below even this small angle. The "annual parallax" of a star is the angle under which the semi-diameter of the earth's orbit would appear as viewed from the star.

The value of a second (sixtieth part of a minute which is the sixtieth part of a degree, which is the 360th part of circumference of a circle) is so small that a spider's web placed in the field of view of a telescope completely hides the portion of the celestial sphere where the apparent movements of the stars are effected—a portion at most equal to not quite one second. The reader will therefore be able to realise the difficulty of problem which is presented to astronomers for solution. A parallax of one second means that the celestial object is 206,265 times farther away than we are from the sun, the sun's distance being one-half of the base line, or about 93,000,000 miles. If then a star's parallax be less than one second, the star must be farther away than 206,265 times 93,000,000 miles and this we find to be the case with every star in the heavens that has been studied in this way.

By the orbital motion of the earth around the sun our position with respect to the stars is changed proportionately less than would be that of a grain of dust placed in the middle of the dome of St. Paul's Cathedral, if it were made to whirl around in a circle having a diameter of 1-100ths of an inch. Investigations are now in progress which promise greatly to extend the list of stars having a measurable parallax, and it is possible that the distances of most of the naked-eye stars may be ascertained before many years have elapsed.

The star which gives the greatest parallax of any, and is believed to be the nearest to our earth, is Alpha Centauri, a bright, first-magnitude star, in the southern heavens. But even this star's parallax is only 75-100ths of a second, which corresponds to a distance of 275,000 times the sun's distance from our earth, or nearly 25,000,000,000,000 miles.

The angle or parallax of Alpha Centauri is equal only to the 400th part of a second space on the face of a watch, and this, it should be remembered, is the nearest star at present known to astronomers, excepting, of course, our own sun which is also a star among the thousands that adorn the firmament. The nearest stars exhibit the largest parallax but no case has yet been found in which this quantity is as great as a foot-rule seen at a distance of fifty miles and only for comparatively few stars is it certainly appreciable.

There are some stars so remote that their light, though travelling with a velocity of 186,000 miles per second, cannot reach us in less than 10,000 years. To traverse the milky way, of which our own solar system forms a part, light requires 25,000 years; and to reach us from some of the distant nebulæ, which appear like faint clouds and hardly visible through the largest telescopes, it must travel for nearly 5,000,000 years.

To ordinary vision all the stars appear at rest in our heavens nor can the astronomer himself recognise any signs of motion, except by patient and long-continued observation, extending, in some instances, over a period of many years, and even centuries, when succeeding astronomers complete the work which their predecessors had begun. But every star in the firmament is on its journey and moving through space with wonderful velocity. Absolute rest is unknown throughout the material universe.

If we look up to the sky on a calm bright night, when the stars shine in all their glory, we are usually impressed with the feeling that a solemn stillness reigns throughout those infinite regions of space. In reality those amazing star depths above us, which appear so steadfast and unchangeable from year to year, are astir with life, energy and activity, and there is a remarkable process of changes taking place all around us. It is believed by many astronomers that the sun, with its entire family of planets and comets, is moving with great velocity towards the constellation Lyra; and quite recently it has been announced that the immense nebulæ, or "star clouds," have also been found to be in motion.

## EAST DORSET PETITION.

Capt. Guest, son of Lord and Lady Wimborne and M.P. for East Dorset, was unseated on May 14. The judges hearing the petition, Mr. Justice Lawrance and Mr. Justice Pickford, declared the election void on the ground that the legal limit of election expenses had been exceeded. Lady Wimborne, who has been such a prominent figure in the case, was declared to have been guilty of illegal practices but was granted a certificate of indemnity. The other charges, which included intimidation and bribery, were declared not to have been sustained.

Application was made to the Election Judges sitting at Dorchester the other day for leave to withdraw the petition against the return of Mr. Ormsby-Gore (U.) for the Denbigh Boroughs. The application was allowed, with costs to the respondent.

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

For health, beauty and luxury, use the "ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP," which, Lady Constance Howard writes, "is pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Bathurst, Countess of Westmeath, Lady White, Viscountess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill and many others. Delicately perfumed. Warning:—When buying the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap see that the name and figure head of Albion are on the wrapper, sold by Chemists, Grocers, etc

# SPORTING NEWS.

## CRICKET.

### MOHAMEDAN C. C. vs. PAREL GYMKHANA C. C.

This match was played on Saturday last in Cross Maidan on Mohamedan C.C.'S ground. The Captain of the Gymkhana having won the toss put his side in. Edroos and Mahamood bowled effectively for the M. C. C. team, making the Gymkhana team retire for a total of 52 runs, of which the following men managed to reach double figures, Holtham and Alcock W. scoring 11 and 14 respectively.

The Mohamedans began their inning at 5 p. m. A. Shubaily and Muinuddin making a good stand at the wicket, pulled up the score from 85 to 152, when A. Shubaily fell an excellent catch off. M. Esmail and Edroos could make 21 and 15 respectively. The following are the scores:—

PAREL GYMKHANA C. C.

| | |
|---|---|
| S Alcock, b Edroos | 4 |
| S H Sharp, b Mahamood | 4 |
| P Holtham, l-b-w, b Edroos | 11 |
| A Jones, b Mahamood | 2 |
| H Fox, c Papa, b Mahamood | 3 |
| Furbisher H, b Edroos | 0 |
| W Alcock, b Edroos | 14 |
| E Major, c Muinuddin, b Mahamood | 2 |
| Huard, b Edroos | 7 |
| J Hansen, not out | 0 |
| Extras | 5 |
| Total | 52 |

MOHAMEDAN C. C.

| | |
|---|---|
| M Esmail, c Sharp, b Jones | 21 |
| I Mandirwala, b Fox | 10 |
| K Bundookwala, c Major, b Jones | 2 |
| Shaik Mahamood, b Jones | 8 |
| S Edroos, b Jones | 15 |
| S Papa, b Jones | 9 |
| A Shubaily, c Hotham, b Alcock | 40 |
| Muinuddin, run out | 31 |
| Vali Ahmed, c Jones, b Fox | 3 |
| Mahamood Mia, not out | 1 |
| M Nansy, did not bat | 0 |
| Extras | 12 |
| Total | 152 |

### P. & O. CO. vs. GAS CO.

A match was played on the Oval on Saturday, 4th instant, between the Bombay Gas Company's Social Club and P. and O. Cricket Club and resulted in a win for the former by 45 runs. Scores:—

BOMBAY GAS COMPANY'S SOCIAL CLUB.

| | |
|---|---|
| S Sadanand, c Pai, b Paes | 4 |
| C J Lobo, b Paes | 0 |
| R Edwards, c Silva, b Paes | 51 |
| R Chonker, b Pai | 0 |
| B N Kale, b Pai | 0 |
| J V Paisley (Capt), c Standage, b Pai | 2 |
| R Pitale, b Pai | 1 |
| C H Murray, b Standage | 1 |
| A Feegrade, not out | 7 |
| Ramrao Baojee, b Paes | 10 |
| R Keshrinath, b Paes | 16 |
| Extras | 13 |
| Total | 105 |

P. & O. COMPANY.

| | |
|---|---|
| V D Pai, st Chonker, b Pitale | 24 |
| R V Paes, b Pitale | 5 |
| H E Standage (Capt), run out | 10 |
| E Hodson, st Chonker, b Edwards | 2 |
| D Silva, b Edwards | 6 |
| J F Pinto, c Sadanand, b Edwards | 0 |
| Joshi, c Edwards, b Pitale | 0 |
| Kothare, c Ramrao, b Edwards | 2 |
| Raje, b Edwards | 1 |
| B Gorey, not out | 10 |
| J Fernandez, b Edwards | 0 |
| Extras | 0 |
| Total | 60 |

### IMPROVEMTNT TRUST vs. ARMY & NAVY STORES.

This match was played on the Marine Lines ground on Saturday and resulted in a win for the Improvement Trust by 105 runs. Scores:—

IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

| | |
|---|---|
| Prabhawalker | 74 |
| Murray | 9 |
| Byramji | 23 |
| Sorabji | 17 |
| Bharucha | 0 |
| Pathare | 0 |
| Shroff | 3 |
| Watson | 41 |
| Wadeker | 11 |
| Menashe | 0 |
| Fanse | 8 |
| Extras | 4 |
| Total | 190 |

ARMY & NAVY STORES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Longland | 7 |
| De Mello | 14 |
| Richard | 25 |
| Browne | 19 |
| Rebello | 2 |
| Pereira | 4 |
| Almeida | 0 |
| Dias | 3 |
| Balaram | 2 |
| DeMello | 5 |
| Lobo | 4 |
| Extras | 0 |
| Total | 85 |

### Y. M. C. A. vs. GRANT MEDICAL COLLEGE.

Played on the Oval on Saturday and ended in a win for the Medical Team. Playing for the medicals, Driver took 8 wickets for 23 runs. Score:

GRANT MEDICAL COLLEGE.

| | |
|---|---|
| Megrilia | 29 |
| Sleinoff | 21 |
| Dastor, not out | 45 |
| Kharus | 12 |
| Antia | 1 |
| Taleyarkhan | 0 |
| Tata, not out | 15 |
| Driver<br>Abroo<br>Cantunwalla<br>Dandawalla | Did not bat. |
| Extras | 21 |
| Total | 144 |

Y. M. C. A.

| | |
|---|---|
| Hildreth | 14 |
| George | 7 |
| Rogers | 1 |
| Humphreys | 4 |
| Aston | 5 |
| Pearcy | 6 |
| Gay | 5 |
| Fraser | 0 |
| Oliver | 0 |
| Paisley | 1 |
| Petersen | 2 |
| Total | 45 |

### BOMBAY YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION CRICKET CLUB.

June 4.—Grant Medical College Home ground.
June 11.—Commercial Gymkhana Away.
June 18.—Independent C. C. Home.
June 25.—New Hindu C. C. Away.
July 2.—Young Hindu C. C. Away.
July 9—Bombay Gas Coy. C. C. Away.
July 16.—Mahomedan C. C. Away.
July 23.—Gowd Saraswat C. C. Away.
July 30.—St. Xavier's College Away.
Aug. 6.—Away.
Aug. 13.—New Shivaji C. C. Home.
Aug. 20.—Bombay Police C. C. Away.
Aug. 27.—Bombay Gymkhana "B" Home.
September 3.—Gowd Saraswat C. C. Away.
September 7.—Y. M. C. A. Members, Married and Single Home ground.
September 10.—Elphinstone College Away.
Setempber 12.—Thos Cook and Son C. C. Away.
September 13.—B. E. S. and T. C. C. Home ground.
September 17.—Young Hindu C. C. Home ground.
September 24.—B. B. and C. I. Ry., "B" Away.
October 1.—Commercial Gymkhana Home ground.
October 8.—B. E. S. and T. C. C. Away.
October 13.—P. and O. S. N. C. C. Home ground.
October 15.—Bombay Police Home ground.
October 22.—Bombay Gas Coy. C. C. Home ground.

Valuable Discovery for the Hair.—If your hair is turning grey or white or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it "will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair" to its original colour without having the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemists for "The Mexican Hair Renewer," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere. Wholesale Depot 33, Farringdon Road, London England.

## SIMLA RACES.

## 2nd Day.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

SIMLA, June 6.

The second day of the races was held at Annandale this evening. There was a large gathering and good day's sport was witnessed. The following are the results:—

1st RACE CREIGH CUP—Distance 1 1-2 miles.
Capt Leek and Capt Furnell's ch a Sirdar... 1
(2nd RACE) THE DIYRA PLATE—Distance 5 furlongs.
Mr Tae's b aus m Primrose ... 1
Mr Lies b aus g Thelma ... 2
Major Holdein's br aus m Eventide ... 3
(3rd RACE) THE ARAB POLO SCURRY—Distance 2 1-2 furlongs.
Capt A de C Rennick's g a g New Moon ... 1
Mr Wienholt's b a g Bedouin ... 2
Mr E S Vicary's ch a g Parthiv ... 3
(4th RACE) GRIFFIN HANDCAP—Distance 4 1-2 furlongs.
Mr Thos F Connolly's ch cb g Blucher ... 1
Mr Sydny Smith's b c m Diadem ... 2
Mr Tae's b ch m Lyallpore ... 3
(5th RACE) NOVICE HANDICAP—Distance 4 1-2 furlongs.
Capt Mile's Nettle ... 1
Mr E S Vicary's g a g Napolian ... 0
(6th RACE) BARING PLATE—Distance 1400 yds.
Mr Tae's b aus m Primrose ... 1
Mr Earnest's ch aus G Ruislip ... 2
Major General Pilcher's b aus g Precede ... 3
(7th RACE) SCHWEIGER—Distance 1 mile.
Capt Leak and Furnell's ch a h Sirdar ... 1
Mr J Lie's b a h Veto ... 2

## CHESHIRES' BOXING TOURNAMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SECUNDERABAD, June 4.

In the Trimulgherry Entertainment last evening at the second night's boxing in the Cheshire Regiment's Tournament there was a six-round battle, between Callaghan of the Cheshires and a Driver of the Royal Field Artillery, named Friend. Everything went well until, in the fifth round, the latter sent his man to the boards, with the result that he was barely able to rise on one knee, when he was counted one. On the decision being announced it was received with hostile demonstrations against the Referee.

The following were the results:—

RESULTS.

1st Round Novices, 9st. 7lbs.

Pte. Bennet, 13th Hussars, beat Gunner Bodycote, R.F.A.; Pte. Keer, Sherwood Foresters, beat Lce.-Col. Reid, Sherwood Forsters, by a knock out; Pte. Booth, Sherwood Foresters, beat Pte. Slade, Sherwood Foresters; Pte. Brocklehurst, Cheshire Regt, beat Dr. Ford, R.F.A., by a knock out.

1st Round Novices, 10st. 7lbs.

Pte. Thorpe, Sherwood Foresters, beat Pte. Vidgeon, Cheshire Regt., by a knock out; Pte. Buckley, Cheshire Regiment, W.O., Pte. Rouse, R.F.A., retired; Pte. Singleton, Sherwood Foresters, beat Pte. Thompson, 13th Hussars; Pte. Taylor, Sherwood Foresters, beat Pte. Woodeer, Cheshire Regiment.

1st Round Bantams.

Pte. Feast, Sherwood Foresters, beat Pte Malam, Cheshire Regiment; Pte. Murray, 12th Hussars, beat Pte. Martin, 13th Hussars.

1st Round Feathers.

Pte. Munday, 13th Hussars, beat Bdn. Chamberlain, Cheshire Regiment.

2nd Round Feathers.

Pte. Long, Cheshire Regiment, beat Pte. Cannors, Cheshire Regiment, (Cannors retiring owing to injured wrist.)

Middle Weights.

S. S. Bassington, 13th Hussars, beat Driver Tidmas, R.F.A. (Tidmas failing to answer to the call of time in the 3rd round).

Sixth Round Contest.

Driver Friend, R.F.A., beat Pte. Callaghan, Chesheir Regiment, by a knock out in the fifth round.

## EARL ROBERTS AT ETON.

## Grave Dangers of Apathy in National Defence.

Earl Roberts gave an address in the school at Eton on May 19, on compulsory millitary training and rifle shooting. He dwelt on the changing conditions of naval strength in Europe, and urged that every effort should be made to secure a stronger Navy and more adequate forces for home defence.

Lord Roberts at the outset pointed out the extraordinary apathy which prevailed in this country on all matters concerned with national defence. This feeling, he said, was due largely to a blind trust in the Navy. Fifty, or even twenty, years ago that trust was justified, but nowadays the two-Power standard was no more, and our supremacy on the seas was in danger of challenge by a single nation. In the case of a European war our Navy would be unable to guarantee the security of our shores; its duty would be primarily to destroy the enemy's fleet; and, secondly, to keep open our trade routes. Two such duties demanded an immense preponderance in naval strength over any possible combination of foreign Powers, and since that preponderance was no longer ours, it would not be impossible for the enemy's transports to escape the vigilance of our Fleet and land a raiding force upon our shores.

At such a time it was more than probable that our standing army would be out of the country, and the defence of the country would devolve upon 100,000 ill-trained and ill-organised Territorials. The Franco-Prussian war, the South African war, and, in fact, every war fought in the last half century, had shown us the increasing value of training and discipline. Against the well-trained conscripts of a European Power our Volunteer forces, however brave and patriotic, would be almost useless. Such was the state of our home defence; but the country was given up to the petty quarrels of party, and refused to believe the evidence of many of her greatest and wisest men. Under the present system the Territorials were not given a fair chance; a few unselfish patriots were ready to give up a great deal for their sense of duty, but the majority were careless and apathetic. A fortnight's annual training would not make an efficient soldier, and consequently our Terroitoiarl Army was a failure. But the remedy was not far to seek; put the Territorial Army upon a compulsory basis, and England would have in a few years an army for home defence equal to any emergency. Such a system, aided by a universal system of rifle shooting, would place the country beyond all fear of a successful invasion, and our shores would continue to enjoy that immunity from the horrors of war which had so long been ours.

It was Eton's duty to show the way, and she was fulfilling that duty by the keenness with which she supported the Training Corps and the miniature rifle range. Discipline was the first thing necessary for the success of the scheme; if Eton showed that she felt her sense of duty and was ready to do her best for the cause of discipline, her efforts would not be in vain.

The Standard Recipe for Home-made Self-Raising Flour.
To every pound of ordinary flour add 2 oz. of
"PAISLEY FLOUR"
(Trade Mark)
—the *sure* raising powder—and mix dry.
You will then have a self-raising flour superior to anything you can buy—one in which the raising powder has lost none of its virtue by waiting, exposure to air or damp in shops, etc.

# THE LADIES' CORNER.

MOURNING FOR EVENING DRESSES.

There will, of course, writes a London correspondent, be no entertaining of importance during the weeks of the nation's mourning. Even in July, when black will be exchanged for the lighter tones usually associated with half-mourning, it is not at all likely that any one will care to give a large party in town. All social activities of the kind will be limited to small gatherings of friends informally assembled at a quiet dinner or evening party; and a careful abstinence from any entertaining on a large scale will certainly be observed until the autumn. Meanwhile the couturiers, who since the arrival of May have been busy with evening dresses which would have been notable for the artistic blending of colours and the clever use of black to subdue the brilliance of this hue or to heighten the effect of that, are now working at highest pressure to supply the sable draperies urgently demanded by clients for their ordinary everyday needs. Their designers are using all the originality they possess, so that the rich yet soft and often transparent materials at their disposal may be arranged in as many and diverse modes as possible. It is fortunate that in Paris the newest models have shown a marvellous variety of design. There success has not been by any means entirely dependent upon the harmonious arrangement of colour or on the shimmering of embroideries. They have not been of that type which the inexperienced dressmakers too cheerfully copy as they—

With gold and jewels cover ev'ry part.
And hide with ornaments their want of art.

On the contrary, I have noticed again and again that the latest "creations" displayed a wonderful sense of line and an equally wonderful skill in cutting; so that the dress would have achieved success, though suddenly bereft of its embroideries and transformed in a moment from colour into black. At the same time, there was a noticeable absence of the "hobbled skirt" which has recently threatened to destroy all womanly grace. Indeed, everything I saw in Paris pointed to a saner and at the same time to a more beautiful mode. Nor is that mode so restricted and defined that every "elegante" appeared to be dressed after the same model. There is an extraordinary variety in the expression of the main ideas, so that a gathering of well-dressed women affords endless interest to her who does not despise the study of dress.

USES OF THE TUNIC.

In such a gathering it is at once noticeable that in the tunic we have one of the leading ideas now inspiring the conturiers. But the idea is expressed in countless different ways. Sometimes, indeed, it is only simulated, the draperies of the skirt being cleverly caught together in such a manner as merely to suggest the tunic. This was exemplified in a lovely pink broche crepe de chine which was worn at the opera with that peculiar grace which stamps the well-born Parisienne. The design could be readily reproduced in black satin charmeuse to make an equally striking dress. The front draperies were just drawn to one side and their fastened with an empiecement of net worked with tiny dull wooden beads in a conventional design. Severity allied with grace of line characterized this dress. It found its contrast on that particular occasion in a more elaborate costume carried out in grey-blue satin an chiffon and lace, together with exquisite embroideries worked in subdued gold. Still pictured in my mind, it suggests a beautiful toilette for mourning, if carried out in black and having net subsituted for lace. The entire under-dress should be of satin flounced at the feet with frills of fine net. Over this fall a tunic which is also of net and has the front enriched with a double but narrow panel of dull jet artistically worked after a beautiful scroll design. Over this tunic again falls scroll design. Over this tunic again falls another of black mousseline which opens down the front to display the jet-embroidered tunic, and it in its turn, is edged with quite narrow but very rich raised embroideries sewn in filoselles. The chiffon tunic is carried a little above the waist to meet the draped corsage. The latter is cut in a very deep "V," back and front, and is further arranged with a "modestie." of net worked in dull jet. The sleeves are cut in one with the corsage, and then split up the back and the two edges caught together by hanging chains of dull jet beads.

FLOUNCES.

The flounces noticed in this dress are a feature of many of the latests models, and, were it not for the country's mourning, we should have seen them in white Venetian lace charmingly contrasted with tunics and draperies of black mousseline. They ar less effective, but still attractive, even thought the lace must make away for black net or tulle. I remember noticing a distinguished-looking woman wearing pink satin, the colour of the lining of a sea-shell, arranged with a deep flounce of point de Venise. The design was such that it could be readily translated into mourning and still be beautiful. The skirt should be elegantly draped with a long tunic of black crepe de chine left to fall straight to some inches below the knees. Here it is caught up in the middle of the front so that it may display a deep flounce of fine black tulle. The latter rests on an under-skirt of black silk, which in its turn is looped up in front to reveal a second flounce of the tulle. The crepe chine is slightly full into the waist at the back and falls from their almost to the hem of the short train. There is a particularly graceful corsage, the crepe being almost hidden beneath revers of embroidered tulle, which shaped to a point at the waist, are here crossed and tucked into the folded band of crepe de chene. The net is carried over the shoulders and there forms a sort of scarf which falls to the waist; and the square chemisette and kimono sleeves are also of net. The dead black of the whole costume recommends it for immediate wear, and renders it extremely becoming to a fair woman or to the brilliant type of brunette. There is no glittering decoration to detract from the extremely artistic effect, the only embroidery used being worked in tiny wooden beads. The flounces noted on the dresses just described are developed in certain instances until they form the old-fashioned double skirt worn and admired in the sixties. Even to modern eyes they are pretty when set off by the slim, graceful figure to which they are specially suited. I saw more than one successful example in Paris, and I particularly noted its charm when carried out in black mousseline over a slip of royal blue satin. Here it will be reproduced over an under-skirt of black silk, and each flounce edged with a narrow band of the silk instead of the velvet seen on the French model. The corsage made simply with wide falling revers and cape collar of the mousseline edged with silk, and the sleeves finished in the same way, would complete a dress of which the simplicity should commend itself to many of our younger women and girls. As a further study in flounces may be noted the revival of the narrow frills. These give a very quaint note to a toilette when carried up to the waist. I noticed this in a bride's dress recently made in fine white mousseline for a very quiet wedding. It was so successful that it at once suggested a design for a simple evening dress, while the same idea elaborated, is at this momement being expressed in more than one of the dresses now being made in a famous Paris atelier. In one of these the scarf or tunic is draped from just above the waist to meet the series of frills which in front reach barely to the knees. From here the tunic is drawn up a little at the sides, so as to show the frills which at the back are continued to the waist. Here the scarf or tunic is arranged as a gathered sash-end or "waterfall," which falls to the hem of the underskirt. Tiny frills also decorate the chemisette and the under-sleeves, so that the harmony between skirt and corsage is maintained.

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In his annual report on the Affairs of the Soudan, Sir Eldon Gorst says that five experimental rubber plantations are now under observation in the Soudan. It is reported that both Hevea and Ceara rubber seem likely to do well in the southern plantation on the Behr-el-Jebel, but it is doubtful whether the three northern plantations will prove a commercial success. The plantation of Ceara rubber at Wan in the Bahr-el Ghazal continues to make satisfactory progress.

LUXURY FOR THE SKIN.

"THE ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP," pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin, writes Lady Constance Howard. Countess of Westmeath says: "It gives much satisfaction." The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is a highly agreeable and beneficial Luxury for the Toilet Bath and Nursery and leaves the skin in a pure, refreshed and healthy condition. delicately perfumed, Chemists, Grocers, etc., sell it.

# BY THE WAY.

### A PATHETIC DEATH.

[illegible]is something peculiarly pathetic in the [illegible]ces of the death of that fine sportsman [illegible]fficer, Captain Claude de Crespigny, in [illegible]f life. He had faced death on the battle-[illegible] fearless courage, and yet has sought death by [illegible]wn hand. The sympathy of a host of friends will go out to that equally fine sportsman, his father, Sir Claude de Crespigny. His son had inherited his love of horse racing, and he was a familiar figure at military race meetings, where he often carried the cerise and cross belts to victory. It was during the South African war that Captain de Crespigny, who was the ideal figure of a Life Guardsman, gained his D. S. O. for an act of splendid gallantry. He was reconnoitring north of Colonel Porter's position when one of the troopers of the advance guard had his horse shot under him. De Crespigny, whose own horse had been twice wounded, borrowed a charger, and dashed to the rescue through a perfect hurricane of bullets. That horse was also shot, but now a trooper came to the rescue, and all three got safely out of range.

### THE 100TH FOOT.

Very few of the present generation are aware that the first public act which King Edward VII. as Prince of Wales, performed was the presentation of its first set of colours to the 100th Prince of Wales's Royal Canadian Regiment at Shorncliffe Camp, Kent, on January 10, 1859. The 100th Foot was raised in Canada in 1858. Thirty years later the colours were presented by the regiment to the Dominion of Canada, and now rest in the Library of Parliament at Ottawa, treasured memorial of that gallant band of loyal English and French Canadians who came forward to assist the mother country in the dark days of the Indian Mutiny.

### SOVEREIGNS AND TOBACCO.

A Paris contemporary professes to know the habits of the principal rulers in regard to nicotine. The Czar, we are told, smokes scarcely anything but cigarettes. The Kaiser was formerly a great smoker, both of cigars and the pipe, but under medical advice he has almost completely renounced smoking. The King of Greece "grille" quantities of little cigraettes, which he casts away half-consumed. The venerable Emperor of Austria, in spite of his fourscore years, enjoys his pipe. Victor Emmanuel III. rarely smokes, and when he does it is either a cigar or cigarette. The Servian Monarch prefers a pipe, a habit which he acquired when he was in the "Premier battalion de France" at St. Cyr. The King of Spain enjoys both cigars and cigarettes, while his neighbour, King Manuel of Portugal, always smokes the cigarette.

### CHARACTER FROM PIPES.

M de Watteville is a collector of pipes, and his study of the question has enabled him to judge peoples by their pipes. The pipe, he tells us, according to a Paris journal, is characteristic of the race, while the cigar and cigarette are cosmopolitan. The activity of a race is proportional to the length of the stem of their pipes. The shorter the pipes the more laborious the people, and inversely the longer the pipe the more slothful the people. The more economic the people the shorter the pipe stem, and inversely; the more prodigal the race—the more gluttonous it is—the bigger is the bowl of the pipe. His last deduction regarding smoking of pipes is perhaps the most unassailable. It is: "The main point in regard to pipes is not to break them." No one who enjoys the old English or Irish clay will dispute this.

### A WESTMINSTER MAUSOLEUM PROJECT.

It is not generally known, says "Truth," that during the reign of Charles II it was decided to build a befitting Royal Mausoleum adjoining Westminster Abbey, and in 1678 the House of Commons voted £70,000 towards the cost of the work. The designs for the proposed mausoleum were prepared by Sir Christopher Wren, and they are preserved at Oxford in the library of All Souls.' It had been intended to remove the coffin of Charles I. from Windsor to Wessminster, but the whole project fell through for some reason or other. Charles I, is buried immediately under the choir of St. George's Chapel, and his grave was opened about 1813 by order of the Prince Regent, when Sir Henry Halford examined the body of the beheaded King.

### EDWARDIAN UNIVERSITIES.

His late Majesty had himself some experience of the British Universities—Oxford, Cambridge, and Edinburgh each being for a time the scene of his studies; and in his maturer years he was deeply interested in the foundation during his Mother's reign of the University of Wales, of which he was the first Chancellor, and on his accession to the Throne became Protector. During the nine years of Edward's reign, it may also be noticed, the list of British universities was augmented by five; one more than the total number of new universities chartered in the sixty-three years that his predecessor sat on the Throne.

### TAME EAGLES.

A man living near Tromso, in Norway, is a great lover of wild birds, and has succeeded in taming three eagles. He took them on the mountain side while they were young, and, according to the "Field," kept them a couple of years in capitvity. As their craving for liberty, however, grew stronger and stronger he at last let them loose, but they have settled down in the neighbourhood of his home, and when he ascends the height which has become their favourite resort with fish or a newly-shot seagull, they quickly discover him from afar and come majestically sailing through the air, settling down beside him. Their meal over, they willingly allow him to pet and stroke them before they again make for the rocky islets, but they will not allow a stranger to approach them. When their friend goes out in his boat they bear him company for a time, circling around him until they think it time to go back.

### ROYAL FANS.

At the Japan-British Exhibition Fanmakers' Company are showing over 100 exhibits of exceptional interest. Among these is the fan which the company presented to, Queen Alexandra for use at her Coronation. This is of British make, and bears her. Majesty's cypher, two crossed "A's" surmounted by the Crown. Princess Louise, Princess Christian, and Princess Henry of Battenberg are also contributing to the collection. The Spectacle makers Company will show means of improving sight such as had been devised at various periods long before science had made those wonderful discoveries regarding the eye which have raised the making of spectacles and glasses for assisting the sight to its present high standard in Great Britain. The modern display, it is believed, will be unique.

### RETIREMENT OF GENERAL BADEN-POWELL.

The retirement of Lieutenant General Sir Robert S. S. Baden-Powell on half-pay is announced by the "London Gazette." Since his return to England from South Africa, where, after the war, he was appointed Inspector General of South African Constabulary, General Baden-Powell has held the posts of Inspector-General of Cavalry and General Commanding the Northumbrian Territorial Division. He is prominently identified with the Boy Scouts' movement, which he founded in 1908. General Baden-Powell is 53 years of age, and unmarried.

### SIR EDWARD WILLS'S FORTUNE.

The will of the late Sir Edward Payson Wills, of Bristol, director of the Imperial Tobacco Company, and cousin of Lord Winterstoke, has been proved. The gross value of the estate is given as £2,580,095. After deducting debts and real estate on which duty is not paid, the net estate is sworn at £2,531,207, upon which the duty amounts to £379,681. There are legacies to relatives and friends, but no public bequests, the testator having made a number of gifts during his lifetime. An earlier settlement in favour of the testator's children is confirmed and the trustees are directed to establish a title fund, the income devolving upon successor to the baronetcy.

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ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. inslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as bright as a button. It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for ysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by medicine dealers everywhere.

## MEN AND MATTERS.

LORD GLADSTONE'S RECEPTION.

Necessarily the reception of Lord Gladstone, in Capetown was quiet. The death of the King, has changed plans for the celebration of South African Union and has thrown a gloom over the Colony. Yet the reception, if free from signs of public rejoicing, was cordial, and such as gives happiest augury for the success of the new Governor. Lord Gladstone was welcomed by the Premiers of the four Colonies and by representatives of all the principal municipal and public bodies. He was received by the Press of South Africa in a manner to suggest that he will be a most popular Governor with all classes. His charm of manner may first appeal to South Africans, but they will find behind this the solid qualities of a man of business and of high affairs, well fitted to grapple with the initial difficulties of working a new Constitution.

THE LATE MRS. IWAN MULLER.

The late Mr. Iwan-Muller leaves a distinct gapin the ranks of English journalists. He brought to his work a mind singularly well-equipped in many directions. Public school and university life had thrown him into friendship with many men, who were destined to play conspicuous parts in English public life, and in particular with Mr. Balfour. The appreciation of the political gifts which Mr. Iwan-Muller had displayed at Oxford, where he trifled with the idea of a Tory democeracey, led to his passage to journalism as editor of the "Manchester Courier." He went subsquently to London for service first on the "Pall Mall Gazette," and afterwards on the "Daily Telegraph," for which his style of writing was particularly well suited. A deep student of European politics, he had, beyond this, the invaluable gift of insight and appreciation of the motives which move men. Probably, this latter faculty was of more value to him as a journalist than his scholarship, which was real, and penetrated in uncommon directions. Mr. Iwan-Muller has been one of the guides of Unionist policy, his influence not being less felt because he preferred to avoid publicity. In him Conservatism loses a force, while those who knew him as a genial giant with a personal charm all his own will regret the loss of a fascinating man and a true friend.

COST OF LIVING IN AMERICA.

Prices of living in the United States have gone up enormously of late. The British Consul at Baltimore in a report recent says that the cost of living has increased 60 per cent. in twenty years, and "cannot be any doubt whatever that the rise in prices has affected those who are paid salaries, in which there has been no appreciable increase in the past fifteen years." "The man," he goes on, "who received, say, a salary of £250 a year in 1896 ought to be paid at the present time £394 to enable him to live as well as he did then." Mr. Consul Fraser makes it quite clear that in his opinion the cost of living is high because the great providing Corporations are grabbing at monstrous profits.

AN IMPERIAL LAW LIBRARY.

Lord Rosebery once described the Judicial Committee as "a golden link of Empire," and everybody the "Law Journal" states, will welcome the decision of the Government to establish in the Privy Council offices a law library accessible to counsel and solicit rs engaged in Privy Council appeals and to such members of the general public as desire to consult the legislative and judicial records of the Colonies. It is announced that representations made by the Canadian authorities have induced the Government to decide to establish the library, and that it will contain "the necessary records relating to the whole of the Dominions, India, and the Crown Colonies." This announcement, our contemporary assumes, is not to be taken as an indication that the other self-governing Colonies will not be represented in the library.

MR. ROOSEVELT AS A SPORTSMAN.

Many stories have reached this country of Mr. Roosevelt's exploits in the hunting of big game. But it must be understood that Mr. Roosevelt is a sportsman whose instinct is different from that of the man who simply wants to "go out and kill something." In his characteristic "Foreword" to Mr. Baillie-Grohman's recent edition of the old hunting classic, "The Master of Game" (Chatto and Windus), Mr. Roosevelt says: It is a good thing for a man to be forced to show self-reliance, resourcefulness in emergency, willingness to endure fatigue and hunger, and at need to face risk. Hunting is praise worthy very much, as it tends to develop these qualities. . . . Such sport is as far removed as possible from that in which the main object is to make huge bags at small cost of effort, and with the maximum of ease, no good quality save marksmanship being required. Laying stress upon the mere quantity of game killed, and the publication of the record of slaughter, are, in Mr. Roosevelt's opinion, "sure signs of unhealthy decadence in sportsmanship."

THE FLAX KING.

After the Oil King, the Wheat King, the Sugar King, and the other well-known monarchs of the New World, comes the Flax King. His name is J. R. Smith, and his kingdom comprises a vast stretch of plains in North Dakota. A curious feature of his dominion is that there is not a horse on the estate, except a saddle-horse which Mr. Smith himself uses for riding. All the operations in connexion with the growing of the flax, from ploughing to harvesting, are carried on by gasolene engines.

KING EDWARD'S COFFIN.

Why is it that it seems almost impossible to get an inscription correctly worded? We remember how the inscription on the Duke of Cambridge's statue had to be done all over again in order to get it accurate, and the "Daily Telegraph" draws attention to a blunder in the Latin inscription on the coffin of King Edward, the last words of which are "Regnique Sui IX. As a fact King Edward came to the throne on January 22, 1901, so that he died in the tenth, not the ninth, year of his reign.

DECLARATION AGAINST TRANSUBSTANTIATION.

There appears to be a considerable amount of misapprehension as to the origin of the Declaration against Transubstatiation, the denunciatory clauses of which are the subject of so much discussion. Quite apart from the popular but erroneous belief that the Declaration is an integral part of the Coronation Oath, we have been told that the Declaration dates from the reign of Charles II,; that it was designed to keep James II from the Throne; and that he proved its futility by subscribing to it, though a Catholic. Now it is true that the wording of the Declaration does date from 1678; but it was then adopted, not to prevent the Duke of York from succeeding to the Crown, but simply to exclude Catholics from Parliament, and James, by a special clause, was exempted from its operation and allowed to retain his seat in the House of Lords. It was not until the Revolution of 1688 that the Bill of Rights declared it illegal for a Catholic to sit on the Throne of England, and imposed the test of 1678 upon the Monarch at the first convenient occasion after his accession. It is a curious fact that, although marriage to a Roman Catholic involves vacation of the Throne, there is no similar test for the Queen-Consort.

THE WRONG MERIDIAN.

The equal division of Lake Albert Edward between the Congo and Uganda, which it is reported, has been decided on by the Brussels Conference on the Congo frontier, is merely a reversion to the original frontier, which was defined in 1894 as following the thirtieth meridian east of Greenwich through the centre of the lake. An accurate survey, however, recently placed that meridian considerably east of its supposed position, with the result that the whole of the lake is west of it, and in Congo territory. A very curious error regarding meridians in frontier delineation happened some years ago. A territorial arrangement between Great Britain and France was about to be signed at the Foreign Office when the then President of the Royal Geographical Society pointed out that the map used by the French Government had its meridians of longitude reckoned from that of Paris as zero, while the British Foreign Office had made its calculations from Greenwich. The agreement was not signed.

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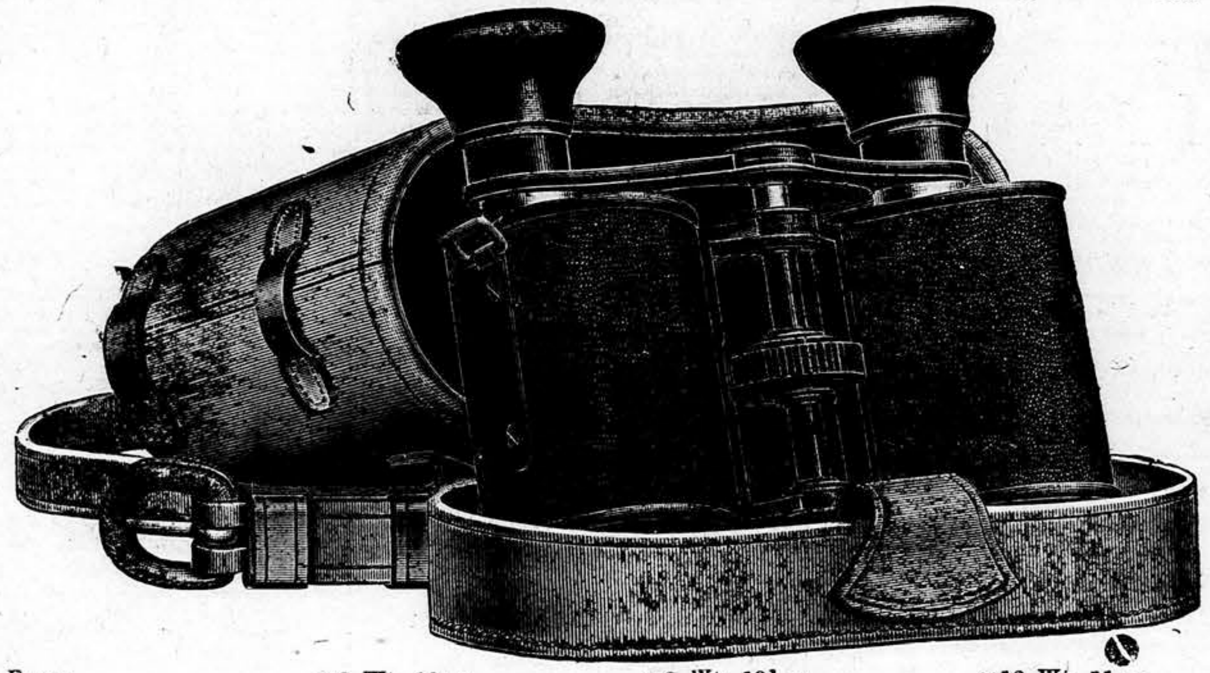
THE Montreal Chamber of Commerce, the most influential French Canadian trade body in Canada, has adopted a resolution asking the Government not to consider the movement of the United States towards a system of reciprocity in the tariffs of the United States and Canada on the ground that it would endanger the future of British preference, and give to the United States privileges resulting in a disastrous competition with Canadian manufactures and agriculture.



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GOERZ
PAGOR

A TELESCOPE IN OPERA GLASS SIZE. ARMY AND SPORTING MODELS.

The Goerz "Pagor" Binocular has all the properties expected in the finest type of prismatic field glass, though smallar in size than the present Trieder Binoculars, or indeed, any other Prism glass. The "Pagors" are hand telescopes which are no larger than the ordinary opera glass. Small, handy, and convenient in form, the "Pagor" may be easily carried in a pocket or in a lady's wrist bag without its weight or its size proving inconvenient. Small as the glass is, it is optically perfect. Its definition is particularly sharp and clear, and is equal from edge to edge of the picture. It has a large field of view nine times greater than that of the ordinary type of field glass while the power is the greatest that has yet been obtained in the glasses of the same size.

The Goerz "Pagor" Binoculars are focussed in the same manner as the ordinary opera glass by the rotation of a small wheel, a method much more accurate and convenient than the troublesome system of separately adjusting each eye-piece.

Power ... ... ... ×6 Wt. 10 oz. ×8 Wt. 10½ oz. ×10 Wt. 11 oz.
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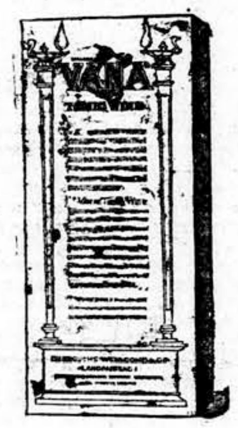

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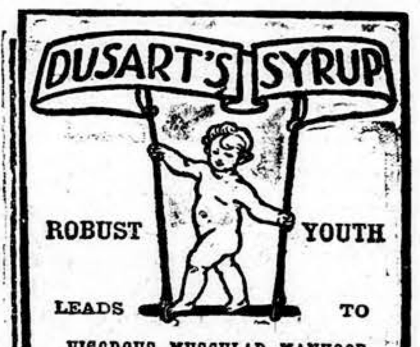

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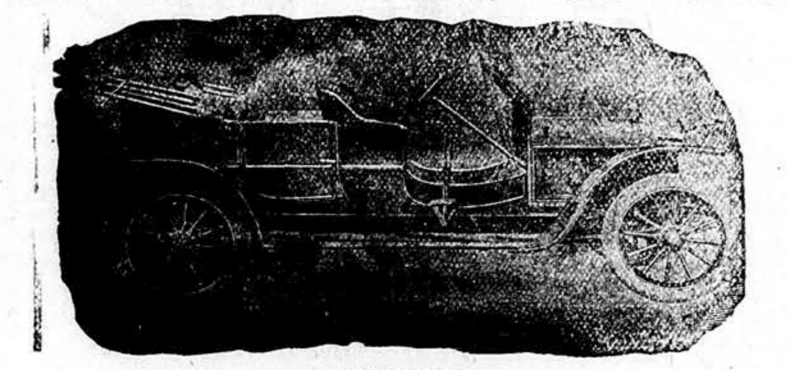

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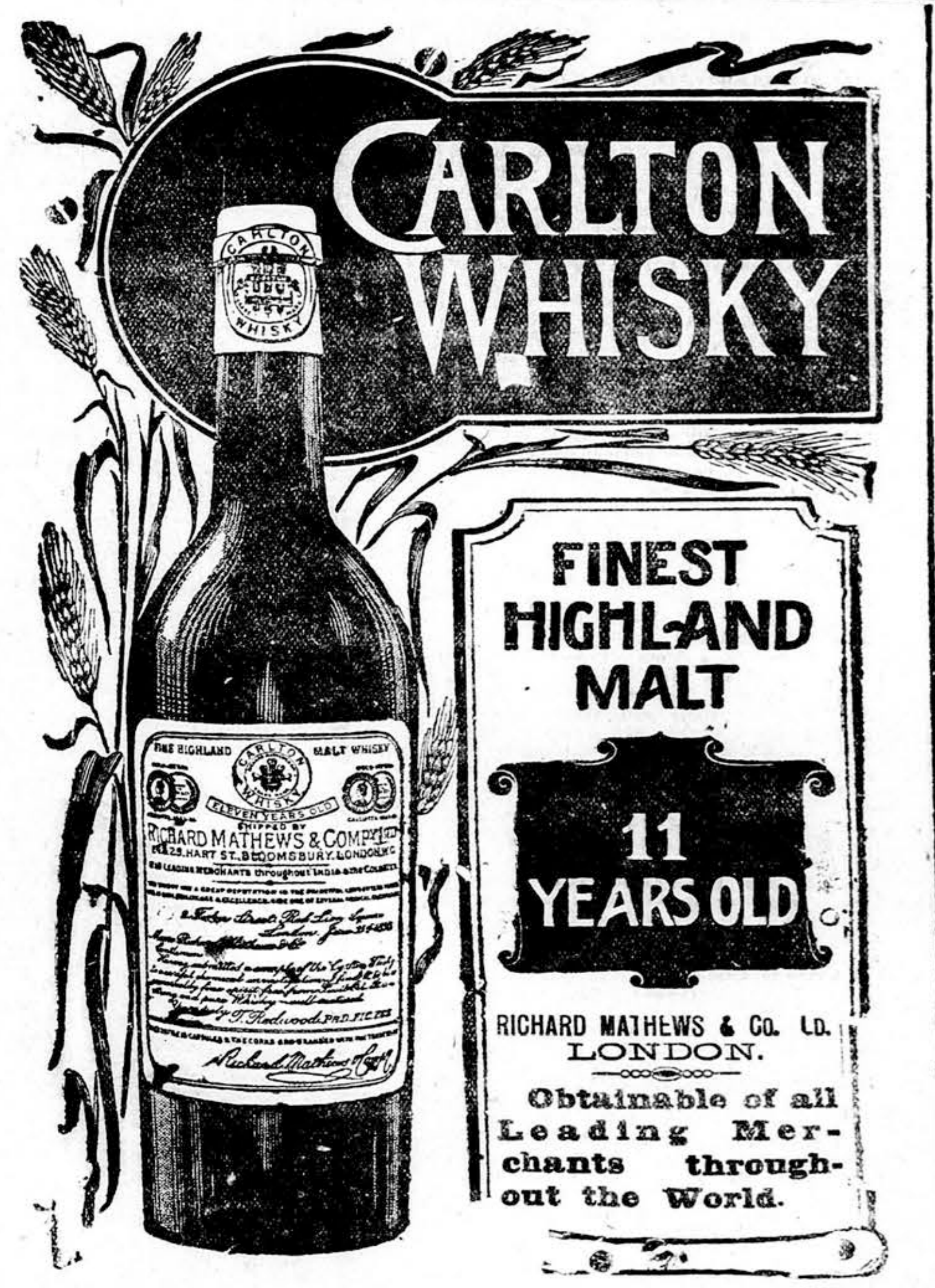
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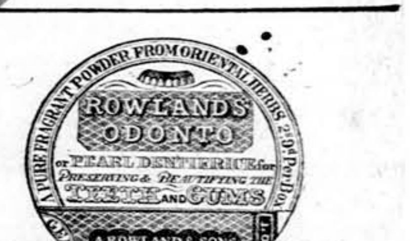

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